

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 27.303, 207.086)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(62, 27.303, 207.086)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(62, 27.413, 206.697)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	48A3AB
RGB	72, 163, 171
RGB Percent	28%, 64%, 67%
CMY	0.7187, 0.3618, 0.3304
CMYK	0.58, 0.05, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	185°, 41%, 48%
HSV	185°, 58%, 67%
XYZ	23.0307, 30.4025, 43.0563
YIQ	136.7030, -56.8040, -16.8040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

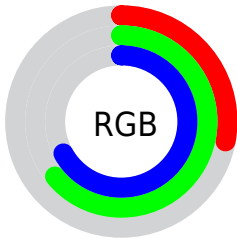
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">72, 119, 171</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4760491</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">62.00, -24.49, -12.32</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">62, 27.413, 206.697</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">30.4025, 0.2387, 0.3151</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282950571</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF48A3AB</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">136.7030, 16.9084, -56.7445</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">55.1385, -21.9351, -7.7011</a>




# Details

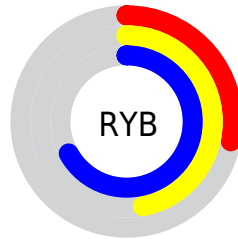
The CIELCh color **62, 27.413, 206.697** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **45, 43.020, 31.607**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82, 27.312, 206.613**, and **42, 26.251, 207.360** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 30.052, 207.190**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 24.035, 206.391**.

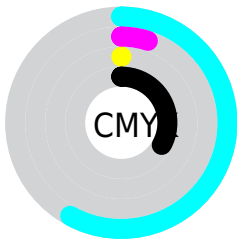
# Distribution







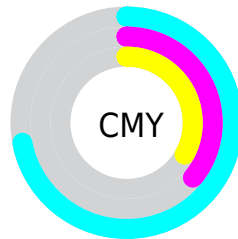
-  Red (28%)
-  Green (64%)
-  Blue (67%)






-  Red (28%)
-  Yellow (47%)
-  Blue (67%)



-  Cyan (58%)
-  Magenta (5%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (33%)




-  Cyan (72%)
-  Magenta (36%)
-  Yellow (33%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 27.413, 206.697 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 27.413, 206.697 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 62, 27.413,  
206.697


 62, 27.413,  
206.697


 100, 27.413,  
206.697


 52, 27.413,  
206.697


 82, 27.413,  
206.697

 42, 27.413,  
206.697

 92, 27.413,  
206.697

 32, 27.413,  
206.697

 22, 27.413,  
206.697

 12, 27.413,  
206.697

 2, 27.413, 206.697

 0, 27.413, 206.697

62, 27.413,  
206.697

62, 27.413,  
206.697

61, 30.052,  
207.190

63, 24.035,  
206.391

60, 31.925,  
207.903

64, 19.984,  
206.249

60, 33.045,  
208.862

66, 15.342,  
206.244

59, 33.532,  
210.063

67, 10.204,  
206.359

59, 33.608,  
210.311

69, 4.662, 206.604

70, 1.197, 26.342

72, 7.293, 27.001

74, 13.560, 27.386

76, 19.944, 27.781



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 27.413, 206.697



45, 43.020, 31.607

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 27.413, 206.697



62, 27.413, 256.697



62, 27.413, 26.697



62, 27.413, 76.697

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 27.413, 206.695



85, 11.954, 206.371



62, 61.791, 141.226



45, 8.011, 206.338



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 27.413, 206.695



77, 37.378, 207.396



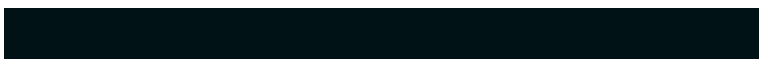
48, 34.550, 273.915



35, 3.251, 206.561



52, 30.267, 210.132



5, 5.924, 209.743



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 60.504, 329.904



56, 85.607, 330.537



57, 37.906, 74.591



33, 6.084, 327.193



34, 72.345, 331.666



2, 10.812, 327.607



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 27.413, 206.697 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

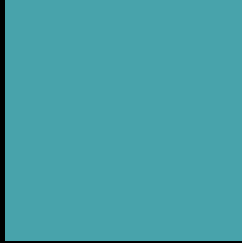
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 27.413, 206.697 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

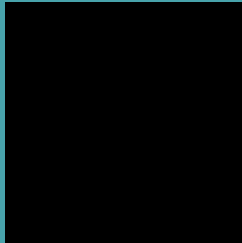
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 62, 27.413, 206.697**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 27.413, 206.697.

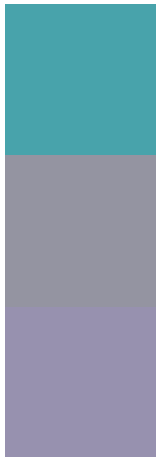


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 27.413, 206.697.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy




**Original Color**  
62, 27.413, 206.697

**Protanopia**  
62, 7.309, 290.990

**Deuteranopia**  
62, 17.069, 299.268





**Tritanopia**  
62, 26.822, 213.268

# Trichromacy



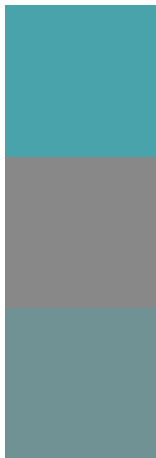
**Original Color**  
62, 27.413, 206.697

**Protanomaly**  
61, 13.166, 229.563

**Deuteranomaly**  
61, 15.577, 251.863

**Tritanomaly**  
62, 26.971, 210.636

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
62, 27.413, 206.697

**Achromatopsia**  
57, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
58, 11.997, 206.555

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 27.413, 206.697 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(72, 163, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(72, 163, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 163, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(72, 163, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 27.413, 206.697 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(72, 163, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(72, 163, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(72, 163, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(72, 163, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 163, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 163,  
171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 27.413, 206.697 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(72, 163, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(72, 163,  
171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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