

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 6.938, 262.323)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 6.938, 262.323) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(62, 6.938, 262.323)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E97A2
RGB	142, 151, 162
RGB Percent	56%, 59%, 64%
CMY	0.4439, 0.4086, 0.3655
CMYK	0.12, 0.07, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	213°, 10%, 60%
HSV	213°, 12%, 63%
XYZ	28.6584, 30.4025, 38.4447
YIQ	149.5630, -8.8950, 1.5130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

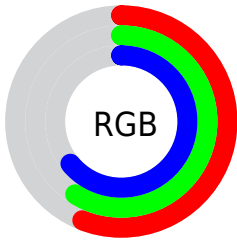
Format	Color
R_{YB}	142, 148, 162
Decimal	9344930
CIE Lab	62.00, -0.93, -6.88
CIE LCh	62, 6.938, 262.323
Yxy	30.4025, 0.2939, 0.3118
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287535010 (0xFF8E97A2)
YUV	149.5630, 6.1314, -6.6328
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, -3.7165, -2.7423

Details

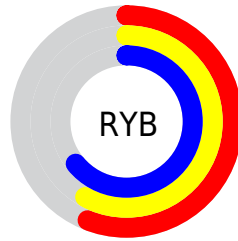
The CIELCh color **62, 6.938, 262.323** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **64, 7.079, 79.054**, and the grayscale version is **62, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82, 7.044, 264.081**, and **42, 6.732, 263.387** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 12.536, 263.891**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 1.329, 261.121**.

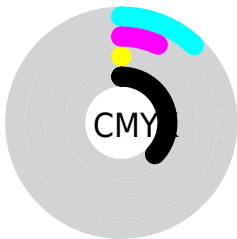
Distribution



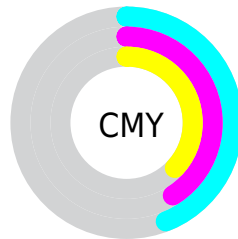
- Red (56%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 6.938, 262.323 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 6.938, 262.323 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 62, 6.938, 262.323

■ 62, 6.938, 262.323

■ 100, 6.938,
262.323

■ 52, 6.938, 262.323

■ 82, 6.938, 262.323

■ 42, 6.938, 262.323

■ 92, 6.938, 262.323

■ 32, 6.938, 262.323

■ 22, 6.938, 262.323

■ 12, 6.938, 262.323

■ 2, 6.938, 262.323

■ 0, 6.938, 262.323

■ 62, 6.938, 262.323

■ 62, 6.938, 262.323

■ 58, 12.536,

■ 66, 1.329, 261.121

263.891

69, 4.274, 79.676

55, 18.114,
265.764

73, 9.860, 78.706

51, 23.662,
267.973

77, 15.416, 77.840

48, 29.181,
270.570

80, 20.933, 77.079

44, 34.688,
273.592

84, 26.403, 76.406

41, 40.217,
277.052

88, 31.806, 75.843

38, 45.824,
280.907

90, 33.897, 84.568

35, 51.564,
285.043

92, 36.680, 92.053

33, 56.082,
288.128

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 6.938, 262.323



64, 7.079, 79.054

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 6.938, 262.323



62, 6.938, 312.323



62, 6.938, 82.323



62, 6.938, 132.323

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 6.937, 262.312



82, 2.772, 261.251



65, 9.237, 164.473



43, 1.965, 261.326



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 6.937, 262.312



77, 10.372, 262.744



60, 11.330, 292.697



33, 3.199, 261.882



29, 51.360, 287.712



2, 5.180, 264.711

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 9.308, 347.465



76, 13.972, 347.748



66, 11.019, 110.385



32, 4.273, 347.171



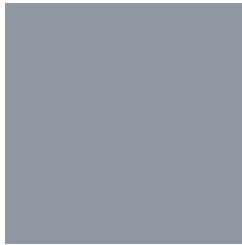
30, 55.541, 5.797



1, 6.390, 348.937

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 6.938, 262.323 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 6.938, 262.323 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

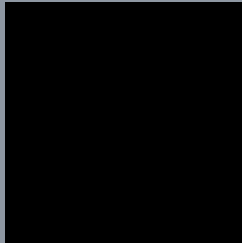
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

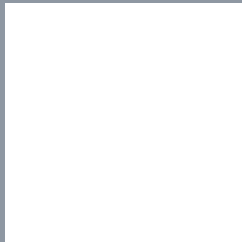
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 6.938, 262.323

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 6.938, 262.323.

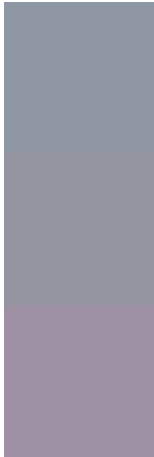


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 6.938, 262.323.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

62, 6.938, 262.323

Protanopia

62, 6.739, 290.924

Deuteranopia

62, 11.293, 316.876



Tritanopia
62, 7.430, 264.508

Trichromacy



Original Color
62, 6.938, 262.323

Protanomaly
62, 6.322, 277.265

Deuteranomaly
62, 9.217, 302.826

Tritanomaly
62, 7.430, 264.508

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 6.938, 262.323

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 2.690, 256.166

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 6.938, 262.323 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 151, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 151, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 151, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 151, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 6.938, 262.323 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 151, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 151, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 151, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 151, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 151, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 151,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 6.938, 262.323 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 151, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
151, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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