

Converting Colors

CIELCh(61, 9.857, 97.726)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(61, 9.857, 97.726) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 9.732, 97.055)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	989382
RGB	152, 147, 130
RGB Percent	60%, 58%, 51%
CMY	0.4031, 0.4227, 0.4894
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.14, 0.40
HSL	46°, 10%, 55%
HSV	46°, 14%, 60%
XYZ	27.5002, 29.2481, 25.3891
YIQ	146.5570, 8.4370, -4.2270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

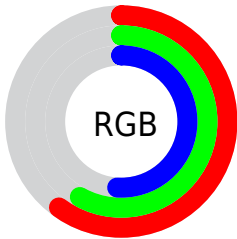
Format	Color
R _Y B	136, 152, 130
Decimal	9999234
CIE Lab	61.00, -1.20, 9.66
CIE LCh	61, 9.732, 97.055
Yxy	29.2481, 0.3348, 0.3561
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288189314 (0xFF989382)
YUV	146.5570, -8.1626, 4.7735
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, -3.8763, 10.0228

Details

The CIELCh color $61, 9.732, 97.055$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $57, 9.857, 280.522$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 9.700, 98.039$, and $41, 9.807, 98.266$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 16.540, 95.889$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 2.980, 98.178$.

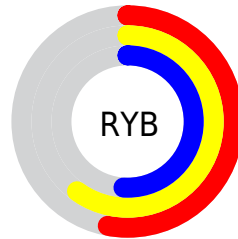
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (58%)

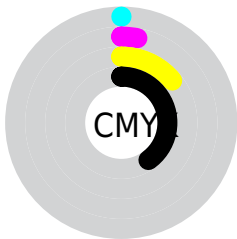
Blue (51%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (51%)

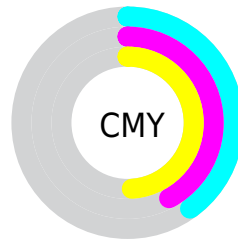


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 9.732, 97.055 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 9.732, 97.055 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61, 9.732, 97.055 ■ 61, 9.732, 97.055

■ 100, 9.732, 97.055 ■ 51, 9.732, 97.055

■ 81, 9.732, 97.055 ■ 41, 9.732, 97.055

■ 91, 9.732, 97.055 ■ 31, 9.732, 97.055

■ 21, 9.732, 97.055

■ 11, 9.732, 97.055

■ 1, 9.732, 97.055

■ 0, 9.732, 97.055

■ 61, 9.732, 97.055 ■ 61, 9.732, 97.055

■ 60, 16.540, 95.889 ■ 62, 2.980, 98.178

■ 58, 23.368, 94.679

■ 64, 3.702, 279.369

■ 57, 30.155, 93.443

■ 65, 10.307,
280.407

■ 56, 36.794, 92.184

■ 66, 16.833,
281.417

■ 55, 43.094, 90.901

■ 54, 48.749, 89.578

■ 68, 23.280,
282.383

■ 53, 53.306, 88.181

■ 69, 29.652,
283.301

■ 52, 56.249, 86.644

■ 51, 57.567, 85.779

■ 71, 35.950,
284.172

■ 72, 42.179,
284.996

■ 73, 41.935,
283.507

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 9.732, 97.055



57, 9.857, 280.522

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 9.732, 97.055



61, 9.732, 147.055



61, 9.732, 277.055



61, 9.732, 327.055

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 9.733, 97.064



80, 3.325, 98.216



57, 9.289, 2.088



42, 2.358, 98.144



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 9.733, 97.064



77, 14.253, 96.729



62, 12.508, 119.691



32, 3.809, 97.660



48, 54.261, 85.921



3, 4.054, 97.883

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 9.857, 280.522



71, 14.466, 280.925



56, 12.865, 301.460



30, 3.845, 279.840



20, 71.229, 300.844



1, 4.130, 278.966

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 61, 9.732, 97.055 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 9.732, 97.055 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

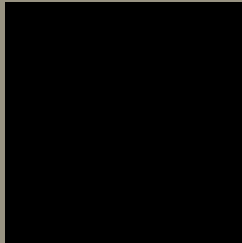
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

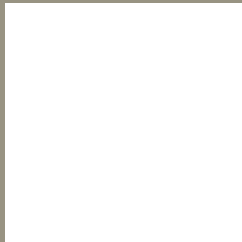
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 9.732, 97.055

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 9.732, 97.055.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 9.732, 97.055.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


61, 9.732, 97.055

Protanopia

61, 9.933, 92.434

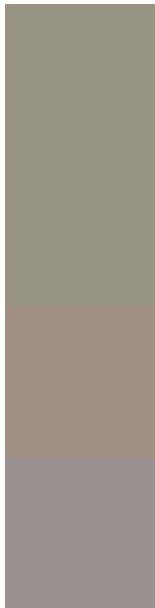
Deuteranopia

61, 12.040, 50.849



Tritanopia
61, 7.752, 327.172

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 9.732, 97.055

Protanomaly
61, 9.824, 94.723

Deuteranomaly
61, 10.392, 64.183

Tritanomaly
61, 3.961, 11.551

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 9.732, 97.055

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 3.446, 96.578

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 9.732, 97.055 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 147, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 147, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 147, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 147, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 9.732, 97.055 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 147, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 147, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 147, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 147, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 147, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 147,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 9.732, 97.055 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 147, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
147, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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