

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 16.555, 286.392)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 16.555, 286.392)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(62, 16.879, 287.226)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9094B2
RGB	144, 148, 178
RGB Percent	56%, 58%, 70%
CMY	0.4346, 0.4189, 0.3012
CMYK	0.19, 0.17, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	233°, 18%, 63%
HSV	233°, 19%, 70%
XYZ	30.2048, 30.4025, 46.4927
YIQ	150.2240, -12.0140, 8.4820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

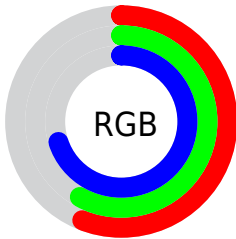
Format	Color
RYB	144, 148, 178
Decimal	9475250
CIELab	62.00, 5.00, -16.12
CIElCh	62, 16.879, 287.226
Yxy	30.4025, 0.2820, 0.2839
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287665330 (0xFF9094B2)
YUV	150.2240, 13.6936, -5.4584
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, 1.2898, -11.3963

Details

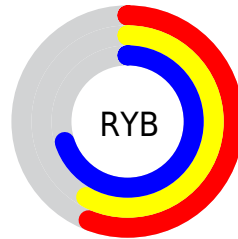
The CIELCh color $62, 16.879, 287.226$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $71, 16.351, 102.913$, and the grayscale version is $62, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $82, 17.002, 287.080$, and $42, 16.975, 287.699$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 26.184, 288.722$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68, 7.900, 285.949$.

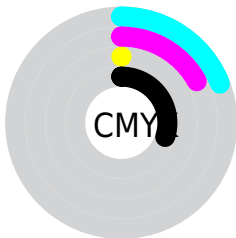
Distribution



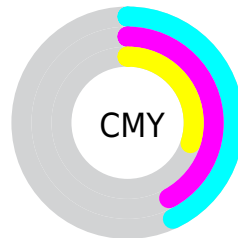
- Red (56%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)





- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (30%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 16.879, 287.226 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 16.879, 287.226 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 62, 16.879,
287.226


 62, 16.879,
287.226


 100, 16.879,
287.226


 52, 16.879,
287.226


 82, 16.879,
287.226

 42, 16.879,
287.226

 92, 16.879,
287.226

 32, 16.879,
287.226

 22, 16.879,
287.226

 12, 16.879,
287.226

 2, 16.879, 287.226

 0, 16.879, 287.226

62, 16.879,
287.226

62, 16.879,
287.226

56, 26.184,
288.722

68, 7.900, 285.949

51, 35.847,
290.473

73, 0.774, 104.704

79, 9.166, 103.887

45, 45.890,
292.501

84, 17.296,
103.081

40, 56.305,
294.806

90, 25.179,
102.379

35, 66.991,
297.336

95, 32.829,
101.767

30, 77.634,
299.959

98, 38.537,
107.238

26, 87.525,
302.438

23, 95.553,

304.432

■ 23, 96.164,
304.570

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 16.879, 287.226



71, 16.351, 102.913

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 16.879, 287.226



62, 16.879, 337.226



62, 16.879, 107.226



62, 16.879, 157.226

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 16.878, 287.224



88, 6.439, 285.611



70, 12.534, 186.934



47, 4.309, 285.682



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 16.878, 287.224



76, 25.405, 287.841



62, 19.720, 305.341



35, 4.934, 285.977



19, 85.274, 304.346



1, 12.124, 286.244

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 13.703, 11.461



78, 20.736, 11.966



71, 19.078, 123.300



35, 3.951, 10.438



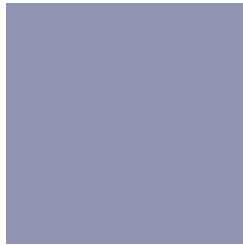
31, 66.454, 34.162



2, 9.251, 11.891

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 16.879, 287.226 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

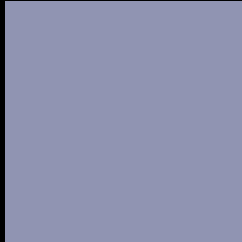
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 16.879, 287.226 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

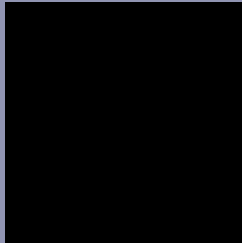
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 16.879, 287.226

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 16.879, 287.226.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 16.879, 287.226.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

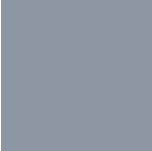
62, 16.879, 287.226

Protanopia

62, 16.904, 286.047

Deuteranopia

62, 18.642, 296.552



Tritanopia
62, 7.589, 262.033

Trichromacy



Original Color
62, 16.879, 287.226

Protanomaly
62, 16.904, 286.047

Deuteranomaly
62, 17.996, 293.256

Tritanomaly
62, 10.979, 276.103

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 16.879, 287.226

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 6.184, 287.401

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 16.879, 287.226 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 148, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 148, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 148, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 148, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 16.879, 287.226 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 148, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 148, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 148, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 148, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 148, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 148,  
178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 16.879, 287.226 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 148, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
148, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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