

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 62.282, 288.164)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 62.282, 288.164)
contains.

CIELCh(62, 62.321, 288.173)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(62, 62.321, 288.173)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B90FF
RGB	107, 144, 255
RGB Percent	42%, 56%, 100%
CMY	0.5792, 0.4343, 0.0000
CMYK	0.58, 0.43, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	225°, 100%, 71%
HSV	225°, 58%, 100%
XYZ	34.2038, 30.4025, 98.9068
YIQ	145.5910, -57.6830, 26.6770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

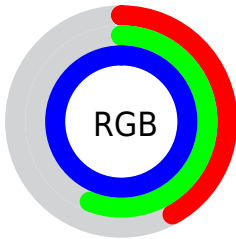
Format	Color
RYB	107, 137, 255
Decimal	7049471
CIELab	62.00, 19.44, -59.21
CIElCh	62, 62.321, 288.173
Yxy	30.4025, 0.2092, 0.1859
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285239551 (0xFF6B90FF)
YUV	145.5910, 53.9386, -33.8443
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, 14.2358, -67.7568

Details

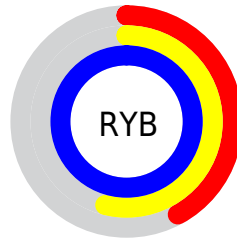
The CIELCh color **62, 62.321, 288.173** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. A complement of this color would be **88, 58.271, 89.815**, and the grayscale version is **60, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79, 31.866, 276.657**, and **42, 62.763, 288.353** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 74.058, 291.077**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 50.665, 285.518**.

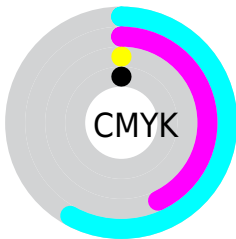
Distribution



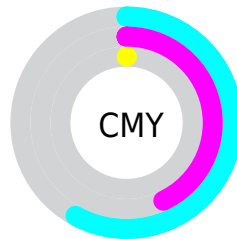
- Red (42%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 62.321, 288.173 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 62.321, 288.173 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 62, 62.321,
288.173


 62, 62.321,
288.173


 100, 62.321,
288.173


 52, 62.321,
288.173


 82, 62.321,
288.173

 42, 62.321,
288.173

 92, 62.321,
288.173

 32, 62.321,
288.173

 22, 62.321,
288.173

 12, 62.321,
288.173

 2, 62.321, 288.173

 0, 62.321, 288.173

■ 62, 62.321,
288.173

■ 62, 62.321,
288.173

■ 56, 74.058,
291.077

■ 68, 50.665,
285.518

■ 50, 86.254,
294.270

■ 75, 39.524,
283.248

■ 45, 98.477,
297.540

■ 82, 28.712,
281.300

■ 40, 110.096,
300.621

■ 88, 18.195,
279.640

■ 39, 112.364,
301.189

■ 95, 7.947, 278.232

100, 0.012,
296.813

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 62.321, 288.173



88, 58.271, 89.815

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 62.321, 288.173



62, 62.321, 338.173



62, 62.321, 108.173



62, 62.321, 158.173

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 62.172, 288.133



89, 17.241, 279.500



92, 49.251, 171.822



46, 11.561, 279.808



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 62.172, 288.133



55, 76.574, 291.725



56, 84.117, 304.657



50, 5.715, 278.438



29, 89.032, 300.674



7, 35.648, 295.881

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 59.996, 8.456



60, 71.244, 12.204



95, 72.556, 115.740



50, 5.536, 0.362



40, 72.619, 25.612



10, 31.699, 15.982

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 62.321, 288.173 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

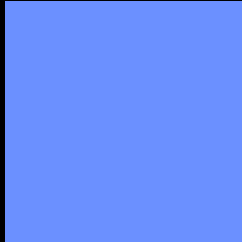
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 62.321, 288.173 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

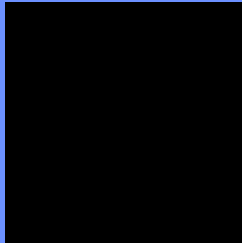
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 62.321, 288.173

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 62.321, 288.173.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 62.321, 288.173.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


62, 62.321, 288.173

Protanopia

62, 61.902, 286.652

Deuteranopia

62, 58.948, 279.214



Tritanopia
62, 26.822, 213.268

Trichromacy



Original Color
62, 62.321, 288.173

Protanomaly
62, 61.848, 287.018

Deuteranomaly
62, 59.623, 281.956

Tritanomaly
62, 32.302, 255.684

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 62.321, 288.173

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 23.389, 281.996

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 62.321, 288.173 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 144, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 144, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 144, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 144, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 62.321, 288.173 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 144, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 144, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 144, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 144, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 144, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 144,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 62.321, 288.173 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 144, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
144, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor