

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 79.762, 140.267)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 79.762, 140.267)
contains.

CIELCh(61, 79.911, 140.252)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(61, 79.911, 140.252)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	03AB2E
RGB	3, 171, 46
RGB Percent	1%, 67%, 18%
CMY	0.9883, 0.3304, 0.8206
CMYK	0.98, 0.00, 0.73, 0.33
HSL	135°, 97%, 34%
HSV	135°, 98%, 67%
XYZ	15.0424, 29.2481, 7.4121
YIQ	106.5180, -60.0030, -74.4910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

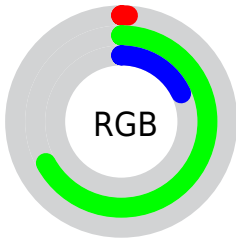
Format	Color
RYB	3, 137, 171
Decimal	240430
CIELab	61.00, -61.44, 51.10
CIELCh	61, 79.911, 140.252
Yxy	29.2481, 0.2909, 0.5657
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278430510 (0xFF03AB2E)
YUV	106.5180, -29.8354, -90.7853
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -44.9941, 29.7312

Details

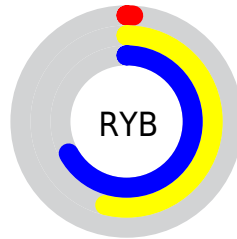
The CIELCh color **61, 79.911, 140.252** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **38, 70.348, 341.345**, and the grayscale version is **45, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 80.335, 140.241**, and **42, 67.364, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 80.674, 139.981**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 75.072, 142.013**.

Distribution



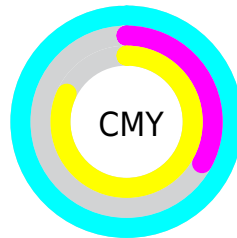
- Red (1%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (33%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 79.911, 140.252 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 79.911, 140.252 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61, 79.911,
140.252


 61, 79.911,
140.252


 100, 79.911,
140.252


 51, 79.911,
140.252


 81, 79.911,
140.252

 41, 79.911,
140.252

 91, 79.911,
140.252

 31, 79.911,
140.252

 21, 79.911,
140.252

 11, 79.911,
140.252

 1, 79.911, 140.252

 0, 79.911, 140.252

■ 61, 79.911,
140.252

■ 61, 79.911,
140.252

■ 61, 80.674,
139.981

■ 61, 75.072,
142.013

■ 62, 69.141,
143.775

■ 62, 62.171,
145.422

■ 63, 54.306,
146.909

■ 64, 45.726,
148.226

■ 65, 36.620,
149.377

■ 66, 27.173,
150.376

■ 67, 17.554,

151.246

■ 69, 7.903, 152.017

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 79.911, 140.252



38, 70.348, 341.345

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 79.911, 140.252



61, 79.911, 190.252



61, 79.911, 320.252



61, 79.911, 10.252

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 79.911, 140.253



83, 34.500, 150.258



65, 74.108, 117.174



44, 23.825, 149.853



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 79.911, 140.253



78, 98.865, 139.638



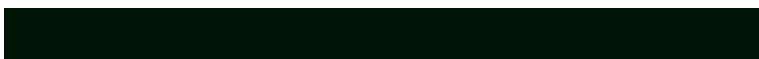
62, 48.602, 166.537



35, 5.359, 151.941



53, 72.193, 140.214



5, 10.008, 151.220

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 70.348, 341.345



50, 85.444, 341.901



36, 65.762, 24.246



33, 5.381, 333.090



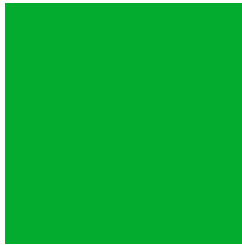
33, 63.567, 341.396



2, 9.271, 335.313

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 79.911, 140.252 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 79.911, 140.252 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 79.911, 140.252

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 79.911, 140.252.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 79.911, 140.252.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61, 79.945, 140.279

Protanopia

60, 55.225, 95.177

Deuteranopia

61, 48.809, 80.750



Tritanopia
61, 26.943, 213.220

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 79.945, 140.279



Protanomaly
59, 61.637, 124.227



Deuteranomaly
58, 53.267, 120.657



Tritanomaly
60, 42.332, 166.267

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 79.945, 140.279



Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
49, 35.936, 148.199

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 79.911, 140.252 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(3, 171, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(3, 171, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 171, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(3, 171, 46) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 79.911, 140.252 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(3, 171, 46) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(3, 171, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(3, 171, 46)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(3, 171, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 171, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 171, 46)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 79.911, 140.252 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(3, 171, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(3, 171,  
46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor