

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 15.180, 83.445)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 15.180, 83.445) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(62, 15.323, 84.527)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3947B
RGB	163, 148, 123
RGB Percent	64%, 58%, 48%
CMY	0.3607, 0.4195, 0.5176
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.25, 0.36
HSL	38°, 18%, 56%
HSV	38°, 25%, 64%
XYZ	29.2752, 30.4025, 23.0687
YIQ	149.6350, 16.9650, -4.5950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

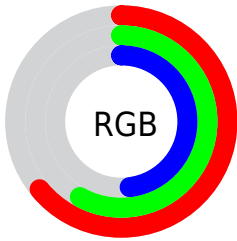
Format	Color
RYB	147, 163, 123
Decimal	10720379
CIELab	62.00, 1.46, 15.25
CIElCh	62, 15.323, 84.527
Yxy	30.4025, 0.3538, 0.3674
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288910459 (0xFFA3947B)
YUV	149.6350, -13.1311, 11.7211
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, -1.7198, 13.7914

Details

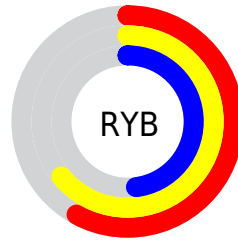
The CIELCh color $62, 15.323, 84.527$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $57, 15.046, 271.272$, and the grayscale version is $62, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $82, 15.066, 84.636$, and $42, 15.304, 83.223$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 21.844, 83.206$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 8.958, 85.820$.

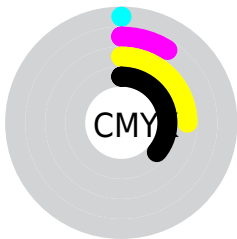
Distribution



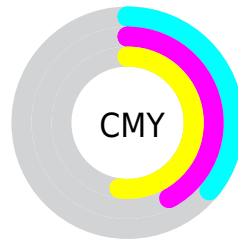
- Red (64%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 15.323, 84.527 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 15.323, 84.527 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 62, 15.323, 84.527

■ 62, 15.323, 84.527

■ 100, 15.323,
84.527

■ 52, 15.323, 84.527

■ 82, 15.323, 84.527

■ 42, 15.323, 84.527

■ 92, 15.323, 84.527

■ 32, 15.323, 84.527

■ 22, 15.323, 84.527

■ 12, 15.323, 84.527

■ 2, 15.323, 84.527

■ 0, 15.323, 84.527

■ 62, 15.323, 84.527

■ 62, 15.323, 84.527

■ 60, 21.844, 83.206

■ 64, 8.958, 85.820

■ 58, 28.488, 81.838

■ 66, 2.755, 87.017

■ 56, 35.184, 80.425

■ 68, 3.290, 268.383

■ 54, 41.784, 78.947

■ 70, 9.185, 269.502

■ 53, 48.011, 77.352

■ 72, 14.942,
270.606

■ 51, 53.386, 75.534

■ 75, 20.572,
271.665

■ 49, 57.249, 73.309

■ 77, 26.088,
272.674

■ 49, 59.065, 72.057

■ 79, 31.500,
273.633

■ 81, 29.734,
268.277

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 15.323, 84.527



57, 15.046, 271.272

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 15.323, 84.527



62, 15.323, 134.527



62, 15.323, 264.527



62, 15.323, 314.527

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 15.324, 84.535



83, 5.279, 86.726



56, 18.161, 352.862



44, 3.460, 86.661



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 15.324, 84.535



78, 22.545, 83.875



66, 22.005, 112.852



34, 3.463, 86.472



44, 54.290, 72.389



3, 5.065, 82.404

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 15.046, 271.272



70, 22.047, 272.187



53, 23.258, 297.016



32, 3.448, 268.900



26, 58.861, 293.333



2, 5.543, 270.623

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 15.323, 84.527 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 15.323, 84.527 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

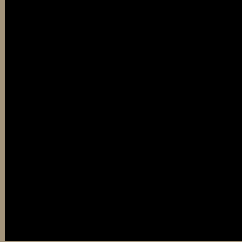
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 15.323, 84.527

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 15.323, 84.527.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 15.323, 84.527.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

62, 15.323, 84.527

Protanopia

62, 14.865, 95.691

Deuteranopia

62, 16.654, 61.986



Tritanopia
62, 10.856, 345.985

Trichromacy



Original Color
62, 15.323, 84.527

Protanomaly
62, 14.685, 90.516

Deuteranomaly
62, 15.541, 68.615

Tritanomaly
62, 8.457, 27.720

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 15.323, 84.527

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 5.555, 84.181

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 15.323, 84.527 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 148, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 148, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 148, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 148, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 15.323, 84.527 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 148, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 148, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 148, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 148, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 148, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 148,  
123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 15.323, 84.527 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 148, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
148, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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