

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 68.562, 147.228)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 68.562, 147.228)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 68.654, 147.053)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00AA4D
RGB	0, 170, 77
RGB Percent	0%, 67%, 30%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3337, 0.6983
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.55, 0.33
HSL	147°, 100%, 33%
HSV	147°, 100%, 67%
XYZ	15.6902, 29.2481, 11.8247
YIQ	108.5680, -71.4670, -64.9630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

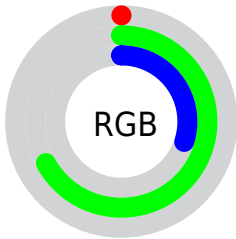
Format	Color
RYB	0, 117, 170
Decimal	43597
CIELab	61.00, -57.61, 37.34
CIELCh	61, 68.654, 147.053
Yxy	29.2481, 0.2764, 0.5153
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278233677 (0xFF00AA4D)
YUV	108.5680, -15.5630, -95.2141
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -42.8560, 24.8935

Details

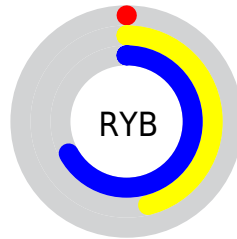
The CIELCh color **61, 68.654, 147.053** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **37, 63.265, 357.331**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 68.929, 146.983**, and **42, 60.736, 140.097** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 68.642, 147.044**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 64.312, 149.166**.

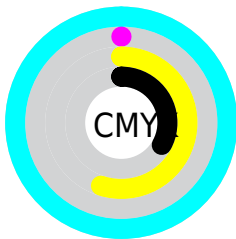
Distribution



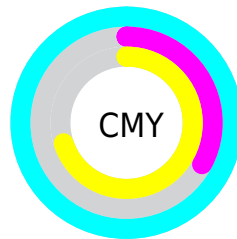
- Red (0%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (33%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (70%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 68.654, 147.053 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 68.654, 147.053 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61, 68.654,
147.053


 61, 68.654,
147.053


 100, 68.654,
147.053


 51, 68.654,
147.053


 81, 68.654,
147.053

 41, 68.654,
147.053

 91, 68.654,
147.053

 31, 68.654,
147.053

 21, 68.654,
147.053

 11, 68.654,
147.053

 1, 68.654, 147.053

 0, 68.654, 147.053

■ 61, 68.654,
147.053

■ 61, 68.654,
147.053

■ 61, 68.642,
147.044

■ 61, 64.312,
149.166

■ 62, 59.351,
151.208

■ 62, 53.631,
153.052

■ 63, 47.193,
154.692

■ 63, 40.130,
156.139

■ 64, 32.568,
157.413

■ 65, 24.647,
158.536

■ 67, 16.499,

159.534

■ 68, 8.248, 160.437

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 68.654, 147.053



37, 63.265, 357.331

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 68.654, 147.053



61, 68.654, 197.053



61, 68.654, 327.053



61, 68.654, 17.053

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 68.642, 147.044



83, 30.608, 158.478



63, 79.100, 126.190



44, 20.983, 158.032



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 68.642, 147.044



78, 84.550, 146.599



63, 38.535, 189.049



35, 4.631, 160.500



54, 61.621, 147.323



5, 8.845, 158.157

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 63.265, 357.331



48, 77.004, 358.080



35, 74.950, 37.826



33, 4.678, 341.872



32, 57.224, 356.871



2, 8.025, 345.153

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 68.654, 147.053 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 68.654, 147.053 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 68.654, 147.053

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 68.654, 147.053.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 68.654, 147.053.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61, 68.654, 147.053

Protanopia

60, 42.502, 95.488

Deuteranopia

61, 35.500, 77.678



Tritanopia
61, 27.884, 212.587

Trichromacy



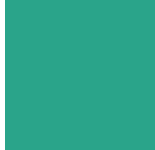
Original Color
61, 68.654, 147.053



Protanomaly
59, 49.895, 130.881



Deuteranomaly
58, 41.164, 128.755



Tritanomaly
61, 39.287, 174.052

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 68.654, 147.053



Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
50, 30.926, 156.579

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 68.654, 147.053 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 170, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 170, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 170, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 170, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 68.654, 147.053 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 170, 77) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 170, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 170, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 170, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 170, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 170, 77)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 68.654, 147.053 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 170, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 170,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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