

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 4.463, 5.170)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 4.463, 5.170) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(62, 4.443, 5.169)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9E9395
RGB	158, 147, 149
RGB Percent	62%, 58%, 58%
CMY	0.3795, 0.4227, 0.4148
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.06, 0.38
HSL	349°, 5%, 60%
HSV	349°, 7%, 62%
XYZ	30.0527, 30.4025, 32.8085
YIQ	150.5170, 5.9140, 2.9540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

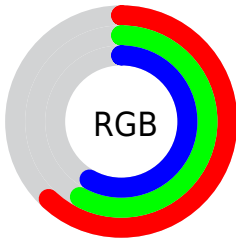
Format	Color
R _Y B	158, 147, 149
Decimal	10392469
CIE Lab	62.00, 4.42, 0.40
CIE LCh	62, 4.443, 5.169
Yxy	30.4025, 0.3222, 0.3260
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288582549 (0xFF9E9395)
YUV	150.5170, -0.7479, 6.5626
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, 0.7974, 3.3182

Details

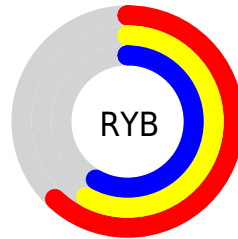
The CIELCh color $62, 4.443, 5.169$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $64, 4.316, 184.172$, and the grayscale version is $62, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $82, 4.548, 6.207$, and $42, 4.805, 5.478$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57, 11.122, 6.256$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67, 1.889, 184.647$.

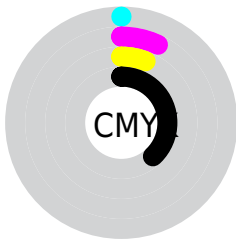
Distribution



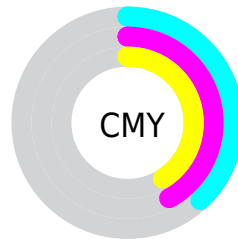
- Red (62%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 4.443, 5.169 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 4.443, 5.169 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 62, 4.443, 5.169

■ 62, 4.443, 5.169

■ 100, 4.443, 5.169

■ 52, 4.443, 5.169

■ 82, 4.443, 5.169

■ 42, 4.443, 5.169

■ 92, 4.443, 5.169

■ 32, 4.443, 5.169

■ 22, 4.443, 5.169

■ 12, 4.443, 5.169

■ 2, 4.443, 5.169

■ 0, 4.443, 5.169

■ 62, 4.443, 5.169

■ 62, 4.443, 5.169

■ 57, 11.122, 6.256

■ 67, 1.889, 184.647

53, 18.127, 7.476

71, 7.870, 183.722

49, 25.385, 8.944

76, 13.518,
183.041

45, 32.767, 10.748

81, 18.858,
182.448

41, 40.075, 13.005

38, 47.049, 15.850

85, 23.918,
181.920

36, 53.427, 19.420

90, 28.726,
181.444

34, 59.035, 23.782

33, 63.922, 28.715

94, 31.968,
183.199

94, 30.041,
195.384

94, 29.846,
197.579

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 4.443, 5.169



64, 4.316, 184.172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 4.443, 5.169



62, 4.443, 55.169



62, 4.443, 185.169



62, 4.443, 235.169

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 4.441, 5.185



82, 1.569, 4.504



62, 7.095, 319.585



44, 0.899, 4.473



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 4.441, 5.185



78, 6.371, 5.313



63, 3.515, 53.016



31, 3.632, 5.427



29, 60.418, 29.586



1, 4.626, 5.387

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 4.441, 5.185



78, 6.371, 5.313



63, 3.399, 234.289



31, 3.632, 5.427



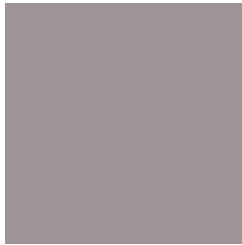
29, 60.418, 29.586



1, 4.626, 5.387

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 4.443, 5.169 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 4.443, 5.169 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

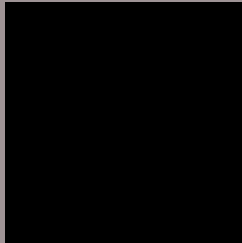
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 4.443, 5.169

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 4.443, 5.169.

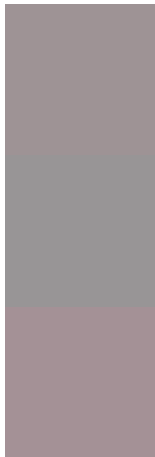


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 4.443, 5.169.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


62, 4.443, 5.169

Protanopia

62, 1.297, 353.574

Deuteranopia

62, 7.957, 359.612



Tritanopia
62, 7.969, 329.415

Trichromacy



Original Color

62, 4.443, 5.169

Protanomaly

62, 2.594, 353.891

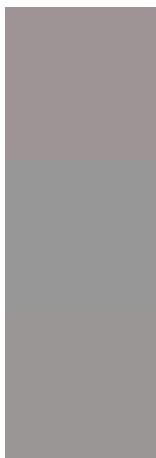
Deuteranomaly

62, 6.652, 0.380

Tritanomaly

62, 6.760, 338.469

Monochromacy



Original Color

62, 4.443, 5.169

Achromatopsia

62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly

62, 1.549, 19.265

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 4.443, 5.169 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 147, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 147, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 147, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 147, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 4.443, 5.169 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 147, 149) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 147, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 147, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 147, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 147, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 147,  
149) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 4.443, 5.169 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 147, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
147, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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