

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 47.405, 11.713)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(61, 47.405, 11.713) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(61, 47.723, 11.781)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E26F84
RGB	226, 111, 132
RGB Percent	89%, 44%, 52%
CMY	0.1133, 0.5643, 0.4820
CMYK	0.00, 0.51, 0.42, 0.11
HSL	349°, 67%, 66%
HSV	349°, 51%, 89%
XYZ	41.2686, 29.2481, 25.3363
YIQ	147.7790, 61.7990, 30.9110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

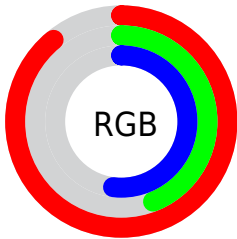
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	226, 111, 132
Decimal	14839684
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	61.00, 46.72, 9.74
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	61, 47.723, 11.781
Yxy	29.2481, 0.4305, 0.3051
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293029764 (0xFFE26F84)
YUV	147.7790, -7.7790, 68.5998
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, 41.5671, 10.0807

# Details

The CIELCh color **61, 47.723, 11.781** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **83, 37.727, 179.622**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 35.947, 5.800**, and **41, 47.697, 11.687** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 57.294, 14.398**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 37.864, 9.716**.

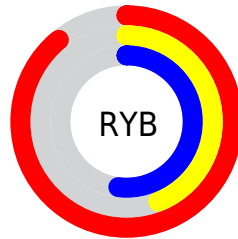
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (44%)

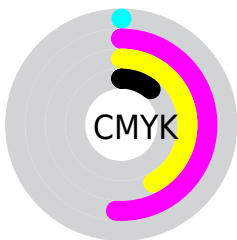
Blue (52%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (52%)

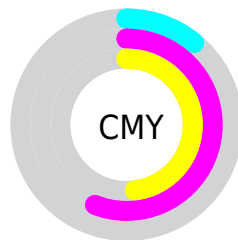


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (42%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 47.723, 11.781 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 47.723, 11.781 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



61, 47.723, 11.781

61, 47.723, 11.781

100, 47.723,  
11.781

51, 47.723, 11.781

81, 47.723, 11.781

41, 47.723, 11.781

91, 47.723, 11.781

31, 47.723, 11.781

21, 47.723, 11.781

11, 47.723, 11.781

1, 47.723, 11.781

0, 47.723, 11.781

61, 47.723, 11.781

61, 47.723, 11.781

57, 57.294, 14.398

66, 37.864, 9.716

53, 66.207, 17.712

72, 28.053, 8.058

50, 74.140, 21.844

77, 18.515, 6.702

48, 80.974, 26.757

83, 9.387, 5.555

47, 86.456, 31.488

89, 0.727, 3.894

96, 7.450, 183.936

98, 9.805, 198.854

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 47.723, 11.781



83, 37.727, 179.622

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 47.723, 11.781



61, 47.723, 61.781



61, 47.723, 191.781



61, 47.723, 241.781

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 47.720, 11.783



90, 14.456, 6.022



62, 69.492, 321.476



47, 9.919, 6.265



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 47.720, 11.783



63, 63.298, 14.559



68, 40.637, 50.648



44, 4.858, 5.402



37, 71.034, 30.529



6, 25.283, 13.216





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 47.720, 11.783



63, 63.298, 14.559



73, 29.374, 240.804



44, 4.858, 5.402



37, 71.034, 30.529



6, 25.283, 13.216



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 47.723, 11.781 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

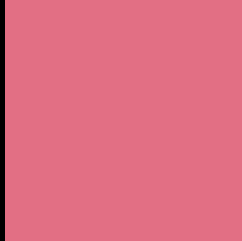
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 47.723, 11.781 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

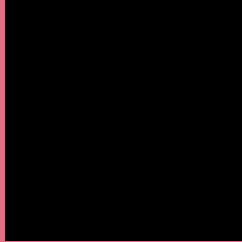
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 61, 47.723, 11.781

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 47.723, 11.781.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 47.723, 11.781.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61, 47.723, 11.781

### Protanopia

61, 2.931, 305.634

### Deuteranopia

61, 14.111, 56.534



**Tritanopia**  
61, 47.075, 19.932



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
61, 47.723, 11.781

**Protanomaly**  
60, 18.181, 1.633

**Deuteranomaly**  
61, 24.710, 24.557

**Tritanomaly**  
61, 47.153, 16.763

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
61, 47.723, 11.781

**Achromatopsia**  
61, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
60, 16.909, 7.858

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 47.723, 11.781 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 111, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 111, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 111, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 111, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 47.723, 11.781 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 111, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 111, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 111, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(226, 111, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 111, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 111,  
132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 47.723, 11.781 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 111, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
111, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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