

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 36.460, 195.459)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 36.460, 195.459)
contains.

CIELCh(62, 36.470, 195.489)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(62, 36.470, 195.489)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	05A7A6
RGB	5, 167, 166
RGB Percent	2%, 65%, 65%
CMY	0.9811, 0.3453, 0.3492
CMYK	0.97, 0.00, 0.01, 0.35
HSL	180°, 94%, 34%
HSV	180°, 97%, 65%
XYZ	20.7488, 30.4025, 40.8288
YIQ	118.4480, -96.2310, -34.6550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

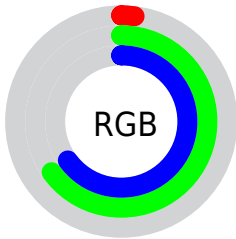
Format	Color
RYB	5, 86, 167
Decimal	370598
CIELab	62.00, -35.15, -9.74
CIELCh	62, 36.470, 195.489
Yxy	30.4025, 0.2256, 0.3305
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278560678 (0xFF05A7A6)
YUV	118.4480, 23.4431, -99.4939
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, -29.3221, -5.3059

Details

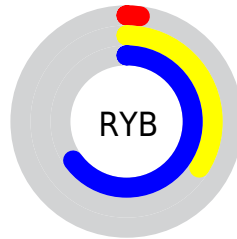
The CIELCh color **62, 36.470, 195.489** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **35, 74.136, 38.782**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82, 36.575, 195.255**, and **43, 27.668, 196.386** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 36.657, 195.451**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62, 35.673, 195.626**.

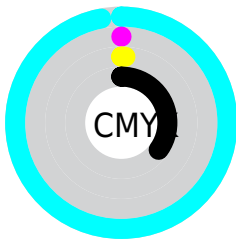
Distribution



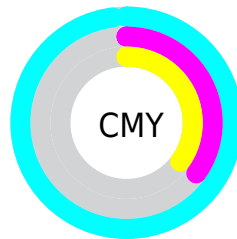
- Red (2%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (35%)





- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 36.470, 195.489 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 36.470, 195.489 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 62, 36.470,
195.489


 62, 36.470,
195.489


 100, 36.470,
195.489

 52, 36.470,
195.489


 82, 36.470,
195.489

 42, 36.470,
195.489

 92, 36.470,
195.489

 32, 36.470,
195.489

 22, 36.470,
195.489

 12, 36.470,
195.489

 2, 36.470, 195.489

 0, 36.470, 195.489

■ 62, 36.470,
195.489

■ 62, 36.470,
195.489

■ 62, 36.657,
195.451

■ 62, 35.673,
195.626

■ 62, 34.220,
195.805

■ 63, 32.012,
196.035

■ 63, 29.030,
196.320

■ 64, 25.302,
196.661

■ 64, 20.887,
197.059

■ 65, 15.869,
197.510

■ 66, 10.344,

198.015

■ 68, 4.411, 198.606

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 36.470, 195.489



35, 74.136, 38.782

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 36.470, 195.489



62, 36.470, 245.489



62, 36.470, 15.489



62, 36.470, 65.489

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 36.470, 195.488



83, 20.811, 197.396



60, 86.410, 136.069



44, 14.166, 197.209



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 36.470, 195.488



79, 44.529, 195.434



38, 49.028, 280.774



35, 3.517, 198.462



55, 33.534, 195.460



5, 6.573, 198.693

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 74.136, 38.782



45, 92.232, 39.790



45, 60.959, 60.120



33, 3.723, 19.406



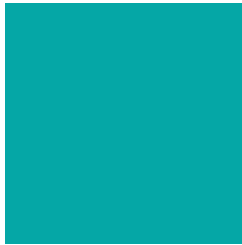
30, 68.804, 39.115



1, 6.573, 18.962

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 36.470, 195.489 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 36.470, 195.489 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

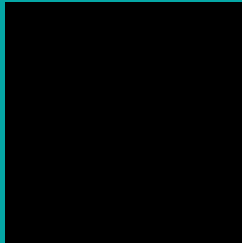
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 36.470, 195.489

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 36.470, 195.489.

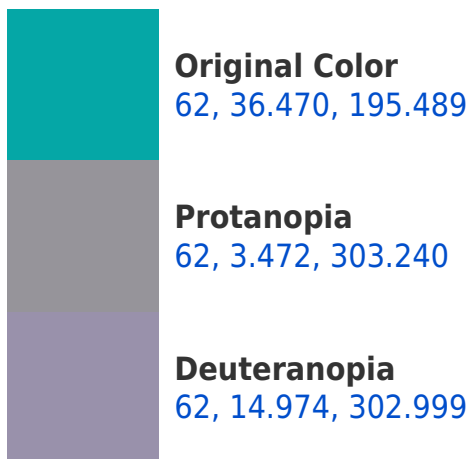


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 36.470, 195.489.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



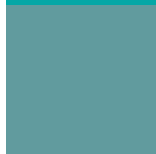


Tritanopia
62, 33.348, 209.583

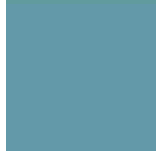
Trichromacy



Original Color
62, 36.470, 195.489



Protanomaly
60, 19.603, 202.694



Deuteranomaly
60, 19.490, 225.874

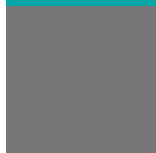


Tritanomaly
62, 34.496, 204.192

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 36.470, 195.489



Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
53, 20.213, 195.769

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 36.470, 195.489 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(5, 167, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(5, 167, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(5, 167, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(5, 167, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 36.470, 195.489 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(5, 167, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(5, 167, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(5, 167, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(5, 167, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 167, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 167,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 36.470, 195.489 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(5, 167, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(5, 167,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor