

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 3.300, 234.390)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(62, 3.300, 234.390) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(62, 3.110, 232.148)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	90979A
RGB	144, 151, 154
RGB Percent	56%, 59%, 60%
CMY	0.4352, 0.4078, 0.3960
CMYK	0.06, 0.02, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	198°, 5%, 58%
HSV	198°, 6%, 60%
XYZ	28.4074, 30.4025, 34.9499
YIQ	149.2490, -5.1350, -0.5510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

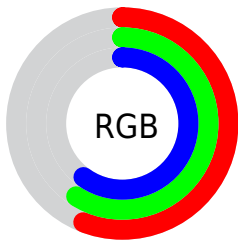
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	144, 148, 154
Decimal	9475994
CIELab	62.00, -1.91, -2.46
CIElCh	62, 3.110, 232.148
Yxy	30.4025, 0.3030, 0.3243
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287666074 (0xFF90979A)
YUV	149.2490, 2.3422, -4.6034
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, -4.5290, 1.0156

# Details

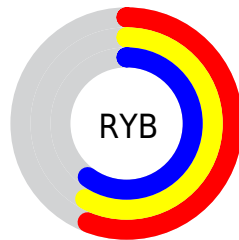
The CIELCh color **62, 3.110, 232.148** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **61, 3.212, 50.984**, and the grayscale version is **62, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82, 2.951, 232.072**, and **42, 2.999, 236.514** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 7.733, 232.897**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 1.703, 51.060**.

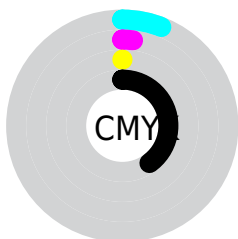
# Distribution



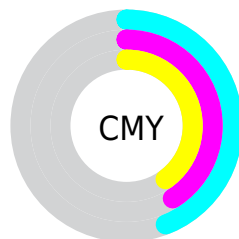
- Red (56%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 3.110, 232.148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 3.110, 232.148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 62, 3.110, 232.148

■ 62, 3.110, 232.148

■ 100, 3.110,  
232.148

■ 52, 3.110, 232.148

■ 82, 3.110, 232.148

■ 42, 3.110, 232.148

■ 92, 3.110, 232.148

■ 32, 3.110, 232.148

■ 22, 3.110, 232.148

■ 12, 3.110, 232.148

■ 2, 3.110, 232.148

■ 0, 3.110, 232.148

■ 62, 3.110, 232.148

■ 62, 3.110, 232.148

■ 60, 7.733, 232.897

■ 64, 1.703, 51.060

57, 12.116,  
233.966

67, 6.662, 50.705

55, 16.205,  
235.333

70, 11.730, 50.309

53, 19.945,  
237.061

72, 16.875, 49.986

51, 23.289,  
239.228

78, 27.297, 49.524

49, 26.209,  
241.920

80, 32.538, 49.362

47, 28.708,  
245.217

82, 33.314, 53.134

45, 30.832,  
249.170

83, 33.152, 57.994

43, 32.703,  
253.714

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 3.110, 232.148



61, 3.212, 50.984

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 3.110, 232.148



62, 3.110, 282.148



62, 3.110, 52.148



62, 3.110, 102.148

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 3.110, 232.117



81, 1.205, 232.083



63, 5.591, 153.240



43, 0.691, 232.101



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 3.110, 232.117



79, 4.752, 232.220



61, 4.480, 280.163



31, 2.677, 232.293



39, 31.054, 254.835



2, 2.945, 232.997





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 5.550, 334.656



77, 8.521, 334.778



63, 4.441, 98.630



30, 4.814, 334.855



31, 59.421, 344.385



1, 5.122, 334.751



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 3.110, 232.148 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 3.110, 232.148 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

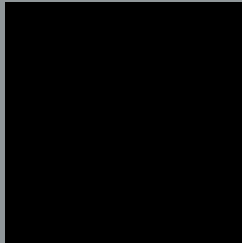
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

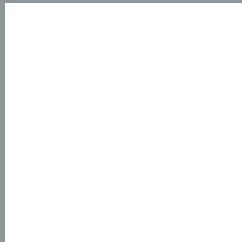
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 62, 3.110, 232.148

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 3.110, 232.148.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 3.110, 232.148.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

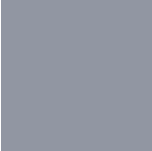
62, 3.110, 232.148

### Protanopia

62, 2.387, 309.139

### Deuteranopia

62, 8.661, 339.939



**Tritanopia**  
62, 6.948, 275.483



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
62, 3.110, 232.148

**Protanomaly**  
62, 1.841, 265.952

**Deuteranomaly**  
62, 5.470, 324.679

**Tritanomaly**  
62, 5.352, 270.345

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
62, 3.110, 232.148

**Achromatopsia**  
62, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
62, 1.272, 225.873

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 3.110, 232.148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 151, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 151, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 151, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 151, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 3.110, 232.148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 151, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 151, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 151, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 151, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 151, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 151,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 3.110, 232.148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 151, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
151, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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