

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 6.884, 20.018)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 6.884, 20.018) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 7.147, 20.051)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A18F8F
RGB	161, 143, 143
RGB Percent	63%, 56%, 56%
CMY	0.3682, 0.4388, 0.4388
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.11, 0.37
HSL	0°, 9%, 60%
HSV	0°, 11%, 63%
XYZ	29.5209, 29.2481, 30.1152
YIQ	148.3820, 10.7280, 3.8160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

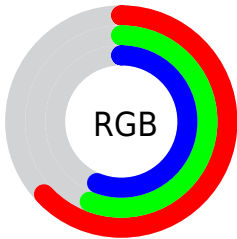
Format	Color
RYB	161, 143, 143
Decimal	10588047
CIELab	61.00, 6.71, 2.45
CIELCh	61, 7.147, 20.051
Yxy	29.2481, 0.3321, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288778127 (0xFFA18F8F)
YUV	148.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, 2.7930, 4.8416

Details

The CIELCh color $61, 7.147, 20.051$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $65, 6.667, 198.896$, and the grayscale version is $62, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 7.082, 19.880$, and $41, 6.895, 20.288$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 14.072, 20.917$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66, 0.723, 18.840$.

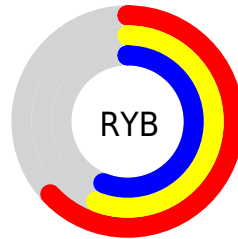
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (56%)

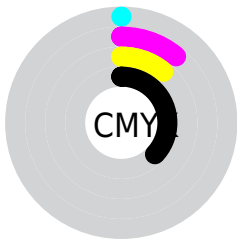
Blue (56%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (56%)

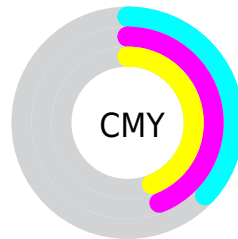


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 7.147, 20.051 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 7.147, 20.051 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 61, 7.147, 20.051  61, 7.147, 20.051

 100, 7.147, 20.051  51, 7.147, 20.051

 81, 7.147, 20.051  41, 7.147, 20.051

 91, 7.147, 20.051  31, 7.147, 20.051


 21, 7.147, 20.051

 11, 7.147, 20.051

 1, 7.147, 20.051

 0, 7.147, 20.051

 61, 7.147, 20.051  61, 7.147, 20.051

 56, 14.072, 20.917  66, 0.723, 18.840

52, 21.505, 21.992

71, 5.223, 199.077

48, 29.403, 23.381

75, 10.734,
198.631

44, 37.661, 25.187

80, 15.856,
198.295

40, 46.099, 27.513

37, 54.457, 30.424

85, 20.635,
198.028

35, 62.368, 33.830

90, 25.111,
197.810

34, 69.158, 37.250

33, 73.888, 39.736

94, 29.107,
197.624

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 7.147, 20.051



65, 6.667, 198.896

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 7.147, 20.051



61, 7.147, 70.051



61, 7.147, 200.051



61, 7.147, 250.051

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 7.146, 20.064



82, 2.300, 19.351



62, 12.263, 325.024



43, 1.745, 19.448



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 7.146, 20.064



76, 10.362, 20.228



63, 6.143, 74.035



32, 3.629, 19.916



30, 68.061, 39.267



1, 5.463, 19.417

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 6.667, 198.896



82, 9.538, 198.780



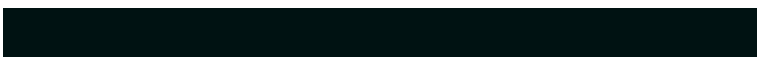
62, 5.983, 256.914



34, 3.427, 199.008



54, 32.959, 196.411



4, 5.462, 199.440

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 7.147, 20.051 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 7.147, 20.051 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

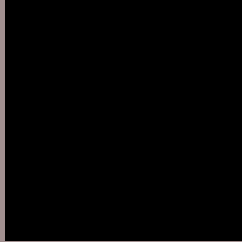
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 7.147, 20.051

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 7.147, 20.051.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 7.147, 20.051.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61, 7.147, 20.051

Protanopia

61, 1.609, 63.344

Deuteranopia

61, 8.372, 16.368



Tritanopia
61, 9.941, 341.994

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 7.147, 20.051

Protanomaly
61, 3.330, 39.217

Deuteranomaly
61, 7.968, 16.127

Tritanomaly
61, 8.774, 353.697

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 7.147, 20.051

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 2.735, 19.510

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 7.147, 20.051 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 143, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 143, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 143, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 143, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 7.147, 20.051 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 143, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 143, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 143, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 143, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 143, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 143,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 7.147, 20.051 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 143, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
143, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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