

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 57.557, 321.083)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(61, 57.557, 321.083)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(61, 57.853, 320.988)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C276D4
RGB	194, 118, 212
RGB Percent	76%, 46%, 83%
CMY	0.2385, 0.5366, 0.1680
CMYK	0.08, 0.44, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	289°, 52%, 65%
HSV	289°, 44%, 83%
XYZ	40.6941, 29.2481, 65.9003
YIQ	151.4400, 15.1220, 45.3460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

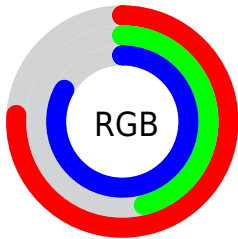
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	194, 118, 212
Decimal	12744404
CIELab	61.00, 44.95, -36.42
CIELCh	61, 57.853, 320.988
Yxy	29.2481, 0.2996, 0.2153
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290934484 (0xFFC276D4)
YUV	151.4400, 29.8561, 37.3251
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, 39.6709, -34.3899

# Details

The CIELCh color  $61, 57.853, 320.988$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC66CC`. A complement of this color would be  $78, 56.868, 136.507$ , and the grayscale version is  $63, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $80, 51.409, 325.171$ , and  $41, 58.104, 320.852$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $56, 70.019, 321.324$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $66, 44.987, 320.586$ .

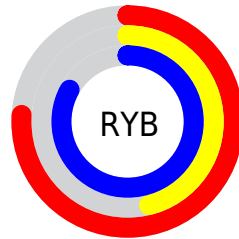
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (46%)

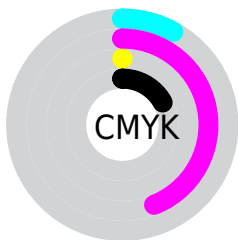
Blue (83%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (83%)

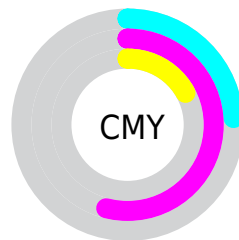


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (54%)


Yellow (17%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 57.853, 320.988 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 57.853, 320.988 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 61, 57.853,  
320.988


 61, 57.853,  
320.988


 100, 57.853,  
320.988

 51, 57.853,  
320.988

 81, 57.853,  
320.988

 41, 57.853,  
320.988

 91, 57.853,  
320.988

 31, 57.853,  
320.988

 21, 57.853,  
320.988

 11, 57.853,  
320.988

 1, 57.853, 320.988

 0, 57.853, 320.988

61, 57.853,  
320.988

61, 57.853,  
320.988

56, 70.019,  
321.324

66, 44.987,  
320.586

52, 80.978,  
321.556

71, 31.817,  
320.147

49, 90.130,  
321.641

77, 18.615,  
319.692

46, 96.909,  
321.535

83, 5.559, 319.217

88, 7.241, 138.854


44, 100.979,  
321.204

94, 19.721,  
138.422

43, 102.414,  
320.943

97, 24.816,  
136.706

97, 24.135,  
133.763

 97, 23.519,  
130.625

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 57.853, 320.988



78, 56.868, 136.507

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 57.853, 320.988



61, 57.853, 10.988



61, 57.853, 140.988



61, 57.853, 190.988

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 57.851, 320.988



91, 19.617, 319.638



59, 42.782, 287.475



47, 13.750, 319.741



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 57.851, 320.988



67, 79.430, 321.302



62, 49.084, 337.666



42, 7.412, 319.466



35, 87.116, 321.044



5, 31.587, 321.036



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 39.202, 9.663



67, 54.899, 11.694



78, 48.582, 150.277



42, 4.689, 4.714



35, 69.016, 29.746

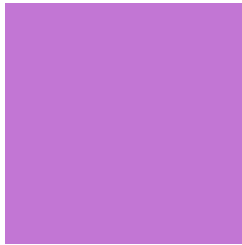


5, 22.043, 11.245



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 57.853, 320.988 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

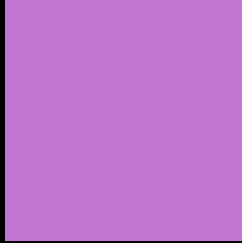
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 57.853, 320.988 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

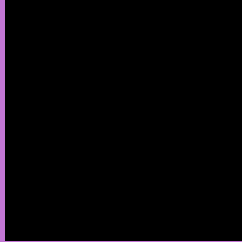
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 61, 57.853, 320.988

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 57.853, 320.988.

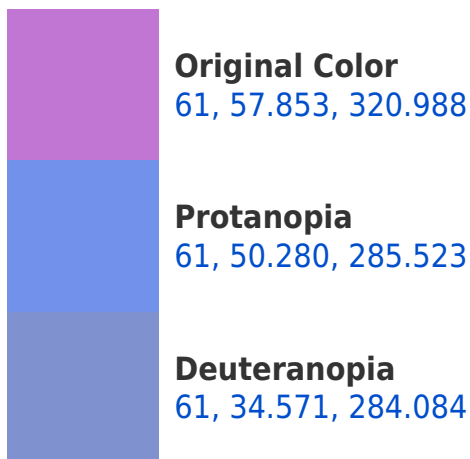


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 57.853, 320.988.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
61, 21.171, 6.508

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
61, 57.853, 320.988



**Protanomaly**  
60, 51.427, 298.203



**Deuteranomaly**  
61, 41.595, 301.172



**Tritanomaly**  
61, 32.028, 337.321

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
61, 57.853, 320.988



**Achromatopsia**  
63, 0.008, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
62, 21.627, 319.480

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 57.853, 320.988 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 118, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 118, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 118, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 118, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 57.853, 320.988 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

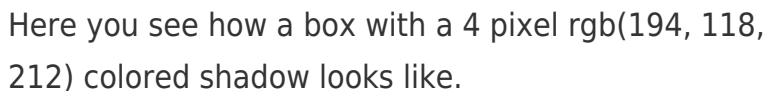
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 118, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 118, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 118, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 118, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 118, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 118,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 57.853, 320.988 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 118, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
118, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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