

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 46.023, 97.556)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 46.023, 97.556) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 46.023, 97.556)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1943F
RGB	161, 148, 63
RGB Percent	63%, 58%, 25%
CMY	0.3674, 0.4184, 0.7518
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.61, 0.37
HSL	52°, 44%, 44%
HSV	52°, 61%, 63%
XYZ	26.3063, 29.2481, 9.0043
YIQ	142.1970, 35.0330, -23.6790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

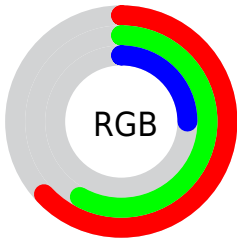
Format	Color
R_{YB}	78, 161, 63
Decimal	10589247
CIE Lab	61.00, -6.05, 45.62
CIE LCh	61, 46.023, 97.556
Yxy	29.2481, 0.4075, 0.4530
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288779327 (0xFFA1943F)
YUV	142.1970, -39.0441, 16.4902
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -7.8167, 27.9856

Details

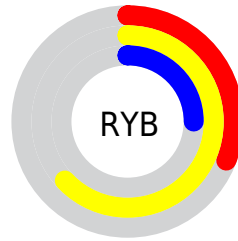
The CIELCh color **61, 46.023, 97.556** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **36, 52.532, 294.444**, and the grayscale version is **59, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 46.085, 97.624**, and **41, 46.206, 97.543** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 52.316, 96.501**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62, 39.009, 98.644**.

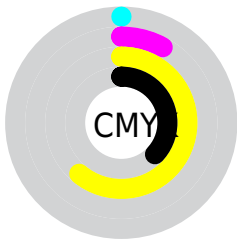
Distribution



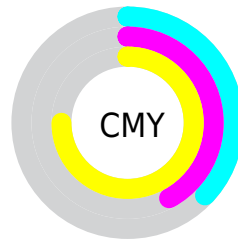
- Red (63%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 46.023, 97.556 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 46.023, 97.556 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61, 46.023, 97.556

■ 61, 46.023, 97.556

■ 100, 46.023,
97.556

■ 51, 46.023, 97.556

■ 81, 46.023, 97.556

■ 41, 46.023, 97.556

■ 91, 46.023, 97.556

■ 31, 46.023, 97.556

■ 21, 46.023, 97.556

■ 11, 46.023, 97.556

■ 1, 46.023, 97.556

■ 0, 46.023, 97.556

■ 61, 46.023, 97.556

■ 61, 46.023, 97.556

■ 60, 52.316, 96.501

■ 62, 39.009, 98.644

60, 57.458, 95.477

63, 31.577, 99.746

59, 60.961, 94.480

63, 23.920,
100.850

58, 62.895, 93.572

64, 16.160,
101.945

65, 8.368, 103.018

66, 0.587, 103.904

67, 7.159, 285.114

68, 14.855,
286.086

69, 22.493,
287.021

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 46.023, 97.556



36, 52.532, 294.444

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 46.023, 97.556



61, 46.023, 147.556



61, 46.023, 277.556



61, 46.023, 327.556

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 46.023, 97.559



82, 17.300, 102.209



41, 43.819, 17.730



43, 11.998, 101.911



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 46.023, 97.559



76, 65.870, 96.129



62, 53.784, 121.389



34, 4.437, 103.174



53, 58.308, 93.662



4, 6.652, 102.187

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 52.532, 294.444



39, 79.705, 297.973



36, 60.823, 308.287



32, 4.505, 285.203



18, 80.893, 303.906



1, 7.013, 284.802

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 46.023, 97.556 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 46.023, 97.556 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

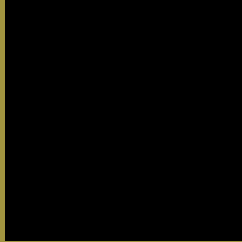
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 46.023, 97.556

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 46.023, 97.556.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 46.023, 97.556.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61, 46.023, 97.556

Protanopia

61, 45.895, 95.234

Deuteranopia

61, 45.416, 80.111



Tritanopia
61, 13.293, 353.185

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 46.023, 97.556

Protanomaly
61, 45.808, 95.799

Deuteranomaly
61, 45.001, 86.741

Tritanomaly
61, 16.976, 71.888

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 46.023, 97.556

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 17.493, 101.274

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 46.023, 97.556 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 148, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 148, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 148, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 148, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 46.023, 97.556 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 148, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 148, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 148, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 148, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 148, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 148,  
63) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 46.023, 97.556 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 148, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
148, 63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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