

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 10.906, 154.786)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 10.906, 154.786)
contains.

CIELCh(62, 11.071, 153.406)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(62, 11.071, 153.406)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	879B8D
RGB	135, 155, 141
RGB Percent	53%, 61%, 55%
CMY	0.4716, 0.3932, 0.4480
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.09, 0.39
HSL	138°, 9%, 57%
HSV	138°, 13%, 61%
XYZ	26.4185, 30.4025, 29.5766
YIQ	147.4240, -7.4260, -8.5940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

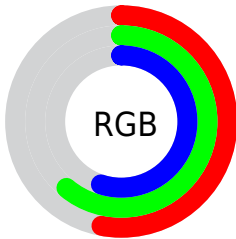
Format	Color
RYB	135, 150, 155
Decimal	8887181
CIELab	62.00, -9.90, 4.96
CIElCh	62, 11.071, 153.406
Yxy	30.4025, 0.3058, 0.3519
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287077261 (0xFF879B8D)
YUV	147.4240, -3.1670, -10.8958
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, -10.9677, 6.7935

Details

The CIELCh color $62, 11.071, 153.406$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $58, 11.139, 335.131$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $82, 10.716, 154.970$, and $42, 11.183, 153.662$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61, 19.678, 152.577$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 2.487, 154.207$.

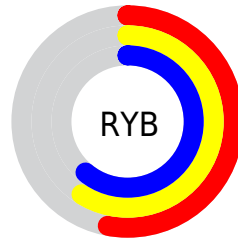
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (61%)

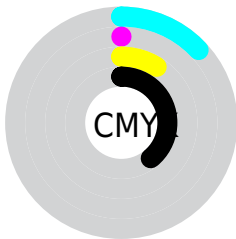
Blue (55%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (61%)

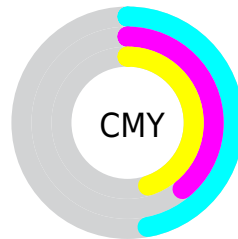


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (47%)


Magenta (39%)


Yellow (45%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 11.071, 153.406 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 11.071, 153.406 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 62, 11.071,
153.406


 62, 11.071,
153.406


 100, 11.071,
153.406


 52, 11.071,
153.406


 82, 11.071,
153.406

 42, 11.071,
153.406

 92, 11.071,
153.406

 32, 11.071,
153.406

 22, 11.071,
153.406

 12, 11.071,
153.406

 2, 11.071, 153.406

 0, 11.071, 153.406

62, 11.071,
153.406

62, 11.071,
153.406

61, 19.678,
152.577

63, 2.487, 154.207

60, 28.194,
151.637

65, 5.996, 334.678

59, 36.489,
150.560

67, 14.315,
335.264

58, 44.414,
149.325

68, 22.427,
335.769

57, 51.809,
147.916

70, 30.307,
336.221

56, 58.524,
146.330

72, 37.940,
336.629

56, 64.431,
144.577

74, 45.323,
337.000

56, 69.445,

76, 51.694,
336.181

142.702

■ 77, 55.622,
331.905

■ 56, 72.542,
141.437

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 11.071, 153.406



58, 11.139, 335.131

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 11.071, 153.406



62, 11.071, 203.406



62, 11.071, 333.406



62, 11.071, 23.406

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 11.073, 153.405



80, 4.225, 154.097



63, 11.390, 121.083



43, 3.029, 154.036



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 11.073, 153.405



78, 17.015, 153.135



62, 7.882, 182.173



32, 4.790, 153.691



51, 67.226, 141.623



3, 5.183, 154.089

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 11.139, 335.131



73, 17.133, 335.375



58, 8.286, 4.413



30, 4.814, 334.865



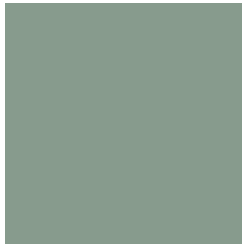
31, 59.412, 344.404



1, 5.122, 334.762

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 11.071, 153.406 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

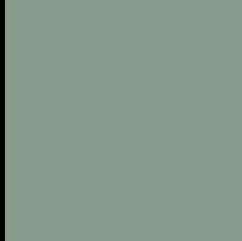
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 11.071, 153.406 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

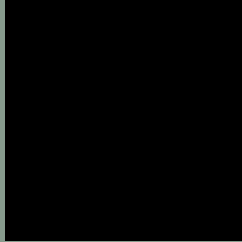
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 11.071, 153.406

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 11.071, 153.406.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 11.071, 153.406.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

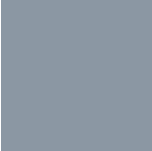
Dichromacy



Original Color
62, 11.071, 153.406

Protanopia
62, 6.588, 88.151

Deuteranopia
62, 8.798, 23.841



Tritanopia
62, 7.944, 257.421

Trichromacy



Original Color
62, 11.071, 153.406

Protanomaly
62, 6.817, 119.435

Deuteranomaly
62, 4.337, 70.116

Tritanomaly
62, 5.800, 215.919

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 11.071, 153.406

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 3.920, 153.479

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 11.071, 153.406 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 155, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 155, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 155, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 155, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 11.071, 153.406 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 155, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 155, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 155, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 155, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 155, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 155,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 11.071, 153.406 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 155, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
155, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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