

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 0.796, 25.780)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 0.796, 25.780) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(62, 0.774, 18.906)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	979595
RGB	151, 149, 149
RGB Percent	59%, 58%, 58%
CMY	0.4064, 0.4143, 0.4143
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.41
HSL	0°, 1%, 59%
HSV	0°, 1%, 59%
XYZ	29.0859, 30.4025, 32.9183
YIQ	149.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

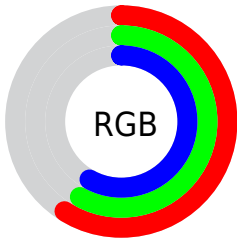
Format	Color
R _Y B	151, 149, 149
Decimal	9934229
CIE Lab	62.00, 0.73, 0.25
CIE LCh	62, 0.774, 18.906
Yxy	30.4025, 0.3148, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288124309 (0xFF979595)
YUV	149.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, -2.3324, 3.2001

Details

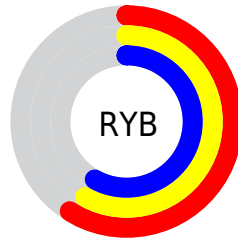
The CIELCh color $62, 0.774, 18.906$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $62, 0.765, 200.033$, and the grayscale version is $62, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $82, 0.731, 18.698$, and $42, 0.835, 19.119$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 6.874, 20.165$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67, 4.878, 199.189$.

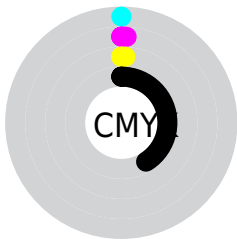
Distribution



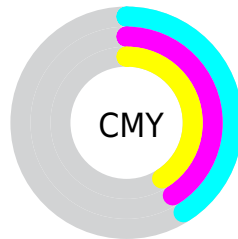
- Red (59%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 0.774, 18.906 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 0.774, 18.906 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 62, 0.774, 18.906 ■ 62, 0.774, 18.906

100, 0.774, 18.906 ■ 52, 0.774, 18.906

■ 82, 0.774, 18.906 ■ 42, 0.774, 18.906

■ 92, 0.774, 18.906 ■ 32, 0.774, 18.906

■ 22, 0.774, 18.906

■ 12, 0.774, 18.906

■ 2, 0.774, 18.906

■ 0, 0.774, 18.906

■ 62, 0.774, 18.906 ■ 62, 0.774, 18.906

■ 58, 6.874, 20.165 ■ 67, 4.878, 199.189

53, 13.453, 21.010

71, 10.118,
198.744

49, 20.510, 22.075

76, 14.989,
198.412

45, 28.008, 23.450

41, 35.849, 25.235

80, 19.534,
198.146

38, 43.865, 27.531

85, 23.792,
197.931

35, 51.814, 30.403

33, 59.355, 33.769

90, 27.800,
197.754

32, 65.864, 37.169

94, 31.559,
197.476

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 0.774, 18.906



62, 0.765, 200.033

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 0.774, 18.906



62, 0.774, 68.906



62, 0.774, 198.906



62, 0.774, 248.906

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 0.773, 19.015



79, 0.010, 296.813



62, 1.374, 324.360



42, 0.006, 296.813



90, 0.011, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 0.773, 19.015



78, 1.449, 19.261



62, 0.670, 74.819



32, 0.668, 19.210



28, 66.094, 39.072



1, 3.591, 19.515

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 0.765, 200.033



79, 1.430, 199.788



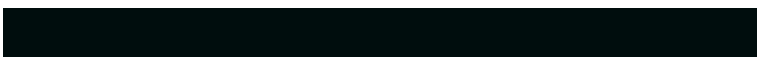
62, 0.680, 256.013



32, 0.660, 199.838



53, 32.059, 196.587



3, 3.590, 199.549

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 0.774, 18.906 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 0.774, 18.906 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

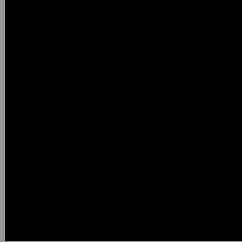
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

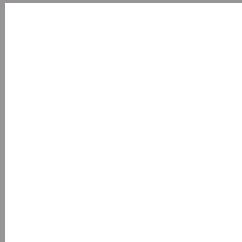
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 0.774, 18.906

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 0.774, 18.906.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 0.774, 18.906.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


62, 0.774, 18.906

Protanopia

62, 1.162, 19.134

Deuteranopia

62, 7.957, 359.612



Tritanopia
62, 6.488, 307.765

Trichromacy



Original Color
62, 0.774, 18.906

Protanomaly
62, 1.162, 19.134

Deuteranomaly
62, 4.980, 0.129

Tritanomaly
62, 4.241, 311.680

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 0.774, 18.906

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 0.008, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 0.774, 18.906 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 149, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 149, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 149, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 149, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 0.774, 18.906 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 149, 149) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 149, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 149, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 149, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 149, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 149,  
149) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 0.774, 18.906 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 149, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
149, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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