

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 11.656, 206.367)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 11.656, 206.367)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(62, 11.911, 206.568)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B9C9F
RGB	123, 156, 159
RGB Percent	48%, 61%, 62%
CMY	0.5184, 0.3890, 0.3773
CMYK	0.23, 0.02, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	185°, 16%, 55%
HSV	185°, 23%, 62%
XYZ	26.2359, 30.4025, 37.1951
YIQ	146.4750, -20.6310, -6.0630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

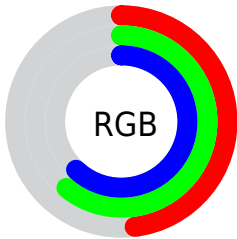
Format	Color
RYB	123, 140, 159
Decimal	8101023
CIELab	62.00, -10.65, -5.33
CIElCh	62, 11.911, 206.568
Yxy	30.4025, 0.2796, 0.3240
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286291103 (0xFF7B9C9F)
YUV	146.4750, 6.1748, -20.5876
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, -11.5588, -1.3986

Details

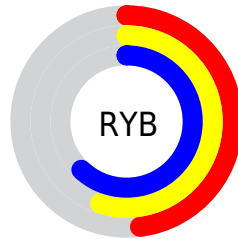
The CIELCh color **62, 11.911, 206.568** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **56, 13.868, 27.860**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82, 12.118, 206.167**, and **42, 12.011, 206.787** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 16.544, 206.513**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 6.862, 206.728**.

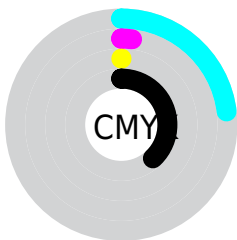
Distribution



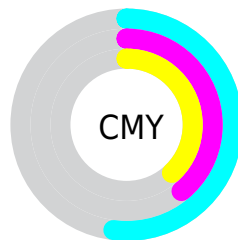
- Red (48%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)





- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (38%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 11.911, 206.568 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 11.911, 206.568 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 62, 11.911,
206.568


 62, 11.911,
206.568


 100, 11.911,
206.568


 52, 11.911,
206.568


 82, 11.911,
206.568

 42, 11.911,
206.568

 92, 11.911,
206.568

 32, 11.911,
206.568

 22, 11.911,
206.568

 12, 11.911,
206.568

 2, 11.911, 206.568

 0, 11.911, 206.568

62, 11.911,
206.568

62, 11.911,
206.568

61, 16.544,
206.513

63, 6.862, 206.728

59, 20.672,
206.592

65, 1.481, 207.192

67, 4.156, 27.040

58, 24.212,
206.820

68, 9.981, 27.432

57, 27.093,
207.225

70, 15.939, 27.810

72, 21.982, 28.204

57, 29.267,
207.834

74, 28.075, 28.611

56, 30.723,
208.678

76, 34.187, 29.025

77, 35.901, 29.905

55, 31.497,
209.782

55, 31.798,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 11.911, 206.568



56, 13.868, 27.860

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 11.911, 206.568



62, 11.911, 256.568



62, 11.911, 26.568



62, 11.911, 76.568

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 11.911, 206.562



82, 4.766, 206.890



62, 23.551, 144.807



43, 3.117, 206.870



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 11.911, 206.562



78, 17.279, 206.524



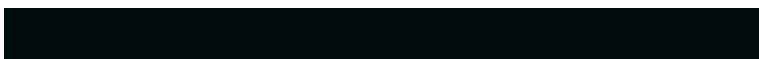
57, 12.739, 265.598



33, 3.080, 206.818



50, 29.440, 210.559



3, 4.065, 208.734

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 23.310, 328.037



69, 34.383, 328.314



60, 13.198, 79.404



31, 5.766, 327.263



33, 70.394, 331.771



1, 7.410, 327.303

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 11.911, 206.568 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

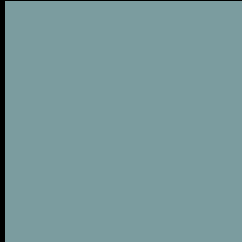
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 11.911, 206.568 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

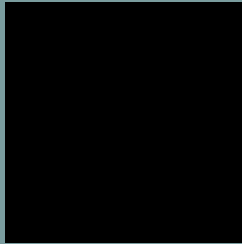
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 11.911, 206.568

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 11.911, 206.568.

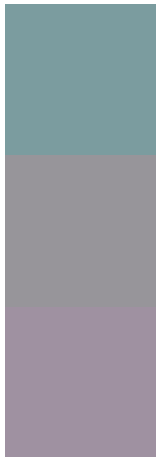


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 11.911, 206.568.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
62, 11.911, 206.568

Protanopia
62, 2.924, 305.632

Deuteranopia
62, 10.488, 321.446



Tritanopia
62, 12.597, 231.088

Trichromacy



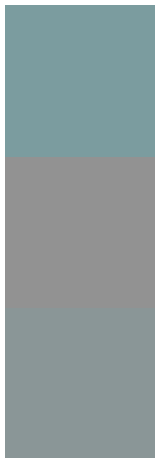
Original Color
62, 11.911, 206.568

Protanomaly
62, 4.629, 236.618

Deuteranomaly
62, 6.260, 280.582

Tritanomaly
62, 11.934, 223.721

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 11.911, 206.568

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 4.551, 206.199

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 11.911, 206.568 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 156, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 156, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 156, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 156, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 11.911, 206.568 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 156, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 156, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 156, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 156, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 156, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 156,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 11.911, 206.568 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 156, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
156, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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