

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 25.098, 238.950)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(62, 25.098, 238.950)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(62, 25.086, 238.931)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5C9EBB
RGB	92, 158, 187
RGB Percent	36%, 62%, 73%
CMY	0.6384, 0.3796, 0.2659
CMYK	0.51, 0.15, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	198°, 41%, 55%
HSV	198°, 51%, 73%
XYZ	25.6855, 30.4025, 51.6409
YIQ	141.5720, -48.6450, -4.9730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

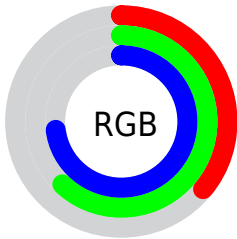
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	92, 131, 187
Decimal	6069947
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	62.00, -12.95, -21.49
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	62, 25.086, 238.931
Yxy	30.4025, 0.2384, 0.2822
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284260027 (0xFF5C9EBB)
YUV	141.5720, 22.3960, -43.4746
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, -13.3408, -16.9321

# Details

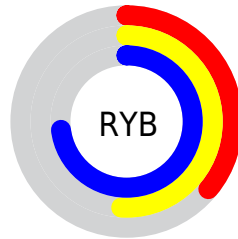
The CIELCh color **62, 25.086, 238.931** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. A complement of this color would be **57, 34.806, 49.569**, and the grayscale version is **59, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82, 24.944, 238.251**, and **42, 25.078, 238.712** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 28.790, 241.430**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65, 20.899, 236.930**.

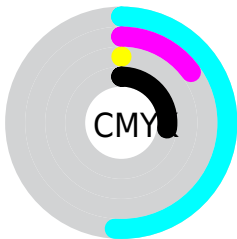
# Distribution



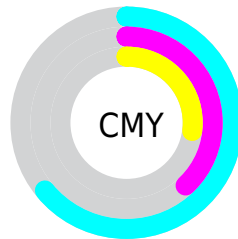
- Red (36%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)




- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 25.086, 238.931 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 25.086, 238.931 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 62, 25.086,  
238.931


 62, 25.086,  
238.931


 100, 25.086,  
238.931


 52, 25.086,  
238.931


 82, 25.086,  
238.931

 42, 25.086,  
238.931

 92, 25.086,  
238.931

 32, 25.086,  
238.931

 22, 25.086,  
238.931

 12, 25.086,  
238.931

 2, 25.086, 238.931

 0, 25.086, 238.931

62, 25.086,  
238.931

62, 25.086,  
238.931

60, 28.790,  
241.430

65, 20.899,  
236.930

57, 31.997,  
244.518

67, 16.278,  
235.343

55, 34.739,  
248.263

70, 11.282,  
234.095

53, 37.110,  
252.681

73, 5.977, 233.136

51, 39.168,  
257.158

76, 0.425, 233.394

79, 5.319, 51.555

82, 11.207, 51.110

85, 17.198, 50.735

87, 21.313, 53.392



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 25.086, 238.931



57, 34.806, 49.569

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 25.086, 238.931



62, 25.086, 288.931



62, 25.086, 58.931



62, 25.086, 108.931

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 25.085, 238.930



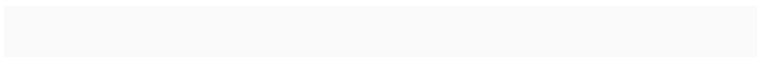
90, 10.190, 233.532



69, 49.847, 149.512



48, 6.975, 233.739



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 25.085, 238.930



75, 35.450, 241.779



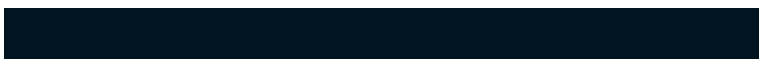
49, 44.704, 288.856



38, 3.183, 233.027



44, 34.352, 256.442



6, 9.704, 246.140



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 50.050, 338.471



63, 71.805, 339.612



69, 41.565, 94.398



37, 5.706, 335.104



35, 64.507, 345.014



3, 16.008, 340.107



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 25.086, 238.931 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

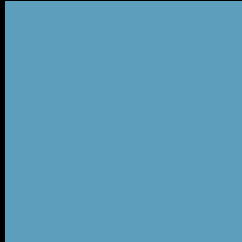
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 25.086, 238.931 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

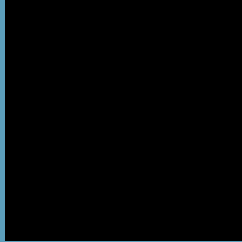
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 62, 25.086, 238.931**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 25.086, 238.931.

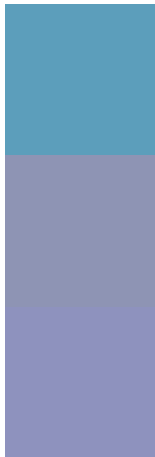


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 25.086, 238.931.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
62, 25.086, 238.931

**Protanopia**  
62, 18.047, 285.476

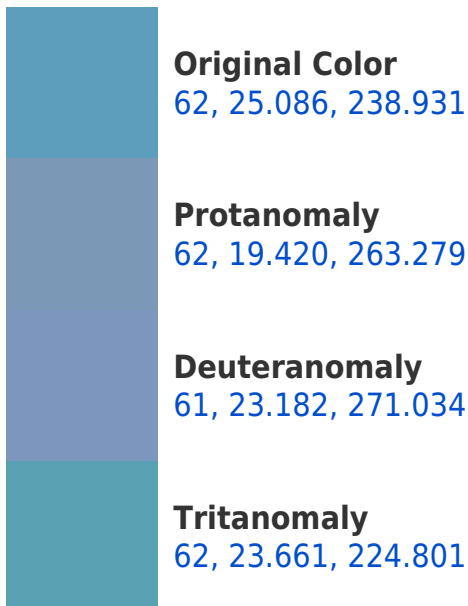
**Deuteranopia**  
62, 24.745, 289.725



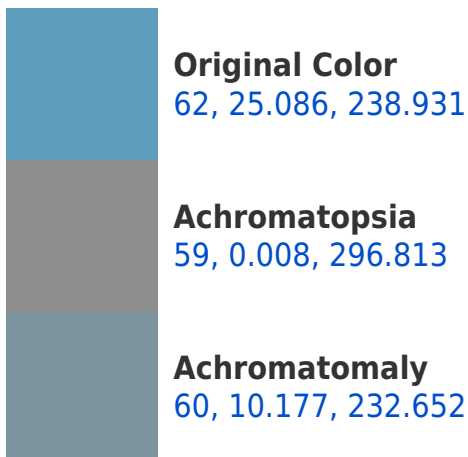


**Tritanopia**  
62, 23.641, 215.728

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 25.086, 238.931 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 158, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 158, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 158, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 158, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 25.086, 238.931 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

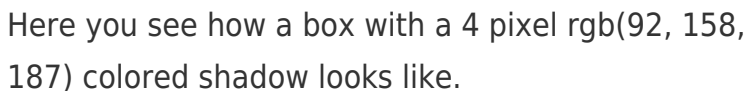
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 158, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 158, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 158, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 158, 187); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 158, 187); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 158, 187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 25.086, 238.931 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 158, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 158,  
187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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