

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 65.587, 88.460)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 65.587, 88.460) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 65.364, 88.210)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B28F01
RGB	178, 143, 1
RGB Percent	70%, 56%, 0%
CMY	0.3006, 0.4380, 0.9973
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 1.00, 0.30
HSL	48°, 99%, 35%
HSV	48°, 100%, 70%
XYZ	28.3157, 29.2481, 4.1722
YIQ	137.2770, 66.4420, -36.7420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

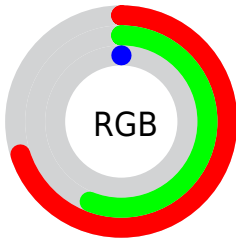
Format	Color
RYB	45, 178, 1
Decimal	11702017
CIELab	61.00, 2.04, 65.33
CIELCh	61, 65.364, 88.210
Yxy	29.2481, 0.4587, 0.4738
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289892097 (0xFFB28F01)
YUV	137.2770, -67.1846, 35.7141
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -1.1848, 33.2831

Details

The CIELCh color **61, 65.364, 88.210** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. A complement of this color would be **25, 89.269, 302.381**, and the grayscale version is **58, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 65.078, 87.964**, and **41, 48.589, 86.404** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 65.444, 88.159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62, 63.152, 89.652**.

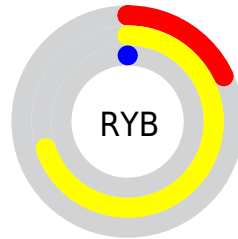
Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (56%)

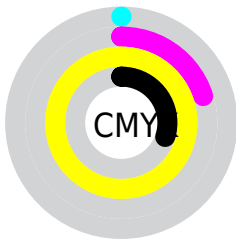
Blue (0%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (0%)

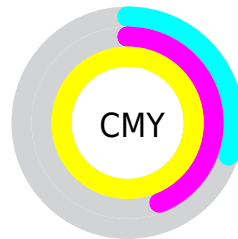


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 65.364, 88.210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 65.364, 88.210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61, 65.364, 88.210

■ 61, 65.364, 88.210

■ 100, 65.364,
88.210

■ 51, 65.364, 88.210

■ 81, 65.364, 88.210

■ 41, 65.364, 88.210

■ 91, 65.364, 88.210

■ 31, 65.364, 88.210

■ 21, 65.364, 88.210

■ 11, 65.364, 88.210

■ 1, 65.364, 88.210

■ 0, 65.364, 88.210

■ 61, 65.364, 88.210

■ 61, 65.364, 88.210

■ 61, 65.444, 88.159

■ 62, 63.152, 89.652

63, 59.144, 90.994

64, 53.446, 92.267

65, 46.643, 93.511

66, 39.200, 94.742

67, 31.423, 95.960

69, 23.497, 97.162

70, 15.530, 98.338

71, 7.585, 99.479

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 65.364, 88.210



25, 89.269, 302.381

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 65.364, 88.210



61, 65.364, 138.210



61, 65.364, 268.210



61, 65.364, 318.210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 65.363, 88.212



87, 29.477, 97.055



37, 70.778, 29.122



46, 20.277, 96.556



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 65.363, 88.212



78, 79.566, 87.866



67, 78.041, 119.810



37, 4.467, 99.512



53, 58.510, 88.361



7, 9.904, 95.252

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25, 89.269, 302.381



33, 110.654, 302.897



24, 99.072, 308.345



35, 4.519, 281.685



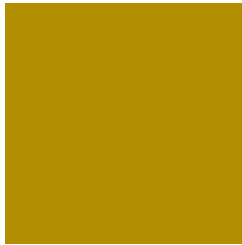
21, 79.162, 302.146



2, 11.356, 283.126

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 65.364, 88.210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 65.364, 88.210 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 65.364, 88.210

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 65.364, 88.210.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 65.364, 88.210.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61, 65.212, 88.195

Protanopia

61, 63.998, 95.419

Deuteranopia

61, 64.237, 83.305



Tritanopia
61, 21.991, 7.196

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 65.212, 88.195

Protanomaly
61, 64.283, 92.835

Deuteranomaly
61, 64.464, 85.080

Tritanomaly
61, 33.579, 69.182

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 65.212, 88.195

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 29.643, 95.494

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 65.364, 88.210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 143, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 143, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 143, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 143, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 65.364, 88.210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 143, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 143, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 143, 1)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 143, 1); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 143, 1);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 143,  
1) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 65.364, 88.210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 143, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
143, 1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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