

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 5.364, 270.926)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 5.364, 270.926) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(62, 5.352, 270.345)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	91969F
RGB	145, 150, 159
RGB Percent	57%, 59%, 62%
CMY	0.4308, 0.4112, 0.3759
CMYK	0.09, 0.06, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	219°, 7%, 60%
HSV	219°, 9%, 62%
XYZ	28.9050, 30.4025, 37.2147
YIQ	149.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

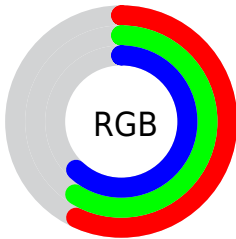
Format	Color
R_{YB}	145, 149, 159
Decimal	9541279
CIE Lab	62.00, 0.03, -5.35
CIE LCh	62, 5.352, 270.345
Yxy	30.4025, 0.2995, 0.3150
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287731359 (0xFF91969F)
YUV	149.5310, 4.6682, -3.9737
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, -2.9181, -1.4197

Details

The CIELCh color $62, 5.352, 270.345$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $64, 5.362, 88.045$, and the grayscale version is $62, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $82, 5.562, 272.068$, and $42, 5.636, 274.629$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 11.498, 271.790$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66, 0.718, 88.713$.

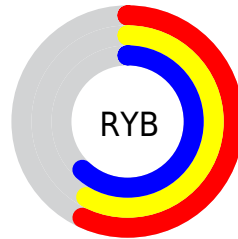
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (59%)

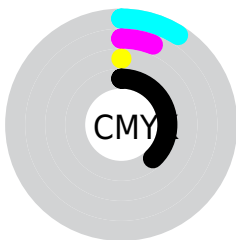
Blue (62%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (62%)

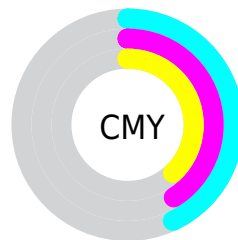


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 5.352, 270.345 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 5.352, 270.345 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 62, 5.352, 270.345

■ 62, 5.352, 270.345

■ 100, 5.352,
270.345

■ 52, 5.352, 270.345

■ 82, 5.352, 270.345

■ 42, 5.352, 270.345

■ 92, 5.352, 270.345

■ 32, 5.352, 270.345

■ 22, 5.352, 270.345

■ 12, 5.352, 270.345

■ 2, 5.352, 270.345

■ 0, 5.352, 270.345

■ 62, 5.352, 270.345

■ 62, 5.352, 270.345

■ 58, 11.498,

■ 66, 0.718, 88.713

271.790

70, 6.708, 87.881

54, 17.720,
273.510

74, 12.614, 86.936

50, 24.023,
275.524

78, 18.434, 86.100

82, 24.165, 85.360

46, 30.417,
277.872

86, 29.806, 84.703

42, 36.922,
280.587

90, 35.093, 85.055

92, 38.357, 93.242

38, 43.570,
283.676

95, 42.264, 99.936

35, 50.390,
287.101

31, 57.383,
290.754

28, 64.486,
294.367

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 5.352, 270.345



64, 5.362, 88.045

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 5.352, 270.345



62, 5.352, 320.345



62, 5.352, 90.345



62, 5.352, 140.345

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 5.351, 270.331



81, 2.254, 269.653



64, 6.061, 170.793



43, 1.722, 269.729



92, 0.011, 296.813



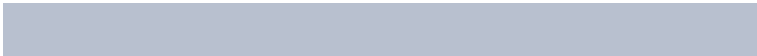
44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 5.351, 270.331



77, 8.283, 270.659



61, 7.940, 296.102



31, 3.421, 270.390



25, 59.765, 294.396



1, 4.541, 270.683

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 6.150, 352.851



77, 9.547, 353.099



65, 7.783, 114.754



31, 3.934, 352.897



30, 55.441, 14.533



1, 5.013, 353.319

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 5.352, 270.345 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

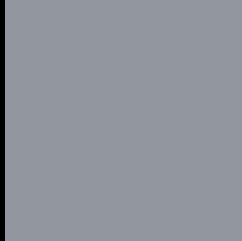
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 5.352, 270.345 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

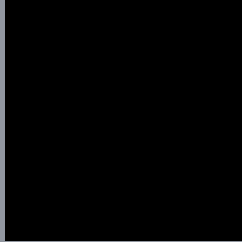
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

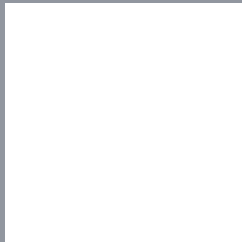
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 5.352, 270.345

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 5.352, 270.345.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 5.352, 270.345.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

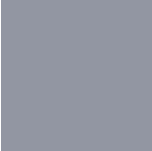
62, 5.352, 270.345

Protanopia

62, 5.076, 295.001

Deuteranopia

62, 10.013, 323.085



Tritanopia
62, 6.867, 278.458

Trichromacy



Original Color
62, 5.352, 270.345

Protanomaly
62, 5.064, 286.490

Deuteranomaly
62, 7.804, 310.729

Tritanomaly
62, 6.322, 277.265

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 5.352, 270.345

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 1.841, 265.952

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 5.352, 270.345 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 150, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 150, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 150, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 150, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 5.352, 270.345 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 150, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 150, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 150, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 150, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 150, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 150,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 5.352, 270.345 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 150, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
150, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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