

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 56.821, 348.007)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(62, 56.821, 348.007)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(62, 56.803, 347.972)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E76AAC
RGB	231, 106, 172
RGB Percent	91%, 42%, 67%
CMY	0.0928, 0.5831, 0.3243
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.26, 0.09
HSL	328°, 73%, 66%
HSV	328°, 54%, 91%
XYZ	45.7191, 30.4025, 42.6364
YIQ	150.8990, 53.3140, 47.0260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

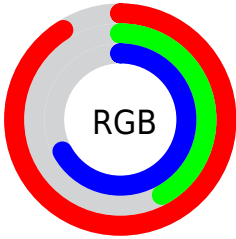
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	231, 106, 172
Decimal	15166124
CIE Lab	62.00, 55.56, -11.84
CIE LCh	62, 56.803, 347.972
Yxy	30.4025, 0.3850, 0.2560
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293356204 (0xFFE76AAC)
YUV	150.8990, 10.4028, 70.2486
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, 51.5143, -7.2496

# Details

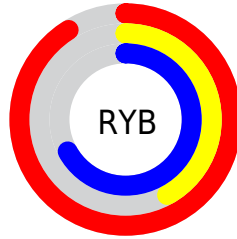
The CIELCh color  $62, 56.803, 347.972$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC6699$ . A complement of this color would be  $84, 54.291, 156.355$ , and the grayscale version is  $62, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $77, 47.846, 336.958$ , and  $42, 56.771, 347.730$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $58, 65.318, 349.673$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $67, 47.036, 346.556$ .

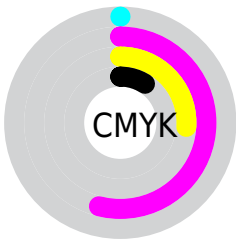
# Distribution



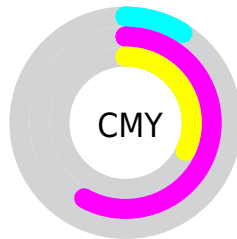
- Red (91%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (32%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 56.803, 347.972 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 56.803, 347.972 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 62, 56.803,  
347.972


 62, 56.803,  
347.972


 100, 56.803,  
347.972


 52, 56.803,  
347.972


 82, 56.803,  
347.972

 42, 56.803,  
347.972

 92, 56.803,  
347.972

 32, 56.803,  
347.972

 22, 56.803,  
347.972

 12, 56.803,  
347.972

 2, 56.803, 347.972

 0, 56.803, 347.972

62, 56.803,  
347.972

62, 56.803,  
347.972

58, 65.318,  
349.673

67, 47.036,  
346.556

55, 72.029,  
351.769

72, 36.547,  
345.344

52, 76.484,  
354.403

78, 25.745,  
344.281

51, 78.568,  
357.732

83, 14.917,  
343.326

50, 79.045, 0.015

89, 4.249, 342.402

95, 6.148, 161.802

98, 8.818, 177.714

98, 8.081, 198.976

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 56.803, 347.972



84, 54.291, 156.355

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 56.803, 347.972



62, 56.803, 37.972



62, 56.803, 167.972



62, 56.803, 217.972

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 56.800, 347.973



90, 18.427, 343.514



56, 72.620, 310.827



46, 12.464, 343.708



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 56.800, 347.973



63, 71.377, 349.921



60, 53.326, 23.727



45, 5.964, 342.911



38, 65.231, 359.272



7, 27.907, 352.854





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 56.800, 347.973



63, 71.377, 349.921



85, 36.638, 193.519



45, 5.964, 342.911



38, 65.231, 359.272



7, 27.907, 352.854



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 56.803, 347.972 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

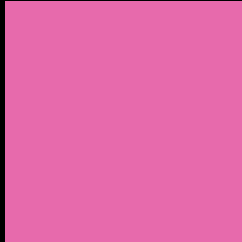
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 56.803, 347.972 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 62, 56.803, 347.972

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 56.803, 347.972.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 56.803, 347.972.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62, 56.803, 347.972

### Protanopia

62, 29.889, 285.309

### Deuteranopia

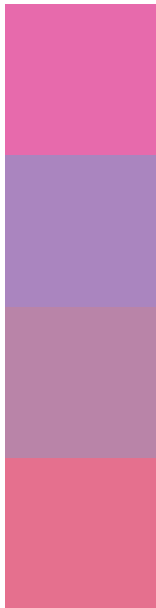
62, 12.150, 312.973



**Tritanopia**  
62, 46.400, 19.025



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
62, 56.803, 347.972

**Protanomaly**  
61, 35.254, 315.042

**Deuteranomaly**  
61, 28.313, 337.231

**Tritanomaly**  
62, 48.637, 6.226

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
62, 56.803, 347.972

**Achromatopsia**  
62, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
61, 21.913, 344.039

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 56.803, 347.972 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 106, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 106, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 106, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 106, 172) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 56.803, 347.972 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 106, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 106, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(231, 106, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 106, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 106, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 106,  
172) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 56.803, 347.972 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 106, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
106, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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