

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 11.745, 323.555)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 11.745, 323.555)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(62, 11.357, 323.364)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A191A2
RGB	161, 145, 162
RGB Percent	63%, 57%, 64%
CMY	0.3689, 0.4317, 0.3650
CMYK	0.01, 0.10, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	296°, 8%, 60%
HSV	296°, 10%, 63%
XYZ	31.3108, 30.4025, 38.3642
YIQ	151.7220, 4.0790, 8.6790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

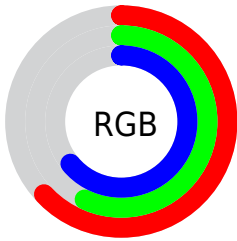
Format	Color
RYB	161, 145, 162
Decimal	10588578
CIELab	62.00, 9.11, -6.78
CIElCh	62, 11.357, 323.364
Yxy	30.4025, 0.3129, 0.3038
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288778658 (0xFFA191A2)
YUV	151.7220, 5.0671, 8.1368
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, 4.8702, -2.6558

Details

The CIELCh color $62, 11.357, 323.364$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $65, 11.327, 142.313$, and the grayscale version is $63, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $82, 11.386, 323.349$, and $42, 10.739, 323.278$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 22.275, 323.873$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66, 0.539, 322.497$.

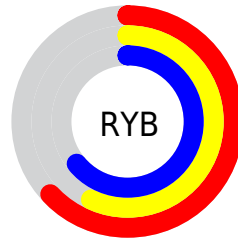
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (57%)

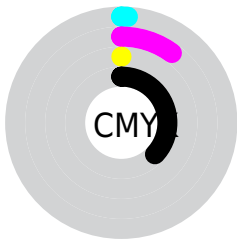
Blue (64%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (64%)

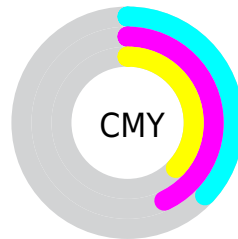


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)


Magenta (43%)


Yellow (37%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 11.357, 323.364 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 11.357, 323.364 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 62, 11.357,
323.364


 62, 11.357,
323.364


 100, 11.357,
323.364


 52, 11.357,
323.364


 82, 11.357,
323.364

 42, 11.357,
323.364

 92, 11.357,
323.364

 32, 11.357,
323.364

 22, 11.357,
323.364

 12, 11.357,
323.364

 2, 11.357, 323.364

 0, 11.357, 323.364

62, 11.357,
323.364

62, 11.357,
323.364

58, 22.275,
323.873

66, 0.539, 322.497

54, 33.146,
324.364

71, 10.074,
142.418

50, 43.744,
324.828

75, 20.426,
141.937

46, 53.767,
325.245

80, 30.485,
141.487

43, 62.835,
325.593

84, 40.239,
141.063

41, 70.523,
325.851

89, 49.688,
140.666


39, 76.439,
325.998


93, 56.976,
140.320

37, 80.331,

93, 56.795,
140.077

326.021

 93, 56.614,
139.831

 37, 82.546,
325.953

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 11.357, 323.364



65, 11.327, 142.313

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 11.357, 323.364



62, 11.357, 13.364



62, 11.357, 143.364



62, 11.357, 193.364

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 11.355, 323.364



83, 4.019, 322.948



61, 8.941, 288.491



44, 3.072, 323.000



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 11.355, 323.364



78, 17.519, 323.506



62, 8.530, 340.996



32, 6.154, 323.300



33, 76.262, 325.973



1, 9.468, 322.347

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 6.731, 15.251



77, 10.469, 15.504



65, 8.444, 159.447



32, 3.636, 15.141



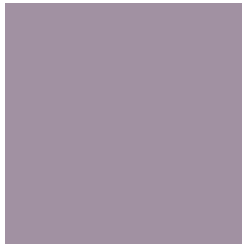
30, 66.038, 36.878



1, 5.486, 14.979

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 11.357, 323.364 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 11.357, 323.364 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

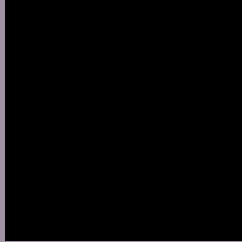
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 11.357, 323.364

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 11.357, 323.364.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 11.357, 323.364.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

62, 11.357, 323.364

Protanopia

62, 8.424, 288.592

Deuteranopia

62, 10.289, 319.598



Tritanopia
62, 8.215, 331.539

Trichromacy



Original Color
62, 11.357, 323.364

Protanomaly
62, 8.658, 303.548

Deuteranomaly
62, 10.476, 321.444

Tritanomaly
62, 9.082, 326.883

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 11.357, 323.364

Achromatopsia
63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 4.573, 320.654

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 11.357, 323.364 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 145, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 145, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 145, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 145, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 11.357, 323.364 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 145, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 145, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 145, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 145, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 145, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 145,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 11.357, 323.364 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 145, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
145, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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