

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 14.646, 145.648)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 14.646, 145.648)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(62, 14.852, 145.983)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	859C87
RGB	133, 156, 135
RGB Percent	52%, 61%, 53%
CMY	0.4794, 0.3892, 0.4715
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.13, 0.39
HSL	125°, 10%, 57%
HSV	125°, 15%, 61%
XYZ	25.8373, 30.4025, 27.3388
YIQ	146.7290, -6.9670, -11.4070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

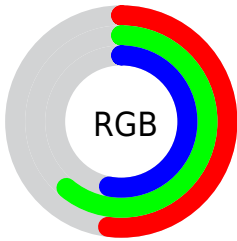
Format	Color
RYB	133, 154, 156
Decimal	8756359
CIELab	62.00, -12.31, 8.31
CIElCh	62, 14.852, 145.983
Yxy	30.4025, 0.3091, 0.3638
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286946439 (0xFF859C87)
YUV	146.7290, -5.7824, -12.0403
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, -12.8492, 9.1997

Details

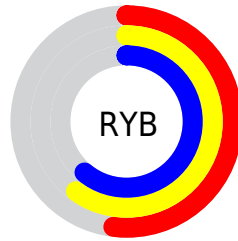
The CIELCh color $62, 14.852, 145.983$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $58, 14.878, 327.695$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $82, 15.318, 145.961$, and $42, 15.242, 145.704$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61, 24.973, 145.227$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 4.760, 146.658$.

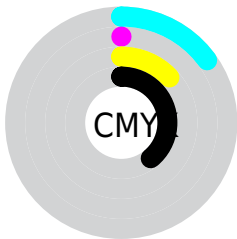
Distribution



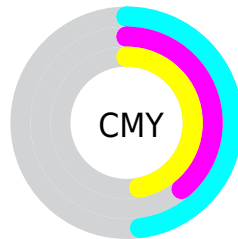
- Red (52%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (39%)





- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (47%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 14.852, 145.983 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 14.852, 145.983 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 62, 14.852,
145.983


 62, 14.852,
145.983


 100, 14.852,
145.983


 52, 14.852,
145.983


 82, 14.852,
145.983

 42, 14.852,
145.983

 92, 14.852,
145.983

 32, 14.852,
145.983

 22, 14.852,
145.983

 12, 14.852,
145.983

 2, 14.852, 145.983

 0, 14.852, 145.983

■ 62, 14.852,
145.983

■ 62, 14.852,
145.983

■ 61, 24.973,
145.227

■ 64, 4.760, 146.658

■ 59, 34.972,
144.352

■ 65, 5.199, 327.114

■ 58, 44.664,
143.348

■ 67, 14.947,
327.614

■ 58, 53.821,
142.214

■ 69, 24.434,
328.025

■ 57, 62.180,
140.971

■ 71, 33.632,
328.376

■ 56, 69.448,
139.669

■ 73, 42.527,
328.681


■ 56, 75.323,
138.399


■ 75, 51.117,
328.945

■ 56, 79.539,

■ 77, 59.029,
328.460

137.286

 77, 61.663,
326.540

 56, 81.129,
136.896

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 14.852, 145.983



58, 14.878, 327.695

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 14.852, 145.983



62, 14.852, 195.983



62, 14.852, 325.983



62, 14.852, 15.983

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 14.854, 145.983



80, 4.924, 146.707



64, 12.780, 112.247



43, 3.530, 146.656



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 14.854, 145.983



78, 22.361, 145.725



62, 10.318, 167.129



33, 5.740, 146.358



51, 75.988, 136.977



3, 7.505, 146.751

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 14.878, 327.695



72, 22.396, 327.901



58, 10.594, 349.700



31, 5.751, 327.375



33, 70.192, 331.945



1, 7.387, 327.437

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 14.852, 145.983 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 14.852, 145.983 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

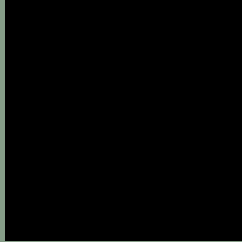
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 14.852, 145.983

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 14.852, 145.983.

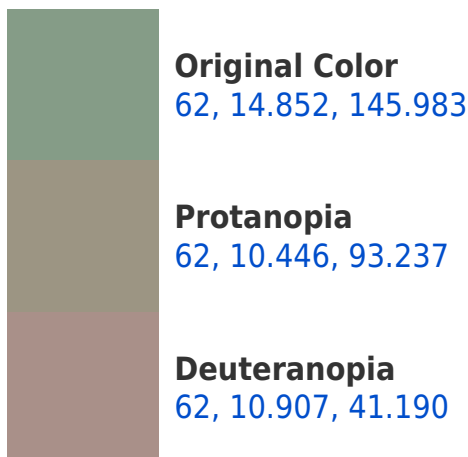


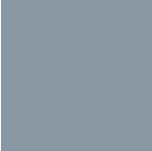
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 14.852, 145.983.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
62, 8.333, 253.236

Trichromacy



Original Color
62, 14.852, 145.983

Protanomaly
62, 10.681, 115.469

Deuteranomaly
62, 7.434, 83.794

Tritanomaly
62, 6.358, 198.888

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 14.852, 145.983

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 5.722, 147.302

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 14.852, 145.983 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 156, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 156, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 156, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 156, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 14.852, 145.983 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 156, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 156, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 156, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 156, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 156, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 156,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 14.852, 145.983 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 156, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
156, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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