

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 41.993, 7.280)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(61, 41.993, 7.280) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(61, 41.712, 7.871)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9758B
RGB	217, 117, 139
RGB Percent	85%, 46%, 55%
CMY	0.1499, 0.5420, 0.4557
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.36, 0.15
HSL	347°, 57%, 65%
HSV	347°, 46%, 85%
XYZ	39.5283, 29.2481, 27.9099
YIQ	149.4080, 52.5380, 28.0420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

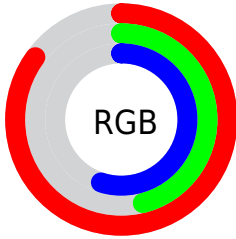
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	217, 117, 139
Decimal	14251403
CIE Lab	61.00, 41.32, 5.71
CIE LCh	61, 41.712, 7.871
Yxy	29.2481, 0.4088, 0.3025
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292441483 (0xFFD9758B)
YUV	149.4080, -5.1311, 59.2782
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, 35.8231, 7.2593

# Details

The CIELCh color **61, 41.712, 7.871** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **80, 34.611, 177.088**, and the grayscale version is **62, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79, 33.646, 3.366**, and **41, 41.736, 7.897** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 50.964, 10.160**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 32.256, 6.044**.

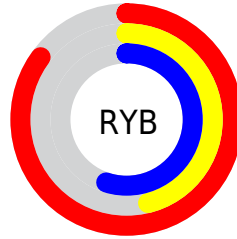
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (46%)

Blue (55%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (55%)

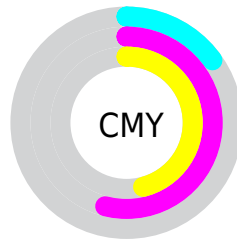


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 41.712, 7.871 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 41.712, 7.871 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 61, 41.712, 7.871       61, 41.712, 7.871

 100, 41.712, 7.871       51, 41.712, 7.871

 81, 41.712, 7.871       41, 41.712, 7.871

 91, 41.712, 7.871       31, 41.712, 7.871

 21, 41.712, 7.871

 11, 41.712, 7.871

 1, 41.712, 7.871

 0, 41.712, 7.871

 61, 41.712, 7.871       61, 41.712, 7.871

 56, 50.964, 10.160       66, 32.256, 6.044

■ 52, 59.650, 13.053

■ 71, 22.894, 4.551

■ 49, 67.402, 16.710

■ 77, 13.811, 3.303

■ 47, 74.001, 21.232

■ 83, 5.114, 2.195

■ 46, 79.512, 26.513

■ 89, 3.153, 181.574

■ 46, 81.578, 28.550

■ 95, 10.984,  
180.671

■ 97, 12.846,  
198.648

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 41.712, 7.871



80, 34.611, 177.088

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 41.712, 7.871



61, 41.712, 57.871



61, 41.712, 187.871



61, 41.712, 237.871

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 41.709, 7.873



91, 13.620, 3.077



61, 60.761, 319.759



47, 9.453, 3.325



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 41.709, 7.873



66, 56.986, 10.004



66, 35.598, 45.886



43, 4.830, 2.561



36, 68.548, 27.625



5, 23.761, 10.758





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 41.709, 7.873



66, 56.986, 10.004



73, 25.897, 232.277



43, 4.830, 2.561



36, 68.548, 27.625



5, 23.761, 10.758



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 41.712, 7.871 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 41.712, 7.871 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

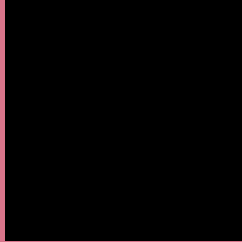
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 61, 41.712, 7.871

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 41.712, 7.871.

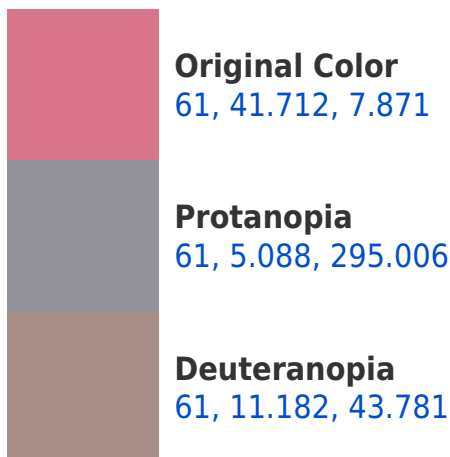


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 41.712, 7.871.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
61, 40.550, 18.062



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
61, 41.712, 7.871

**Protanomaly**  
61, 16.511, 352.832

**Deuteranomaly**  
61, 21.358, 17.217

**Tritanomaly**  
61, 40.789, 14.358

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
61, 41.712, 7.871

**Achromatopsia**  
62, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
61, 15.394, 4.167

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 41.712, 7.871 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 117, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 117, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 117, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 117, 139) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 41.712, 7.871 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 117, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 117, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 117, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 117, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 117, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 117,  
139) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 41.712, 7.871 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 117, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
117, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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