

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 56.486, 277.799)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(62, 56.486, 277.799)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(62, 56.406, 277.840)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4997F9
RGB	73, 151, 249
RGB Percent	29%, 59%, 98%
CMY	0.7135, 0.4077, 0.0234
CMYK	0.71, 0.39, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	213°, 94%, 63%
HSV	213°, 71%, 98%
XYZ	30.9264, 30.4025, 93.8875
YIQ	138.8500, -77.9460, 13.9420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

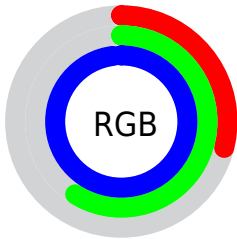
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	73, 127, 249
Decimal	4823033
CIE Lab	62.00, 7.69, -55.88
CIE LCh	62, 56.406, 277.840
Yxy	30.4025, 0.1992, 0.1959
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283013113 (0xFF4997F9)
YUV	138.8500, 54.3040, -57.7504
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, 3.6257, -62.3595

# Details

The CIELCh color **62, 56.406, 277.840** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **76, 63.207, 71.515**, and the grayscale version is **58, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80, 31.883, 255.920**, and **43, 55.493, 281.526** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 64.523, 281.800**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 48.418, 274.290**.

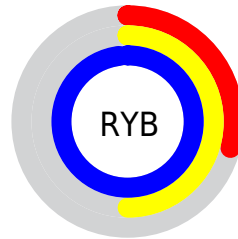
# Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (59%)

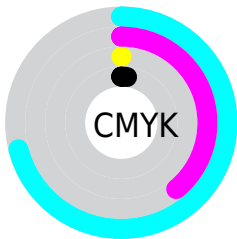
Blue (98%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (98%)

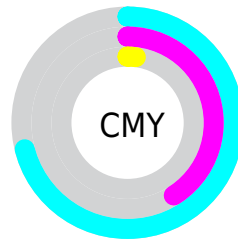


Cyan (71%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (41%)


Yellow (2%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 56.406, 277.840 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 56.406, 277.840 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 62, 56.406,  
277.840


 62, 56.406,  
277.840


 100, 56.406,  
277.840


 52, 56.406,  
277.840


 82, 56.406,  
277.840

 42, 56.406,  
277.840

 92, 56.406,  
277.840

 32, 56.406,  
277.840

 22, 56.406,  
277.840

 12, 56.406,  
277.840

 2, 56.406, 277.840

 0, 56.406, 277.840

62, 56.406,  
277.840

62, 56.406,  
277.840

57, 64.523,  
281.800

67, 48.418,  
274.290

53, 72.848,  
286.035

72, 40.481,  
271.196

50, 80.838,  
289.986

77, 32.541,  
268.546

82, 24.573,  
266.300

87, 16.575,  
264.405

92, 8.559, 262.815

98, 0.541, 262.105

100, 3.015,  
109.927



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 56.406, 277.840



76, 63.207, 71.515

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 56.406, 277.840



62, 56.406, 327.840



62, 56.406, 97.840



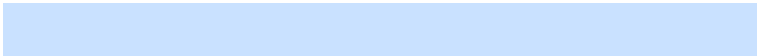
62, 56.406, 147.840

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 56.405, 277.841



89, 17.170, 264.468



88, 66.930, 157.616



46, 11.619, 264.963



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 56.405, 277.841



57, 69.427, 283.659



43, 102.412, 302.825



49, 4.575, 262.649



38, 64.465, 289.229



10, 25.408, 282.810



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 71.847, 357.181



56, 80.952, 1.846



95, 81.734, 106.412



49, 6.049, 347.629



40, 67.332, 7.560

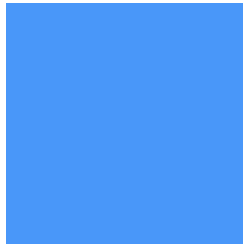


10, 30.645, 0.813



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 56.406, 277.840 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

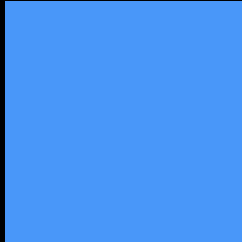
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 56.406, 277.840 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

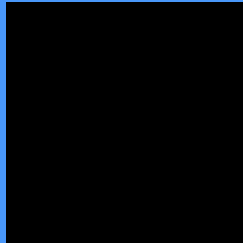
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

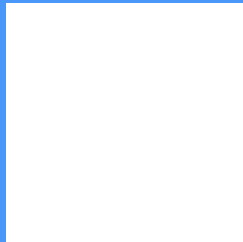
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 62, 56.406, 277.840**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 56.406, 277.840.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 56.406, 277.840.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

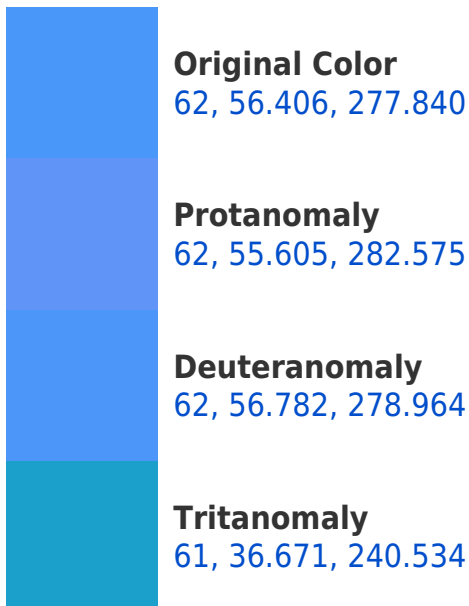




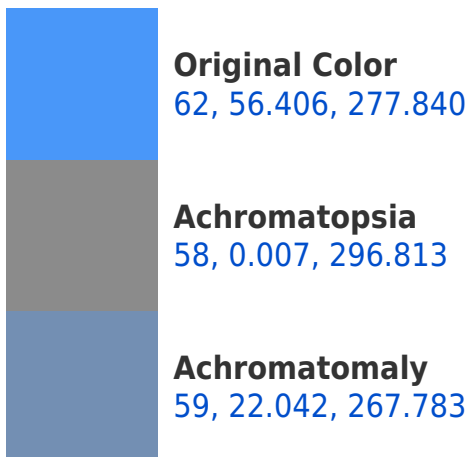


**Tritanopia**  
62, 34.879, 209.876

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 56.406, 277.840 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 151, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 151, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 151, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 151, 249) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 56.406, 277.840 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

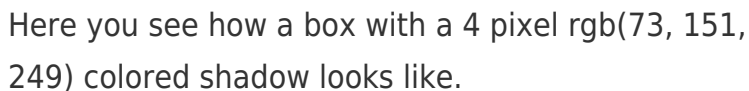
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 151, 249) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 151, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 151, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 151, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 151, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 151,  
249) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 56.406, 277.840 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 151, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 151,  
249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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