

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 13.377, 23.016)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 13.377, 23.016) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(62, 13.347, 23.076)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AF8E8D
RGB	175, 142, 141
RGB Percent	69%, 56%, 55%
CMY	0.3135, 0.4430, 0.4469
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.19, 0.31
HSL	2°, 18%, 62%
HSV	2°, 19%, 69%
XYZ	32.1799, 30.4025, 29.3884
YIQ	151.7530, 19.9890, 6.6850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

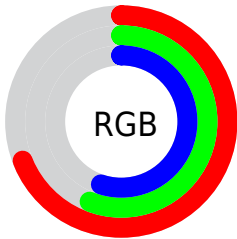
Format	Color
RYB	175, 142, 141
Decimal	11505293
CIELab	62.00, 12.28, 5.23
CIElCh	62, 13.347, 23.076
Yxy	30.4025, 0.3499, 0.3306
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289695373 (0xFFAF8E8D)
YUV	151.7530, -5.3012, 20.3876
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, 7.6836, 6.9958

Details

The CIELCh color $62, 13.347, 23.076$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be $69, 11.750, 201.176$, and the grayscale version is $63, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $82, 13.251, 22.667$, and $42, 13.229, 23.747$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57, 21.017, 23.998$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67, 6.224, 22.358$.

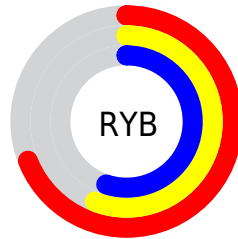
Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (56%)

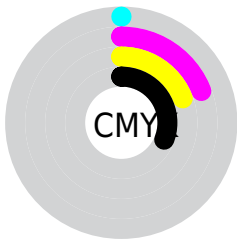
Blue (55%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (55%)

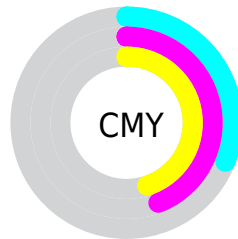


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 13.347, 23.076 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 13.347, 23.076 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 62, 13.347, 23.076

■ 62, 13.347, 23.076

■ 100, 13.347,
23.076

■ 52, 13.347, 23.076

■ 82, 13.347, 23.076

■ 42, 13.347, 23.076

■ 92, 13.347, 23.076

■ 32, 13.347, 23.076

■ 22, 13.347, 23.076

■ 12, 13.347, 23.076

■ 2, 13.347, 23.076

■ 0, 13.347, 23.076

■ 62, 13.347, 23.076

■ 62, 13.347, 23.076

■ 57, 21.017, 23.998

■ 67, 6.224, 22.358

53, 29.218, 25.193

72, 0.365, 203.296

49, 37.870, 26.758

77, 6.456, 201.600

45, 46.820, 28.785

82, 12.099,
201.260

42, 55.827, 31.337

87, 17.342,
201.015

39, 64.522, 34.354

37, 72.223, 37.446

92, 22.233,
200.829

36, 78.064, 40.122

95, 25.373,
197.853

36, 78.395, 40.290

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 13.347, 23.076



69, 11.750, 201.176

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 13.347, 23.076



62, 13.347, 73.076



62, 13.347, 203.076



62, 13.347, 253.076

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 13.346, 23.084



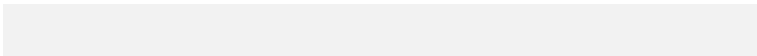
87, 4.830, 22.124



63, 22.623, 325.934



46, 3.238, 22.170



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 13.346, 23.084



76, 19.824, 23.419



66, 11.765, 74.786



34, 3.708, 22.349



31, 69.578, 39.898



2, 7.615, 21.460

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 11.750, 201.176



86, 16.961, 201.030



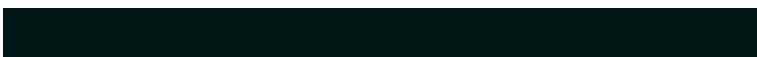
64, 11.248, 259.973



36, 3.497, 201.617



55, 32.474, 201.053



6, 7.472, 203.200

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 13.347, 23.076 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

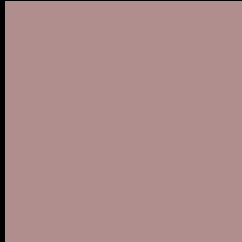
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 13.347, 23.076 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

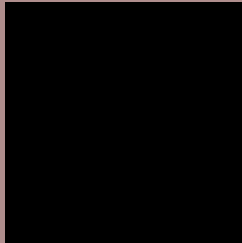
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 13.347, 23.076

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 13.347, 23.076.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 13.347, 23.076.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

62, 13.347, 23.076

Protanopia

62, 2.959, 68.418

Deuteranopia

62, 9.517, 33.738



Tritanopia
62, 15.432, 357.619

Trichromacy



Original Color
62, 13.347, 23.076

Protanomaly
62, 6.441, 29.907

Deuteranomaly
62, 11.015, 29.107

Tritanomaly
62, 14.310, 7.389

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 13.347, 23.076

Achromatopsia
63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 4.703, 19.764

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 13.347, 23.076 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 142, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 142, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 142, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 142, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 13.347, 23.076 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 142, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 142, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 142, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 142, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 142, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 142,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 13.347, 23.076 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 142, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
142, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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