

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 42.937, 169.967)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 42.937, 169.967)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 42.939, 170.111)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	21A685
RGB	33, 166, 133
RGB Percent	13%, 65%, 52%
CMY	0.8712, 0.3494, 0.4788
CMYK	0.80, 0.00, 0.20, 0.35
HSL	165°, 67%, 39%
HSV	165°, 80%, 65%
XYZ	18.4673, 29.2481, 26.8287
YIQ	122.4710, -68.6750, -38.4590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

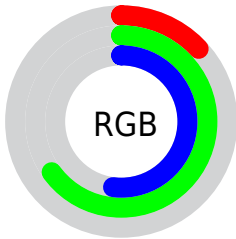
Format	Color
RYB	33, 109, 166
Decimal	2205317
CIELab	61.00, -42.30, 7.37
CIELCh	61, 42.939, 170.111
Yxy	29.2481, 0.2477, 0.3924
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280395397 (0xFF21A685)
YUV	122.4710, 5.1908, -78.4661
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -33.6900, 8.4446

Details

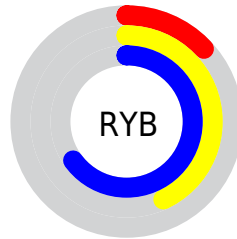
The CIELCh color **61, 42.939, 170.111** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **37, 56.322, 15.531**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 42.960, 169.967**, and **42, 36.162, 166.472** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 45.647, 168.311**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 39.531, 171.729**.

Distribution



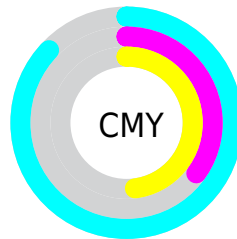
- Red (13%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (35%)





- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (48%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 42.939, 170.111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 42.939, 170.111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61, 42.939,
170.111


 61, 42.939,
170.111


 100, 42.939,
170.111


 51, 42.939,
170.111


 81, 42.939,
170.111

 41, 42.939,
170.111

 91, 42.939,
170.111

 31, 42.939,
170.111

 21, 42.939,
170.111

 11, 42.939,
170.111

 1, 42.939, 170.111

 0, 42.939, 170.111

■ 61, 42.939,
170.111

■ 61, 42.939,
170.111

■ 61, 45.647,
168.311

■ 61, 39.531,
171.729

■ 61, 47.799,
166.439

■ 62, 35.416,
173.185

■ 63, 30.639,
174.500

■ 63, 25.283,
175.698

■ 64, 19.447,
176.800

■ 65, 13.243,
177.828

■ 67, 6.773, 178.811

■ 68, 0.135, 182.832

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 42.939, 170.111



37, 56.322, 15.531

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 42.939, 170.111



61, 42.939, 220.111



61, 42.939, 350.111



61, 42.939, 40.111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 42.939, 170.110



83, 19.417, 177.400



60, 75.944, 133.386



44, 13.362, 177.045



94, 0.011, 296.813



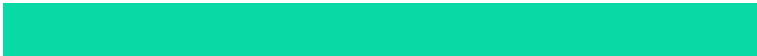
46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 42.939, 170.110



77, 57.690, 166.828



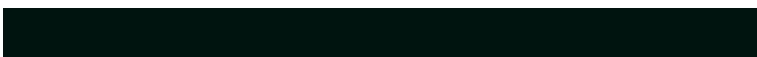
52, 30.194, 237.911



35, 3.803, 178.902



54, 43.803, 166.649



5, 7.273, 174.794

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 56.322, 15.531



46, 78.194, 24.152



41, 55.974, 45.301



33, 3.923, 0.468



30, 59.628, 24.545



1, 6.908, 2.229

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 42.939, 170.111 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 42.939, 170.111 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 42.939, 170.111

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 42.939, 170.111.

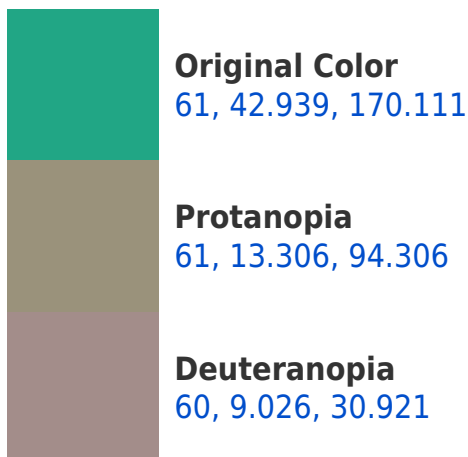


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 42.939, 170.111.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
61, 29.219, 211.769

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 42.939, 170.111



Protanomaly
60, 22.195, 156.083



Deuteranomaly
59, 15.238, 166.643



Tritanomaly
61, 32.430, 192.593

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 42.939, 170.111



Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
54, 19.123, 176.213

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 42.939, 170.111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(33, 166, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(33, 166, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 166, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(33, 166, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 42.939, 170.111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(33, 166, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(33, 166, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(33, 166, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(33, 166, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 166, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 166,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 42.939, 170.111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(33, 166, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(33, 166,  
133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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