

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 88.261, 136.231)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 88.261, 136.231)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 88.156, 136.223)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	03AB06
RGB	3, 171, 6
RGB Percent	1%, 67%, 2%
CMY	0.9881, 0.3285, 0.9782
CMYK	0.98, 0.00, 0.97, 0.33
HSL	121°, 97%, 34%
HSV	121°, 98%, 67%
XYZ	14.6765, 29.2481, 5.0310
YIQ	101.9580, -47.1630, -86.9310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

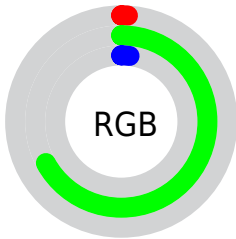
Format	Color
R_{YB}	3, 168, 171
Decimal	240390
CIE Lab	61.00, -63.65, 60.99
CIE LCh	61, 88.156, 136.223
Yxy	29.2481, 0.2998, 0.5974
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278430470 (0xFF03AB06)
YUV	101.9580, -47.3073, -86.7862
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -46.2020, 32.3415

Details

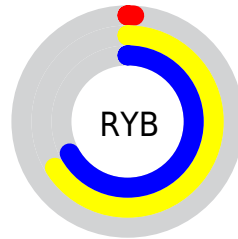
The CIELCh color **61, 88.156, 136.223** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **41, 84.412, 328.812**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 88.160, 136.239**, and **42, 67.364, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 88.586, 136.150**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 85.198, 136.770**.

Distribution



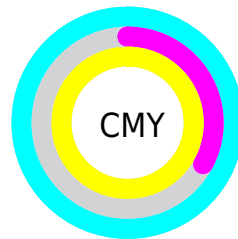
- Red (1%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (2%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Black (33%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (98%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 88.156, 136.223 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 88.156, 136.223 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61, 88.156,
136.223


 61, 88.156,
136.223


 100, 88.156,
136.223


 51, 88.156,
136.223


 81, 88.156,
136.223

 41, 88.156,
136.223

 91, 88.156,
136.223

 31, 88.156,
136.223

 21, 88.156,
136.223

 11, 88.156,
136.223

 1, 88.156, 136.223

 0, 88.156, 136.223

■ 61, 88.156,
136.223

■ 61, 88.156,
136.223

■ 61, 88.586,
136.150

■ 61, 85.198,
136.770

■ 61, 80.092,
137.650

■ 62, 72.959,
138.734

■ 63, 64.212,
139.885

■ 63, 54.279,
141.001

■ 64, 43.540,
142.024

■ 66, 32.314,
142.928

■ 67, 20.857,

143.713

■ 69, 9.369, 144.394

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 88.156, 136.223



41, 84.412, 328.812

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 88.156, 136.223



61, 88.156, 186.223



61, 88.156, 316.223



61, 88.156, 6.223

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 88.155, 136.224



83, 40.960, 142.819



68, 71.535, 102.887



44, 28.285, 142.452



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 88.155, 136.224



77, 107.562, 136.113



62, 65.175, 149.650



36, 6.513, 144.324



54, 80.494, 136.173



6, 13.740, 144.770

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 84.412, 328.812



53, 102.796, 328.846



37, 62.657, 1.074



34, 6.524, 325.326



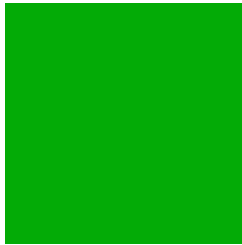
35, 77.064, 328.828



2, 13.649, 325.036

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 88.156, 136.223 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

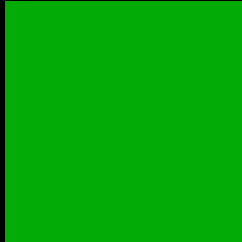
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 88.156, 136.223 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

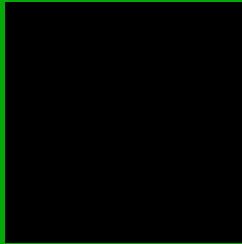
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 88.156, 136.223

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 88.156, 136.223.

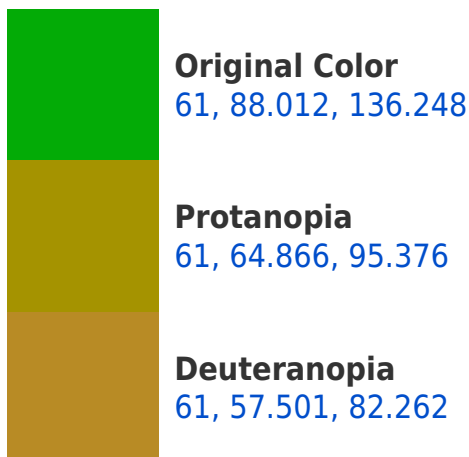



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 88.156, 136.223.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

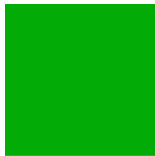
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
61, 26.561, 213.483

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 88.012, 136.248



Protanomaly
59, 70.888, 120.756



Deuteranomaly
58, 62.833, 116.908



Tritanomaly
60, 47.917, 157.977

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 88.012, 136.248



Achromatopsia
43, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
48, 42.391, 141.189

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 88.156, 136.223 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(3, 171, 6)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(3, 171, 6)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 171, 6) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(3, 171, 6) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 88.156, 136.223 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(3, 171, 6) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(3, 171, 6) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(3, 171, 6)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(3, 171, 6); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 171, 6); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 171, 6) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 88.156, 136.223 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(3, 171, 6) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(3, 171,  
6) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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