

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 4.484, 335.840)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 4.484, 335.840) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(62, 4.192, 337.778)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C9499
RGB	156, 148, 153
RGB Percent	61%, 58%, 60%
CMY	0.3895, 0.4209, 0.4013
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.02, 0.39
HSL	323°, 4%, 59%
HSV	323°, 5%, 61%
XYZ	29.9089, 30.4025, 34.2878
YIQ	150.9620, 3.1630, 3.2510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

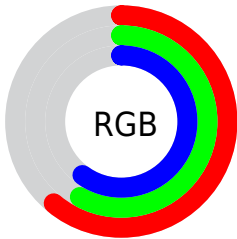
Format	Color
RYB	156, 148, 153
Decimal	10261657
CIELab	62.00, 3.88, -1.59
CIElCh	62, 4.192, 337.778
Yxy	30.4025, 0.3162, 0.3214
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288451737 (0xFF9C9499)
YUV	150.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, 0.3318, 1.7275

Details

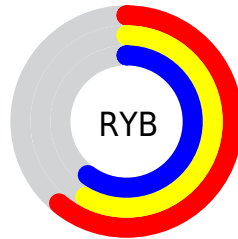
The CIELCh color $62, 4.192, 337.778$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63, 4.165, 157.195$, and the grayscale version is $62, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $82, 3.963, 337.667$, and $42, 4.510, 337.959$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 12.453, 338.578$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66, 3.910, 157.238$.

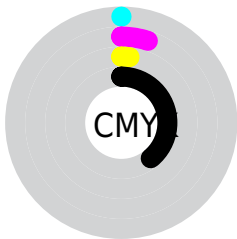
Distribution



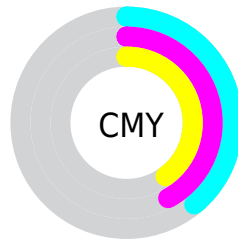
- Red (61%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 4.192, 337.778 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 4.192, 337.778 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 62, 4.192, 337.778

■ 62, 4.192, 337.778

■ 100, 4.192,
337.778

■ 52, 4.192, 337.778

■ 82, 4.192, 337.778

■ 42, 4.192, 337.778

■ 92, 4.192, 337.778

■ 32, 4.192, 337.778

■ 22, 4.192, 337.778

■ 12, 4.192, 337.778

■ 2, 4.192, 337.778

■ 0, 4.192, 337.778

■ 62, 4.192, 337.778

■ 62, 4.192, 337.778

■ 58, 12.453,

■ 66, 3.910, 157.238

338.578

71, 11.797,
156.539

54, 20.789,
339.397

75, 19.446,
155.923

50, 29.051,
340.283

80, 26.851,
155.352

46, 37.024,
341.262

84, 34.016,
154.818

43, 44.410,
342.364

89, 40.951,
154.318

40, 50.835,
343.633

93, 46.734,
154.165

37, 55.901,
345.137

93, 44.568,
156.817

35, 59.268,
346.963

93, 42.476,
159.720

34, 60.821,
349.211

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 4.192, 337.778



63, 4.165, 157.195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 4.192, 337.778



62, 4.192, 27.778



62, 4.192, 157.778



62, 4.192, 207.778

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 4.190, 337.783



80, 2.011, 337.454



62, 4.649, 304.529



43, 1.152, 337.434



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 4.190, 337.783



78, 6.045, 337.866



62, 3.175, 8.751



32, 3.274, 337.896



31, 57.643, 350.156



1, 5.944, 338.972

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 4.190, 337.783



78, 6.045, 337.866



64, 3.098, 188.192



32, 3.274, 337.896



31, 57.643, 350.156



1, 5.944, 338.972

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 4.192, 337.778 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 4.192, 337.778 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

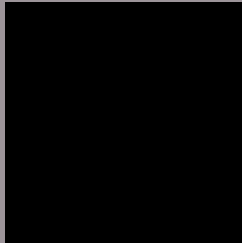
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 4.192, 337.778

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 4.192, 337.778.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 4.192, 337.778.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

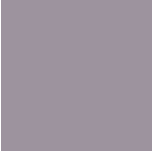
62, 4.192, 337.778

Protanopia

62, 2.387, 309.139

Deuteranopia

62, 8.324, 347.673



Tritanopia
62, 7.294, 322.275

Trichromacy



Original Color

62, 4.192, 337.778

Protanomaly

62, 2.739, 324.504

Deuteranomaly

62, 6.716, 344.313

Tritanomaly

62, 6.373, 327.594

Monochromacy



Original Color

62, 4.192, 337.778

Achromatopsia

62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly

62, 1.624, 335.622

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 4.192, 337.778 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 148, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 148, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 148, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 148, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 4.192, 337.778 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 148, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 148, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 148, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 148, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 148, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 148,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 4.192, 337.778 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 148, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
148, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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