

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 6.397, 45.120)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 6.397, 45.120) contains.

CIELCh(62, 6.231, 46.395)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(62, 6.231, 46.395)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1938E
RGB	161, 147, 142
RGB Percent	63%, 58%, 56%
CMY	0.3686, 0.4235, 0.4431
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.12, 0.37
HSL	16°, 9%, 59%
HSV	16°, 12%, 63%
XYZ	30.0190, 30.4025, 29.8819
YIQ	150.6160, 9.9490, 1.4130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

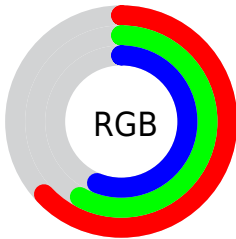
Format	Color
R_{YB}	161, 149, 142
Decimal	10589070
CIE Lab	62.00, 4.30, 4.51
CIE LCh	62, 6.231, 46.395
Yxy	30.4025, 0.3324, 0.3367
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288779150 (0xFFA1938E)
YUV	150.6160, -4.2477, 9.1068
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, 0.6882, 6.4652

Details

The CIELCh color **62, 6.231, 46.395** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **63, 5.823, 227.813**, and the grayscale version is **62, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82, 6.182, 44.934**, and **42, 6.125, 43.096** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 11.969, 46.054**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 0.913, 46.464**.

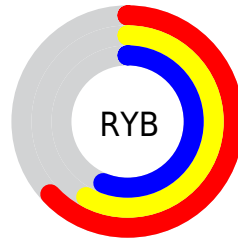
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (58%)

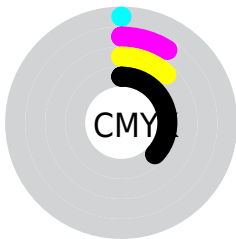
Blue (56%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (56%)

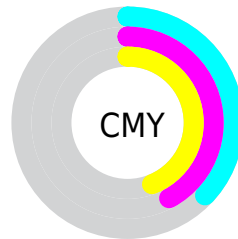


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (44%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 6.231, 46.395 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 6.231, 46.395 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 62, 6.231, 46.395  62, 6.231, 46.395

 100, 6.231, 46.395  52, 6.231, 46.395

 82, 6.231, 46.395  42, 6.231, 46.395

 92, 6.231, 46.395  32, 6.231, 46.395

 22, 6.231, 46.395

 12, 6.231, 46.395

 2, 6.231, 46.395

 0, 6.231, 46.395

 62, 6.231, 46.395  62, 6.231, 46.395

 58, 11.969, 46.054  66, 0.913, 46.464

55, 18.164, 45.768

69, 4.026, 227.579

52, 24.844, 45.597

73, 8.629, 228.072

48, 32.010, 45.567

77, 12.934,
228.629

45, 39.622, 45.690

80, 16.978,
229.206

43, 47.550, 45.940

40, 55.483, 46.199

84, 20.793,
229.789

38, 62.736, 46.146

88, 24.408,
230.370

36, 68.066, 46.106

91, 25.651,
213.388

94, 28.727,
198.923

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 6.231, 46.395



63, 5.823, 227.813

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 6.231, 46.395



62, 6.231, 96.395



62, 6.231, 226.395



62, 6.231, 276.395

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 6.231, 46.413



82, 2.535, 46.627



61, 10.878, 333.069



43, 1.803, 46.625



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 6.231, 46.413



78, 9.233, 46.322



64, 8.111, 95.846



33, 2.991, 46.505



33, 62.815, 46.262



2, 4.548, 44.026

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 5.823, 227.813



80, 8.497, 227.977



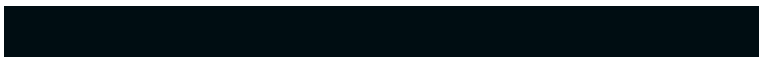
61, 8.181, 278.709



33, 2.839, 227.663



42, 30.388, 247.967



3, 4.474, 233.817

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 6.231, 46.395 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

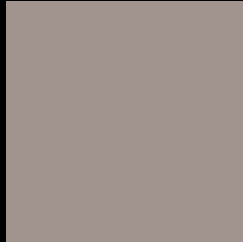
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 6.231, 46.395 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

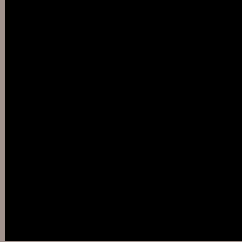
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

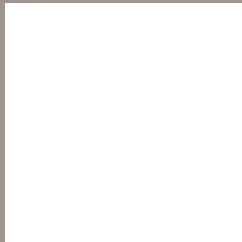
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 6.231, 46.395

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 6.231, 46.395.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 6.231, 46.395.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

62, 6.231, 46.395

Protanopia

62, 3.876, 79.235

Deuteranopia

62, 8.973, 30.910



Tritanopia
62, 9.313, 338.898

Trichromacy



Original Color
62, 6.231, 46.395

Protanomaly
62, 4.514, 57.797

Deuteranomaly
62, 7.920, 36.377

Tritanomaly
62, 6.851, 355.961

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 6.231, 46.395

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 2.234, 49.338

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 6.231, 46.395 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 147, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 147, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 147, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 147, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 6.231, 46.395 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 147, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 147, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 147, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 147, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 147, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 147,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 6.231, 46.395 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 147, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
147, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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