

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 68.737, 74.608)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 68.737, 74.608) contains.

CIELCh(61, 68.774, 74.538)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(61, 68.774, 74.538)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CA8503
RGB	202, 133, 3
RGB Percent	79%, 52%, 1%
CMY	0.2088, 0.4792, 0.9899
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.99, 0.21
HSL	39°, 97%, 40%
HSV	39°, 99%, 79%
XYZ	32.6659, 29.2481, 3.9978
YIQ	138.8110, 82.8540, -25.8020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

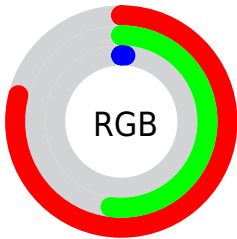
Format	Color
R_{YB}	109, 202, 3
Decimal	13272323
CIE _{Lab}	61.00, 18.34, 66.28
CIE _{LCh}	61, 68.774, 74.538
Yxy	29.2481, 0.4956, 0.4437
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291462403 (0xFFCA8503)
YUV	138.8110, -66.9548, 55.4168
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, 13.1734, 33.4743

Details

The CIELCh color **61, 68.774, 74.538** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **36, 79.706, 295.664**, and the grayscale version is **58, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80, 66.504, 77.274**, and **41, 53.613, 68.762** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 69.153, 74.233**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 65.575, 76.952**.

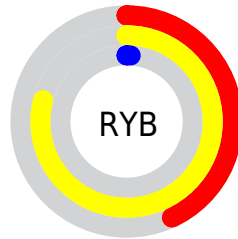
Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (52%)

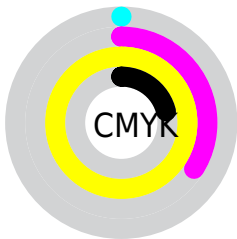
Blue (1%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (79%)

Blue (1%)

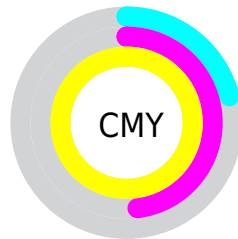


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (99%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 68.774, 74.538 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 68.774, 74.538 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61, 68.774, 74.538

■ 61, 68.774, 74.538

■ 100, 68.774,
74.538

■ 51, 68.774, 74.538

■ 81, 68.774, 74.538

■ 41, 68.774, 74.538

■ 91, 68.774, 74.538

■ 31, 68.774, 74.538

■ 21, 68.774, 74.538

■ 11, 68.774, 74.538

■ 1, 68.774, 74.538

■ 0, 68.774, 74.538

■ 61, 68.774, 74.538

■ 61, 68.774, 74.538

■ 61, 69.153, 74.233

■ 63, 65.575, 76.952

65, 60.304, 78.936

66, 53.501, 80.628

68, 45.889, 82.167

70, 37.940, 83.622

73, 29.922, 85.024

75, 21.974, 86.383

77, 14.162, 87.701

79, 6.517, 88.962

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 68.774, 74.538



36, 79.706, 295.664

Rectangle

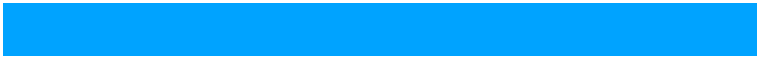
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 68.774, 74.538



61, 68.774, 124.538



61, 68.774, 254.538



61, 68.774, 304.538

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 68.772, 74.541



92, 27.810, 86.156



43, 71.701, 16.187



48, 19.056, 85.577



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 68.772, 74.541



75, 82.495, 73.781



77, 82.215, 111.880



42, 4.282, 88.879



51, 59.760, 74.690



10, 15.241, 77.179

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 79.706, 295.664



45, 97.829, 296.605



26, 110.496, 306.796



40, 4.276, 271.347



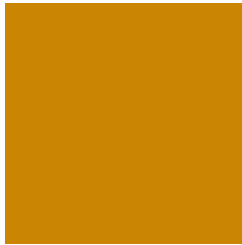
29, 68.808, 295.556



4, 17.975, 281.419

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 68.774, 74.538 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 68.774, 74.538 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 68.774, 74.538

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 68.774, 74.538.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 68.774, 74.538.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61, 68.774, 74.538

Protanopia

61, 63.145, 94.994

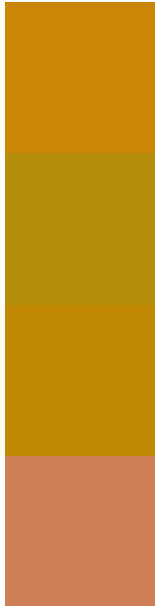
Deuteranopia

61, 66.371, 83.273



Tritanopia
61, 34.919, 14.455

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 68.774, 74.538

Protanomaly
61, 63.994, 86.747

Deuteranomaly
61, 66.921, 79.944

Tritanomaly
61, 43.530, 53.037

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 68.774, 74.538

Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 29.341, 84.554

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 68.774, 74.538 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 133, 3)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 133, 3)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 133, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 133, 3) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 68.774, 74.538 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 133, 3) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 133, 3) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 133, 3)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 133, 3); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 133, 3);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 133,  
3) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 68.774, 74.538 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 133, 3) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
133, 3) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor