

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 8.804, 167.619)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 8.804, 167.619) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 8.915, 168.291)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	849890
RGB	132, 152, 144
RGB Percent	52%, 60%, 56%
CMY	0.4835, 0.4051, 0.4364
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.05, 0.41
HSL	156°, 9%, 56%
HSV	156°, 13%, 59%
XYZ	25.6631, 29.2481, 30.5619
YIQ	145.1080, -9.3520, -6.7280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

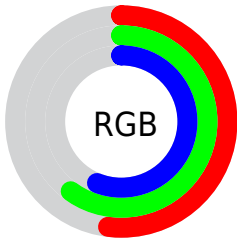
Format	Color
R_{YB}	132, 145, 152
Decimal	8689808
CIE _{Lab}	61.00, -8.73, 1.81
CIE _{LCh}	61, 8.915, 168.291
Yxy	29.2481, 0.3002, 0.3422
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286879888 (0xFF849890)
YUV	145.1080, -0.5462, -11.4957
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -9.9397, 4.3518

Details

The CIELCh color $61, 8.915, 168.291$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $57, 9.145, 350.565$, and the grayscale version is $60, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 8.743, 169.733$, and $41, 8.894, 169.778$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 15.587, 167.294$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 2.153, 169.308$.

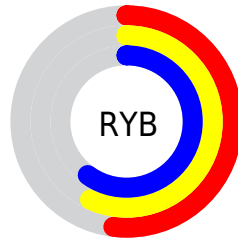
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (60%)

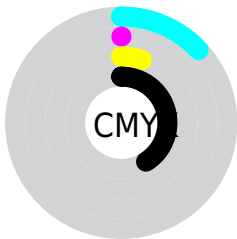
Blue (56%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (60%)

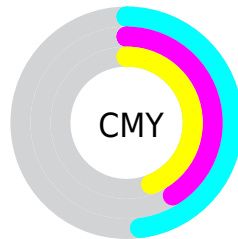


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 8.915, 168.291 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 8.915, 168.291 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61, 8.915, 168.291

■ 61, 8.915, 168.291

■ 100, 8.915,
168.291

■ 51, 8.915, 168.291

■ 81, 8.915, 168.291

■ 41, 8.915, 168.291

■ 91, 8.915, 168.291

■ 31, 8.915, 168.291

■ 21, 8.915, 168.291

■ 11, 8.915, 168.291

■ 1, 8.915, 168.291

■ 0, 8.915, 168.291

■ 61, 8.915, 168.291

■ 61, 8.915, 168.291

■ 60, 15.587,

■ 62, 2.153, 169.308

167.294

64, 4.627, 349.890

59, 22.072,
166.214

65, 11.363,
350.706

58, 28.269,
165.021

67, 18.009,
351.439

57, 34.069,
163.691

69, 24.532,
352.123

56, 39.369,
162.201

70, 30.910,
352.769

56, 44.083,
160.527

72, 37.128,
353.381

56, 48.165,
158.654

74, 43.182,
353.964

55, 51.617,
156.581

75, 45.027,
350.722

55, 53.765,
155.157

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 8.915, 168.291



57, 9.145, 350.565

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 8.915, 168.291



61, 8.915, 218.291



61, 8.915, 348.291



61, 8.915, 38.291

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 8.916, 168.287



79, 3.343, 169.194



61, 12.141, 131.383



42, 2.395, 169.113



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 8.916, 168.287



77, 13.338, 167.983



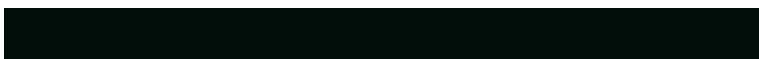
61, 6.870, 206.723



32, 3.854, 168.666



51, 50.610, 155.330



3, 4.211, 168.805

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 9.145, 350.565



71, 13.760, 350.884



57, 7.475, 27.348



30, 3.925, 350.172



29, 54.246, 10.390



1, 4.166, 349.823

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 8.915, 168.291 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

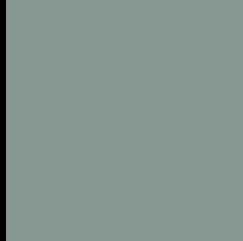
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 8.915, 168.291 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

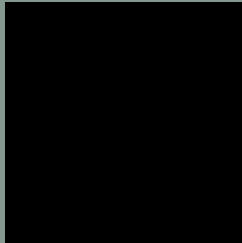
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 8.915, 168.291

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 8.915, 168.291.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 8.915, 168.291.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

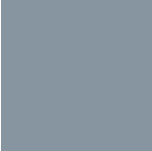
Dichromacy



Original Color
61, 8.915, 168.291

Protanopia
61, 3.416, 74.550

Deuteranopia
61, 7.822, 3.504



Tritanopia
61, 8.359, 253.276

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 8.915, 168.291

Protanomaly
61, 3.725, 134.544

Deuteranomaly
61, 1.652, 39.145

Tritanomaly
61, 6.500, 224.707

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 8.915, 168.291

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 2.933, 176.667

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 8.915, 168.291 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 152, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 152, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 152, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 152, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 8.915, 168.291 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 152, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 152, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 152, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 152, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 152, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 152,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 8.915, 168.291 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 152, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
152, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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