

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 7.836, 153.132)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 7.836, 153.132) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(62, 7.836, 153.132)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B998F
RGB	139, 153, 143
RGB Percent	55%, 60%, 56%
CMY	0.4536, 0.3987, 0.4379
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.07, 0.40
HSL	137°, 6%, 57%
HSV	137°, 9%, 60%
XYZ	27.1315, 30.4025, 30.5563
YIQ	147.6740, -5.1340, -6.0780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

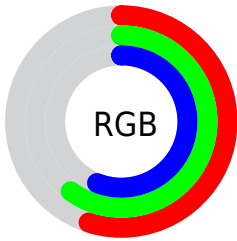
Format	Color
RYB	139, 150, 153
Decimal	9148815
CIELab	62.00, -6.99, 3.54
CIELCh	62, 7.836, 153.132
Yxy	30.4025, 0.3080, 0.3451
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287338895 (0xFF8B998F)
YUV	147.6740, -2.3043, -7.6071
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, -8.6594, 5.7400

Details

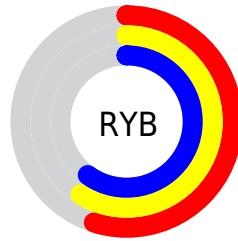
The CIELCh color $62, 7.836, 153.132$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $59, 7.874, 334.277$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $82, 7.399, 153.301$, and $42, 7.712, 153.766$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61, 16.477, 152.344$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 0.745, 333.399$.

Distribution



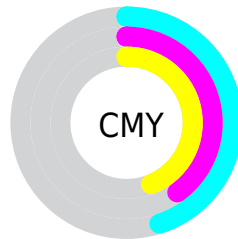
- Red (55%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 7.836, 153.132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 7.836, 153.132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 62, 7.836, 153.132

■ 62, 7.836, 153.132

■ 100, 7.836,
153.132

■ 52, 7.836, 153.132

■ 82, 7.836, 153.132

■ 42, 7.836, 153.132

■ 92, 7.836, 153.132

■ 32, 7.836, 153.132

■ 22, 7.836, 153.132

■ 12, 7.836, 153.132

■ 2, 7.836, 153.132

■ 0, 7.836, 153.132

■ 62, 7.836, 153.132

■ 62, 7.836, 153.132

■ 61, 16.477,

■ 63, 0.745, 333.399

152.344

65, 9.195, 334.330

59, 25.074,
151.459

67, 17.460,
334.870

58, 33.505,
150.444

69, 25.504,
335.344

57, 41.624,
149.280

71, 33.308,
335.769

57, 49.273,
147.948

73, 40.861,
336.152

56, 56.292,
146.442

75, 48.162,
336.501

56, 62.537,
144.768

76, 53.777,
334.605

55, 67.897,
142.958

76, 57.860,
330.581

55, 72.392,
141.158

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 7.836, 153.132



59, 7.874, 334.277

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 7.836, 153.132



62, 7.836, 203.132



62, 7.836, 333.132



62, 7.836, 23.132

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 7.838, 153.130



80, 3.165, 153.619



63, 7.972, 120.657



42, 2.396, 153.547



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 7.838, 153.130



78, 11.680, 152.972



62, 5.601, 181.260



32, 4.841, 153.124



51, 67.906, 141.185



3, 5.237, 153.528

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 7.874, 334.277



74, 11.739, 334.424



59, 5.793, 2.756



30, 4.863, 334.284



31, 59.962, 343.392



1, 5.174, 334.188

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 7.836, 153.132 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

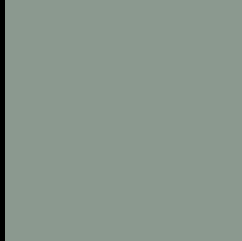
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 7.836, 153.132 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

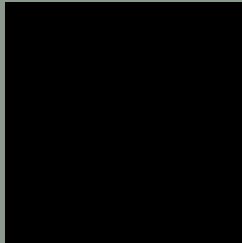
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 7.836, 153.132

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 7.836, 153.132.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 7.836, 153.132.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

62, 7.836, 153.132

Protanopia

62, 4.878, 85.720

Deuteranopia

62, 8.340, 20.170



Tritanopia
62, 7.293, 267.104

Trichromacy



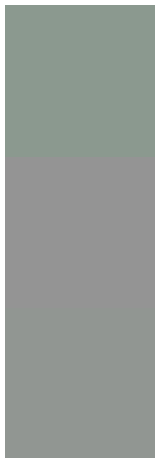
Original Color
62, 7.836, 153.132

Protanomaly
62, 5.094, 118.476

Deuteranomaly
62, 3.852, 54.999

Tritanomaly
62, 4.332, 230.489

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 7.836, 153.132

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 2.975, 150.410

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 7.836, 153.132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 153, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 153, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 153, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 153, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 7.836, 153.132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 153, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 153, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 153, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 153, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 153, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 153,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 7.836, 153.132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 153, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
153, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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