

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 51.794, 114.892)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 51.794, 114.892)
contains.

CIELCh(61, 51.794, 114.892)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(61, 51.794, 114.892)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	879C3B
RGB	135, 156, 59
RGB Percent	53%, 61%, 23%
CMY	0.4705, 0.3882, 0.7686
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.62, 0.39
HSL	73°, 45%, 42%
HSV	73°, 62%, 61%
XYZ	22.6734, 29.2481, 8.5895
YIQ	138.6630, 18.6210, -34.6190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

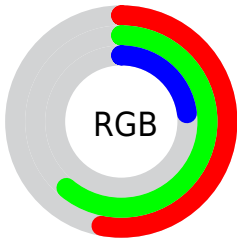
Format	Color
RYB	59, 156, 80
Decimal	8887355
CIELab	61.00, -21.80, 46.98
CIELCh	61, 51.794, 114.892
Yxy	29.2481, 0.3747, 0.4834
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287077435 (0xFF879C3B)
YUV	138.6630, -39.2739, -3.2125
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -19.8075, 28.4403

Details

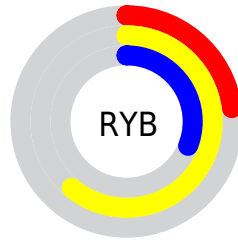
The CIELCh color $61, 51.794, 114.892$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999933 . A complement of this color would be $32, 60.700, 304.508$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 52.271, 115.140$, and $41, 51.894, 115.137$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61, 58.309, 114.627$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61, 44.381, 115.344$.

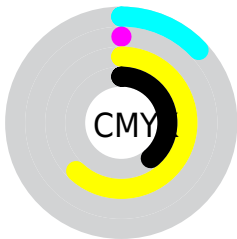
Distribution



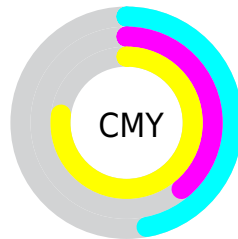
- Red (53%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (23%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (39%)





- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (77%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 51.794, 114.892 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 51.794, 114.892 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61, 51.794,
114.892


 61, 51.794,
114.892


 100, 51.794,
114.892


 51, 51.794,
114.892


 81, 51.794,
114.892

 41, 51.794,
114.892

 91, 51.794,
114.892

 31, 51.794,
114.892

 21, 51.794,
114.892

 11, 51.794,
114.892

 1, 51.794, 114.892

 0, 51.794, 114.892

■ 61, 51.794,
114.892

■ 61, 51.794,
114.892

■ 61, 58.309,
114.627

■ 61, 44.381,
115.344

■ 60, 63.544,
114.632

■ 62, 36.375,
115.908

■ 60, 67.148,
114.994

■ 62, 27.999,
116.535

■ 60, 69.131,
115.454

■ 63, 19.401,
117.189

■ 64, 10.679,
117.847

■ 64, 1.903, 118.499

■ 65, 6.883, 299.112

■ 66, 15.645,
299.707

■ 66, 24.360,
300.269

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 51.794, 114.892



32, 60.700, 304.508

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 51.794, 114.892



61, 51.794, 164.892



61, 51.794, 294.892



61, 51.794, 344.892

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 51.795, 114.894



81, 20.702, 117.374



43, 40.192, 40.568



42, 14.202, 117.198



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 51.795, 114.894



77, 74.110, 114.590



58, 58.610, 132.660



33, 5.015, 118.038



55, 64.773, 115.366



4, 6.614, 119.909

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 60.700, 304.508



35, 91.274, 306.102



38, 61.073, 318.122



31, 5.115, 299.251



17, 85.222, 307.555



1, 6.582, 298.199

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 51.794, 114.892 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 51.794, 114.892 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

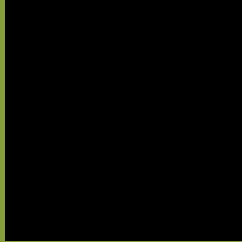
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 51.794, 114.892

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 51.794, 114.892.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 51.794, 114.892.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


61, 51.794, 114.892

Protanopia

61, 49.070, 95.451

Deuteranopia

61, 46.326, 80.474



Tritanopia
61, 6.764, 290.938

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 51.794, 114.892

Protanomaly
61, 49.212, 103.006

Deuteranomaly
61, 46.108, 94.070

Tritanomaly
61, 15.989, 120.193

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 51.794, 114.892

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 19.837, 116.389

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 51.794, 114.892 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 156, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 156, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 156, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 156, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 51.794, 114.892 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 156, 59) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 156, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 156, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 156, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 156, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 156,  
59) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 51.794, 114.892 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 156, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
156, 59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor