

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 69.209, 196.592)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 69.209, 196.592)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 37.607, 200.761)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	01B2B7
RGB	1, 178, 183
RGB Percent	0%, 70%, 72%
CMY	0.9972, 0.3014, 0.2818
CMYK	1.00, 0.03, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	182°, 99%, 36%
HSV	182°, 100%, 72%
XYZ	24.5171, 35.3238, 50.3993
YIQ	125.6470, -107.0970, -35.9690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

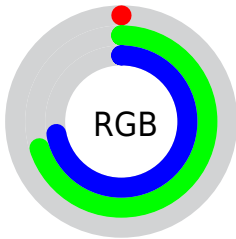
Format	Color
RYB	1, 91, 183
Decimal	111287
CIELab	66.00, -35.17, -13.33
CIELCh	66, 37.607, 200.761
Yxy	35.3238, 0.2224, 0.3204
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278301367 (0xFF01B2B7)
YUV	125.6470, 28.2750, -109.3154
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -30.3760, -8.6736

Details

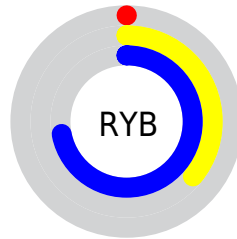
The CIELCh color **66, 37.607, 200.761** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **38, 80.936, 40.171**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 37.405, 201.081**, and **47, 28.890, 202.466** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 37.625, 200.773**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 37.055, 200.426**.

Distribution



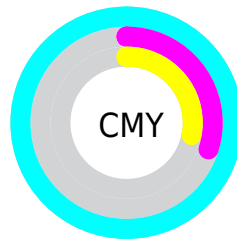
- Red (0%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (28%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (28%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 37.607, 200.761 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 37.607, 200.761 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 66, 37.607,
200.761


 66, 37.607,
200.761


 100, 37.607,
200.761


 56, 37.607,
200.761


 86, 37.607,
200.761

 46, 37.607,
200.761

 96, 37.607,
200.761

 36, 37.607,
200.761

 26, 37.607,
200.761

 16, 37.607,
200.761

 6, 37.607, 200.761

 0, 37.607, 200.761

■ 66, 37.607,
200.761

■ 66, 37.607,
200.761

■ 66, 37.625,
200.773

■ 66, 37.055,
200.426

■ 67, 35.875,
200.188

■ 67, 33.891,
200.066

■ 68, 31.071,
200.055

■ 68, 27.434,
200.148

■ 69, 23.038,
200.336

■ 70, 17.968,
200.611

■ 72, 12.327,

200.964

■ 73, 6.218, 201.405

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 37.607, 200.761



38, 80.936, 40.171

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 37.607, 200.761



66, 37.607, 250.761



66, 37.607, 20.761



66, 37.607, 70.761

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 37.606, 200.760



89, 22.379, 200.584



65, 93.010, 136.168



47, 15.130, 200.461



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 37.606, 200.760



83, 45.639, 200.849



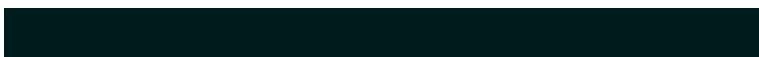
39, 57.953, 285.479



38, 3.674, 201.419



57, 33.366, 200.716



8, 10.067, 201.489

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 88.147, 329.343



56, 107.033, 329.369



50, 65.854, 62.093



36, 6.783, 325.669



36, 78.216, 329.336



3, 18.309, 325.780

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 37.607, 200.761 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 37.607, 200.761 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

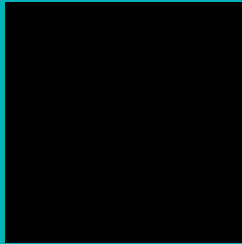
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 37.607, 200.761

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 37.607, 200.761.

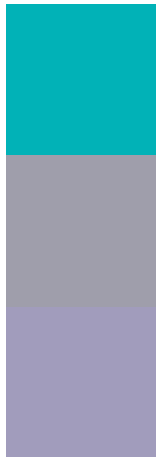


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 37.607, 200.761.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


66, 37.574, 200.768

Protanopia

66, 7.237, 293.868

Deuteranopia

66, 17.905, 297.685

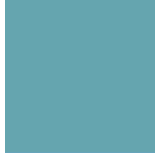


Tritanopia
66, 35.636, 209.482

Trichromacy



Original Color
66, 37.574, 200.768



Protanomaly
64, 21.286, 213.077



Deuteranomaly
64, 22.305, 231.704



Tritanomaly
66, 36.325, 206.434

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 37.574, 200.768



Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
56, 21.551, 200.494

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 37.607, 200.761 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 178, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 178, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 178, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 178, 183) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 37.607, 200.761 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 178, 183) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 178, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 178, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 178, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 178, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 178,  
183) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 37.607, 200.761 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 178, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 178,  
183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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