

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 63.057, 103.985)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 63.057, 103.985)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 63.195, 103.999)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	979912
RGB	151, 153, 18
RGB Percent	59%, 60%, 7%
CMY	0.4094, 0.4014, 0.9279
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.88, 0.40
HSL	61°, 78%, 34%
HSV	61°, 88%, 60%
XYZ	24.1324, 29.2481, 4.9625
YIQ	137.0120, 42.1430, -42.4090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

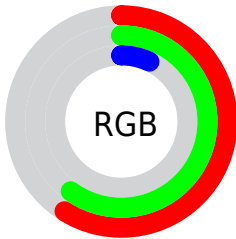
Format	Color
RYB	18, 153, 20
Decimal	9935122
CIELab	61.00, -15.29, 61.32
CIELCh	61, 63.195, 103.999
Yxy	29.2481, 0.4136, 0.5013
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288125202 (0xFF979912)
YUV	137.0120, -58.6729, 12.2675
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -14.9922, 32.4166

Details

The CIELCh color **61, 63.195, 103.999** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **20, 84.312, 304.970**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 63.552, 104.111**, and **41, 49.569, 106.282** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 65.628, 103.811**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 59.207, 104.374**.

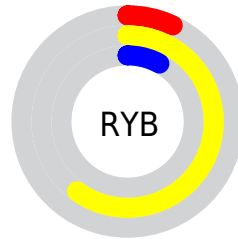
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (60%)

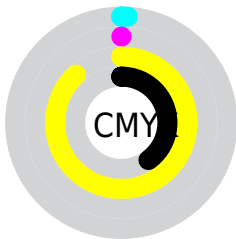
Blue (7%)



Red (7%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (8%)

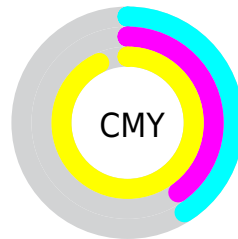


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (88%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (41%)


Magenta (40%)


Yellow (93%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 63.195, 103.999 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 63.195, 103.999 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61, 63.195,
103.999


 61, 63.195,
103.999


 100, 63.195,
103.999


 51, 63.195,
103.999


 81, 63.195,
103.999

 41, 63.195,
103.999

 91, 63.195,
103.999

 31, 63.195,
103.999

 21, 63.195,
103.999

 11, 63.195,
103.999

 1, 63.195, 103.999

 0, 63.195, 103.999

■ 61, 63.195,
103.999

■ 61, 63.195,
103.999

■ 61, 65.628,
103.811

■ 61, 59.207,
104.374

■ 61, 66.085,
103.776

■ 61, 53.710,
104.929

■ 61, 47.085,
105.628

■ 62, 39.690,
106.428

■ 62, 31.800,
107.296

■ 62, 23.605,
108.201

■ 62, 15.231,
109.123

■ 63, 6.759, 110.042

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 63.195, 103.999



20, 84.312, 304.970

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 63.195, 103.999



61, 63.195, 153.999



61, 63.195, 283.999



61, 63.195, 333.999

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 63.195, 104.001



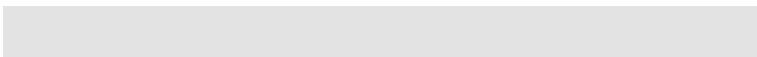
79, 27.271, 108.333



32, 64.305, 36.066



41, 18.403, 108.044



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 63.195, 104.001



78, 80.394, 103.795



57, 69.995, 126.814



32, 4.815, 109.926



56, 62.126, 103.770



3, 5.230, 110.854

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 84.312, 304.970



24, 110.908, 306.328



26, 79.415, 312.494



29, 4.918, 291.679



15, 85.677, 306.349



0, 5.230, 290.764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 63.195, 103.999 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 63.195, 103.999 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 63.195, 103.999

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 63.195, 103.999.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 63.195, 103.999.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


61, 63.400, 103.975

Protanopia

61, 62.511, 95.411

Deuteranopia

61, 60.374, 82.977



Tritanopia
61, 9.640, 340.498

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 63.400, 103.975

Protanomaly
61, 62.549, 98.895

Deuteranomaly
61, 60.464, 91.279

Tritanomaly
61, 23.908, 96.046

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 63.400, 103.975

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 27.321, 107.879

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 63.195, 103.999 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 153, 18)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 153, 18)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 153, 18) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 153, 18) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 63.195, 103.999 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 153, 18) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 153, 18) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 153, 18)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 153, 18); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 153, 18);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 153,  
18) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 63.195, 103.999 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 153, 18) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
153, 18) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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