

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 4.621, 215.906)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 4.621, 215.906) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(62, 4.621, 213.184)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C989A
RGB	140, 152, 154
RGB Percent	55%, 60%, 60%
CMY	0.4507, 0.4036, 0.3957
CMYK	0.09, 0.01, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	189°, 6%, 58%
HSV	189°, 9%, 60%
XYZ	27.9109, 30.4025, 35.0063
YIQ	148.6400, -7.7940, -1.9220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

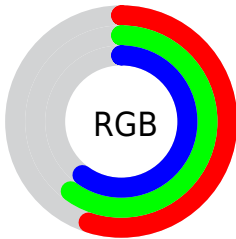
Format	Color
RYB	140, 146, 154
Decimal	9214106
CIELab	62.00, -3.87, -2.53
CIElCh	62, 4.621, 213.184
Yxy	30.4025, 0.2991, 0.3258
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287404186 (0xFF8C989A)
YUV	148.6400, 2.6425, -7.5773
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, -6.1362, 0.9550

Details

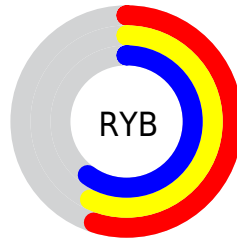
The CIELCh color $62, 4.621, 213.184$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60, 4.892, 33.031$, and the grayscale version is $62, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $82, 4.394, 213.205$, and $42, 4.541, 214.438$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 9.439, 213.230$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 0.474, 32.094$.

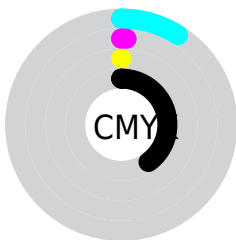
Distribution



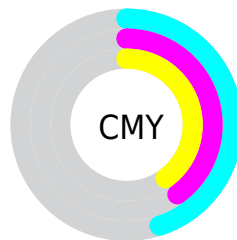
- Red (55%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 4.621, 213.184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 4.621, 213.184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 62, 4.621, 213.184

■ 62, 4.621, 213.184

■ 100, 4.621,
213.184

■ 52, 4.621, 213.184

■ 82, 4.621, 213.184

■ 42, 4.621, 213.184

■ 92, 4.621, 213.184

■ 32, 4.621, 213.184

■ 22, 4.621, 213.184

■ 12, 4.621, 213.184

■ 2, 4.621, 213.184

■ 0, 4.621, 213.184

■ 62, 4.621, 213.184

■ 62, 4.621, 213.184

■ 60, 9.439, 213.230

■ 64, 0.474, 32.094

59, 13.904,
213.462

66, 5.783, 33.049

57, 17.940,
213.870

68, 11.250, 33.221

56, 21.467,
214.490

70, 16.830, 33.415

55, 24.413,
215.367

72, 22.484, 33.636

53, 26.725,
216.555

74, 28.183, 33.880

52, 28.380,
218.110

76, 33.903, 34.138

51, 29.397,
220.089

77, 36.221, 35.292

51, 29.939,
222.447

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 4.621, 213.184



60, 4.892, 33.031

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 4.621, 213.184



62, 4.621, 263.184



62, 4.621, 33.184



62, 4.621, 83.184

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 4.621, 213.165



80, 1.926, 213.338



62, 8.742, 147.783



43, 1.469, 213.280



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 4.621, 213.165



79, 6.921, 213.162



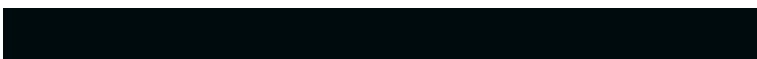
60, 5.331, 269.578



32, 2.857, 213.165



46, 28.005, 222.418



2, 3.133, 214.452

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 8.706, 329.105



75, 13.126, 329.235



62, 5.349, 87.214



30, 5.383, 329.113



32, 66.405, 334.697



1, 5.733, 329.015

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 4.621, 213.184 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

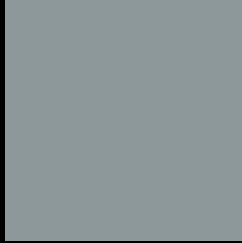
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 4.621, 213.184 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

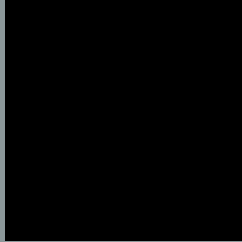
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

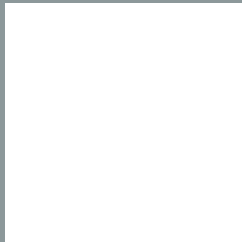
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 4.621, 213.184

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 4.621, 213.184.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 4.621, 213.184.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

62, 4.621, 213.184

Protanopia

62, 1.865, 314.674

Deuteranopia

62, 8.370, 338.167



Tritanopia
62, 7.430, 264.508

Trichromacy



Original Color
62, 4.621, 213.184

Protanomaly
62, 2.022, 256.041

Deuteranomaly
62, 4.396, 316.333

Tritanomaly
62, 6.192, 254.071

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 4.621, 213.184

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 1.621, 219.826

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 4.621, 213.184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 152, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 152, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 152, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 152, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 4.621, 213.184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 152, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 152, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 152, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 152, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 152, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 152,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 4.621, 213.184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 152, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
152, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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