

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 62.777, 281.928)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(61, 62.777, 281.928)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(61, 62.174, 281.724)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4892FF
RGB	72, 146, 255
RGB Percent	28%, 57%, 100%
CMY	0.7163, 0.4266, 0.0000
CMYK	0.72, 0.43, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	216°, 100%, 64%
HSV	216°, 72%, 100%
XYZ	31.0964, 29.2481, 98.8155
YIQ	136.3000, -79.0930, 18.2110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

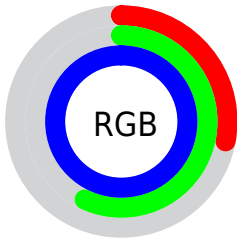
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">72, 125, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4756223</a>
<a href="#">CIELab</a>	<a href="#">61.00, 12.63, -60.88</a>
<a href="#">CIElCh</a>	<a href="#">61, 62.174, 281.724</a>
<a href="#">Yxy</a>	<a href="#">29.2481, 0.1954, 0.1838</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282946303</a> (0xFF4892FF)
<a href="#">YUV</a>	<a href="#">136.3000, 58.5191, -56.3911</a>
<a href="#">Hunter-Lab</a>	<a href="#">54.0815, 7.9932, -70.4751</a>

# Details

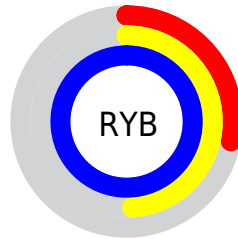
The CIELCh color **61, 62.174, 281.724** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **79, 65.853, 74.851**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 33.731, 262.235**, and **42, 61.822, 285.751** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 71.183, 285.527**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 53.128, 278.170**.

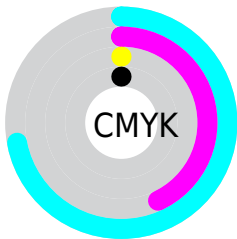
# Distribution



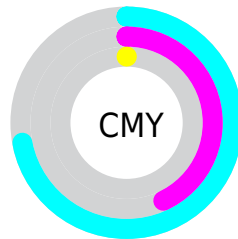
- Red (28%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 62.174, 281.724 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 62.174, 281.724 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 61, 62.174,  
281.724

 61, 62.174,  
281.724


 100, 62.174,  
281.724


 51, 62.174,  
281.724


 81, 62.174,  
281.724

 41, 62.174,  
281.724

 91, 62.174,  
281.724

 31, 62.174,  
281.724

 21, 62.174,  
281.724

 11, 62.174,  
281.724

 1, 62.174, 281.724

 0, 62.174, 281.724

61, 62.174,  
281.724

61, 62.174,  
281.724

56, 71.183,  
285.527

66, 53.128,  
278.170

52, 80.557,  
289.590

71, 44.352,  
275.093

48, 88.543,  
292.928

77, 35.666,  
272.441

82, 27.033,  
270.180

88, 18.441,  
268.264

93, 9.891, 266.647

99, 1.392, 265.471

100, 0.012,  
296.813



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 62.174, 281.724



79, 65.853, 74.851

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 62.174, 281.724



61, 62.174, 331.724



61, 62.174, 101.724



61, 62.174, 151.724

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 62.049, 281.670



88, 17.899, 268.153



90, 66.683, 159.344



45, 12.123, 268.646



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 62.049, 281.670



54, 75.249, 287.288



44, 105.625, 303.520



50, 4.832, 266.340



36, 70.010, 292.205



10, 28.134, 286.449



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 73.145, 0.441



56, 81.005, 5.601



96, 84.252, 108.062



50, 6.004, 349.961



41, 68.274, 11.379



10, 31.310, 4.414



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 62.174, 281.724 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 62.174, 281.724 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

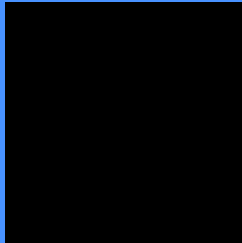
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

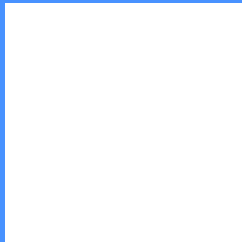
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 61, 62.174, 281.724

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 62.174, 281.724.

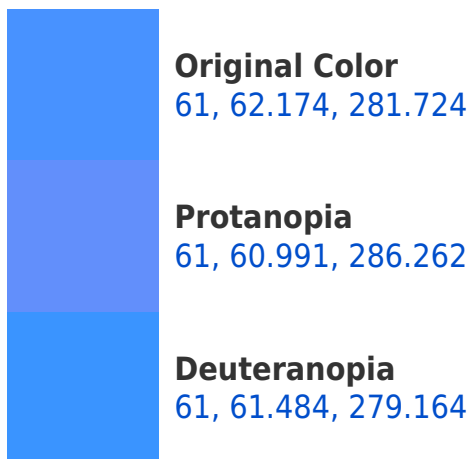


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 62.174, 281.724.

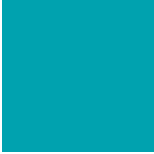
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

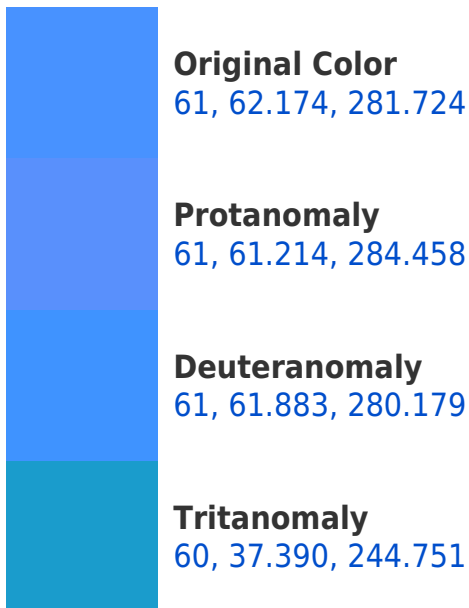




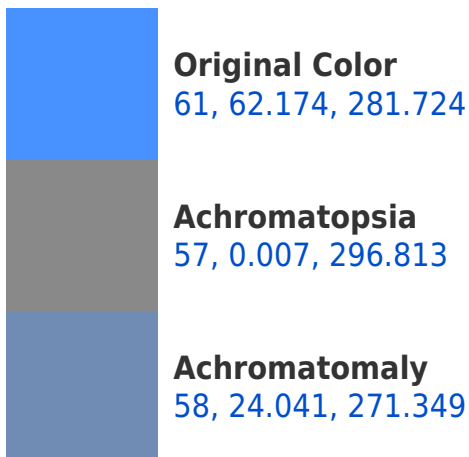


**Tritanopia**  
61, 34.437, 209.105

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 62.174, 281.724 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(72, 146, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(72, 146, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 146, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(72, 146, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 62.174, 281.724 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(72, 146, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(72, 146, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(72, 146, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(72, 146, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 146, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 146,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 62.174, 281.724 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(72, 146, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(72, 146,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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