

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 48.524, 141.453)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 48.524, 141.453)
contains.

CIELCh(62, 48.589, 141.426)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(62, 48.589, 141.426)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5DA65E
RGB	93, 166, 94
RGB Percent	36%, 65%, 37%
CMY	0.6353, 0.3491, 0.6314
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.43, 0.35
HSL	121°, 29%, 51%
HSV	121°, 44%, 65%
XYZ	20.1668, 30.4025, 15.3922
YIQ	135.9650, -20.3960, -37.8680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

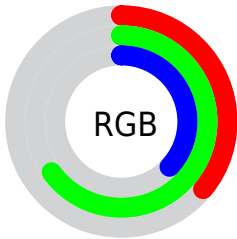
Format	Color
RYB	93, 165, 166
Decimal	6137438
CIELab	62.00, -37.99, 30.30
CIELCh	62, 48.589, 141.426
Yxy	30.4025, 0.3057, 0.4609
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284327518 (0xFF5DA65E)
YUV	135.9650, -20.6887, -37.6803
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, -31.2062, 22.0458

Details

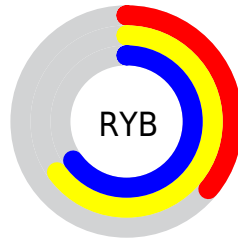
The CIELCh color **62, 48.589, 141.426** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **50, 48.442, 327.121**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82, 48.983, 141.319**, and **42, 48.428, 141.548** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 58.666, 140.350**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 37.871, 142.396**.

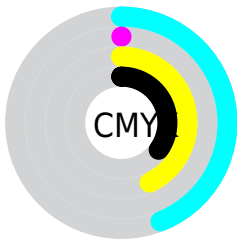
Distribution



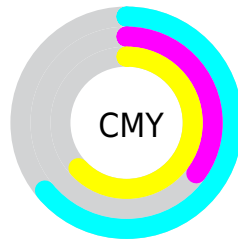
- Red (36%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 48.589, 141.426 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 48.589, 141.426 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 62, 48.589,
141.426


 62, 48.589,
141.426


 100, 48.589,
141.426

 52, 48.589,
141.426


 82, 48.589,
141.426

 42, 48.589,
141.426

 92, 48.589,
141.426

 32, 48.589,
141.426

 22, 48.589,
141.426

 12, 48.589,
141.426

 2, 48.589, 141.426

 0, 48.589, 141.426

■ 62, 48.589,
141.426

■ 62, 48.589,
141.426

■ 61, 58.666,
140.350

■ 63, 37.871,
142.396

■ 60, 67.755,
139.209

■ 64, 26.792,
143.245

■ 60, 75.455,
138.086

■ 66, 15.579,
143.980

■ 60, 81.346,
137.107

■ 67, 4.402, 144.638

■ 59, 85.098,
136.406

■ 69, 6.615, 325.080

■ 59, 86.586,
136.143

■ 71, 17.386,
325.549

■ 73, 27.859,
325.933

■ 75, 38.004,
326.259

■ 78, 47.807,
326.536

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 48.589, 141.426



50, 48.442, 327.121

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 48.589, 141.426



62, 48.589, 191.426



62, 48.589, 321.426



62, 48.589, 11.426

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 48.590, 141.426



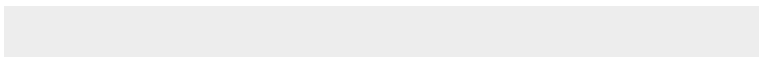
84, 17.993, 144.030



67, 39.182, 106.042



44, 12.704, 143.883



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 48.590, 141.426



78, 71.569, 140.350



63, 33.614, 159.288



35, 6.360, 144.291



53, 79.515, 136.162



5, 11.578, 144.758

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 48.442, 327.121



61, 71.047, 327.576



49, 35.337, 348.058



33, 6.370, 325.288



35, 76.185, 328.774



2, 11.520, 324.958

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 48.589, 141.426 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 48.589, 141.426 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 48.589, 141.426

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 48.589, 141.426.

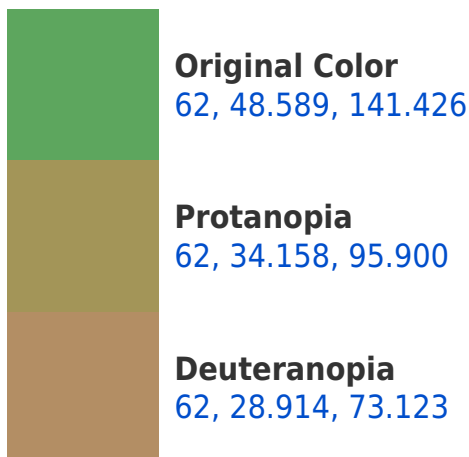


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 48.589, 141.426.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
62, 17.692, 222.677

Trichromacy



Original Color
62, 48.589, 141.426



Protanomaly
61, 36.237, 117.840



Deuteranomaly
61, 29.263, 109.402



Tritanomaly
62, 23.109, 171.346

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 48.589, 141.426



Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
58, 18.272, 144.314

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 48.589, 141.426 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 166, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 166, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 166, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 166, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 48.589, 141.426 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 166, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 166, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 166, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 166, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 166, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 166,  
94) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 48.589, 141.426 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 166, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 166,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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