

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 42.938, 75.825)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(62, 42.938, 75.825) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(62, 42.886, 75.831)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BC8D4B
RGB	188, 141, 75
RGB Percent	74%, 55%, 29%
CMY	0.2613, 0.4457, 0.7046
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.60, 0.26
HSL	35°, 46%, 52%
HSV	35°, 60%, 74%
XYZ	31.6889, 30.4025, 10.9128
YIQ	147.5290, 49.1980, -10.5620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

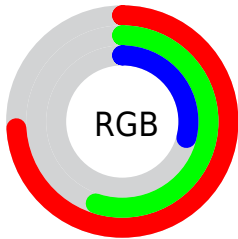
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	155, 188, 75
Decimal	12356939
CIELab	62.00, 10.50, 41.58
CIELCh	62, 42.886, 75.831
Yxy	30.4025, 0.4341, 0.4164
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290547019 (0xFFBC8D4B)
YUV	147.5290, -35.7568, 35.4931
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, 6.0942, 26.8625

# Details

The CIELCh color **62, 42.886, 75.831** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **51, 39.730, 276.267**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82, 42.863, 76.034**, and **42, 42.855, 76.107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 50.228, 74.290**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 35.368, 77.284**.

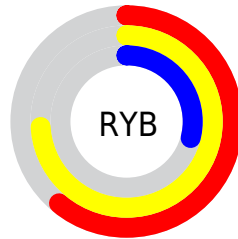
# Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (55%)

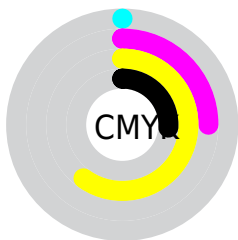
Blue (29%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (29%)

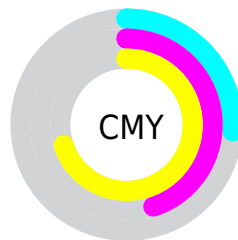


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (60%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (70%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 42.886, 75.831 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 42.886, 75.831 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



62, 42.886, 75.831

62, 42.886, 75.831

100, 42.886,  
75.831

52, 42.886, 75.831

82, 42.886, 75.831

42, 42.886, 75.831

92, 42.886, 75.831

32, 42.886, 75.831

22, 42.886, 75.831

12, 42.886, 75.831

2, 42.886, 75.831

0, 42.886, 75.831

62, 42.886, 75.831

62, 42.886, 75.831

60, 50.228, 74.290

64, 35.368, 77.284

58, 56.960, 72.552

67, 27.904, 78.680

56, 62.374, 70.434

69, 20.604, 80.039

54, 66.143, 67.870

71, 13.516, 81.361

74, 6.650, 82.634

76, 0.005, 9.383

79, 6.444, 265.189

82, 12.702,  
266.331

84, 18.792,  
267.438

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 42.886, 75.831



51, 39.730, 276.267

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 42.886, 75.831



62, 42.886, 125.831



62, 42.886, 255.831



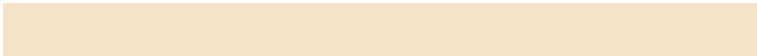
62, 42.886, 305.831

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 42.886, 75.835



91, 14.995, 81.585



49, 50.190, 356.275



48, 10.466, 81.206



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 42.886, 75.835



76, 63.847, 73.769



74, 57.613, 108.711



39, 3.764, 82.715



46, 58.040, 68.369



6, 10.384, 69.420





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 39.730, 276.267



59, 59.228, 280.760



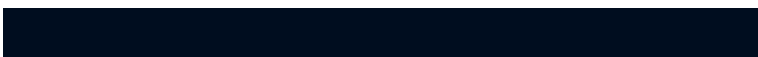
39, 68.452, 301.249



38, 3.728, 265.218



30, 58.645, 290.748

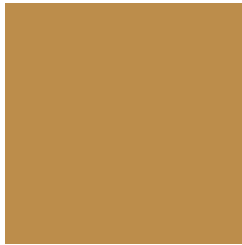


3, 12.530, 274.400



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 42.886, 75.831 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 42.886, 75.831 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

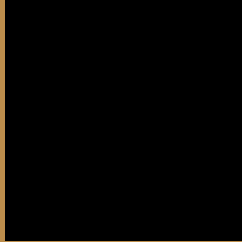
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 62, 42.886, 75.831**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 42.886, 75.831.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 42.886, 75.831.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


62, 42.886, 75.831

### Protanopia

62, 39.910, 95.366

### Deuteranopia

62, 42.497, 79.014



**Tritanopia**  
62, 24.749, 9.228



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
62, 42.886, 75.831

**Protanomaly**  
62, 40.380, 88.176

**Deuteranomaly**  
62, 42.551, 77.676

**Tritanomaly**  
62, 25.938, 43.941

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
62, 42.886, 75.831

**Achromatopsia**  
61, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
61, 15.235, 80.852

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 42.886, 75.831 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 141, 75)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 141, 75)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 141, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 141, 75) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 42.886, 75.831 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 141, 75) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 141, 75) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 141, 75)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 141, 75); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 141, 75);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 141,  
75) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 42.886, 75.831 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 141, 75) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
141, 75) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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