

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 2.953, 318.919)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 2.953, 318.919) contains.

CIELCh(62, 2.540, 317.340)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(62, 2.540, 317.340)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	989599
RGB	152, 149, 153
RGB Percent	60%, 58%, 60%
CMY	0.4045, 0.4163, 0.4006
CMYK	0.01, 0.03, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	285°, 2%, 59%
HSV	285°, 3%, 60%
XYZ	29.3810, 30.4025, 34.3906
YIQ	150.3530, 0.5040, 1.8800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

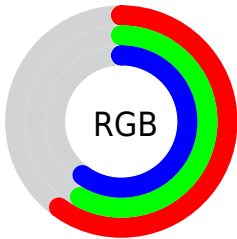
Format	Color
R_{YB}	152, 149, 153
Decimal	9999769
CIE _{Lab}	62.00, 1.87, -1.72
CIE _{LCh}	62, 2.540, 317.340
Yxy	30.4025, 0.3120, 0.3228
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288189849 (0xFF989599)
YUV	150.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, -1.3771, 1.6170

Details

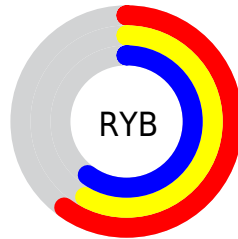
The CIELCh color $62, 2.540, 317.340$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63, 2.520, 137.245$, and the grayscale version is $62, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $82, 2.403, 317.293$, and $42, 2.733, 317.406$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 12.347, 317.804$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66, 7.056, 137.020$.

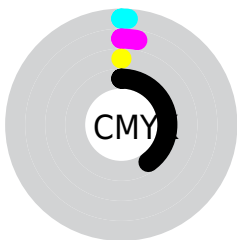
Distribution



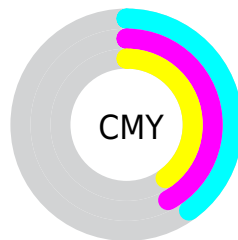
- Red (60%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 2.540, 317.340 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 2.540, 317.340 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 62, 2.540, 317.340

■ 62, 2.540, 317.340

100, 2.540,
317.340

■ 52, 2.540, 317.340

■ 82, 2.540, 317.340

■ 42, 2.540, 317.340

■ 92, 2.540, 317.340

■ 32, 2.540, 317.340

■ 22, 2.540, 317.340

■ 12, 2.540, 317.340

■ 2, 2.540, 317.340

■ 0, 2.540, 317.340

■ 62, 2.540, 317.340

■ 62, 2.540, 317.340

■ 58, 12.347,

■ 66, 7.056, 137.020

317.804

71, 16.403,
136.630

53, 22.310,
318.238

75, 25.489,
136.277

49, 32.324,
318.664

80, 34.311,
135.953

45, 42.227,
319.064

84, 42.873,
135.658

41, 51.777,
319.411

89, 51.186,
135.391

38, 60.634,
319.669

93, 58.781,
135.103

35, 68.372,
319.791

93, 58.114,
134.022

32, 74.524,
319.724

94, 57.463,
132.900

30, 78.707,
319.421

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 2.540, 317.340



63, 2.520, 137.245

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 2.540, 317.340



62, 2.540, 7.340



62, 2.540, 137.340



62, 2.540, 187.340

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 2.538, 317.335



80, 1.207, 317.172



62, 1.693, 276.493



42, 0.685, 317.159



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 2.538, 317.335



79, 3.610, 317.362



62, 2.325, 331.771



32, 2.197, 317.397



26, 76.008, 319.169



1, 5.895, 316.899

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 1.653, 359.495



79, 2.353, 359.571



63, 2.310, 151.672



32, 1.433, 359.664



29, 57.183, 24.063



1, 3.835, 359.809

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 2.540, 317.340 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

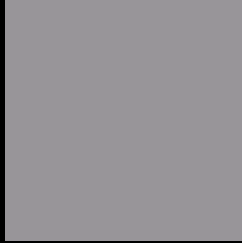
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 2.540, 317.340 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

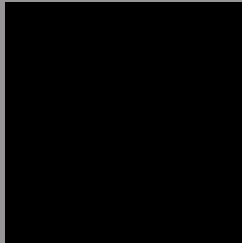
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 2.540, 317.340

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 2.540, 317.340.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 2.540, 317.340.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


62, 2.540, 317.340

Protanopia

62, 2.387, 309.139

Deuteranopia

62, 8.317, 342.899



Tritanopia
62, 6.488, 307.765

Trichromacy



Original Color

62, 2.540, 317.340

Protanomaly

62, 2.387, 309.139

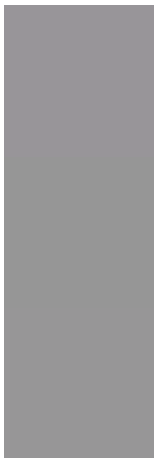
Deuteranomaly

62, 6.476, 336.142

Tritanomaly

62, 5.427, 311.201

Monochromacy



Original Color

62, 2.540, 317.340

Achromatopsia

62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly

62, 0.691, 324.174

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 2.540, 317.340 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 149, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 149, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 149, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 149, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 2.540, 317.340 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 149, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 149, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 149, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 149, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 149, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 149,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 2.540, 317.340 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 149, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
149, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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