

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 77.254, 142.353)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 77.254, 142.353)
contains.

CIELCh(62, 77.497, 142.282)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(62, 77.497, 142.282)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00AE3A
RGB	0, 174, 58
RGB Percent	0%, 68%, 23%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3193, 0.7741
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.67, 0.32
HSL	140°, 100%, 34%
HSV	140°, 100%, 68%
XYZ	15.7969, 30.4025, 8.9847
YIQ	108.7500, -66.4680, -72.9640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

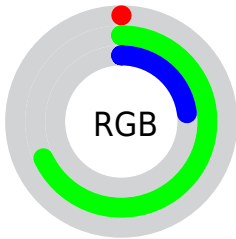
Format	Color
RYB	0, 131, 174
Decimal	44602
CIELab	62.00, -61.30, 47.41
CIELCh	62, 77.497, 142.282
Yxy	30.4025, 0.2863, 0.5509
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278234682 (0xFF00AE3A)
YUV	108.7500, -25.0197, -95.3737
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, -45.3529, 28.9357

Details

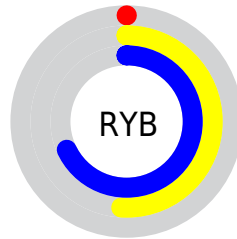
The CIELCh color **62, 77.497, 142.282** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **38, 67.908, 347.182**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82, 77.712, 142.274**, and **43, 68.595, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 77.471, 142.262**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62, 72.695, 144.203**.

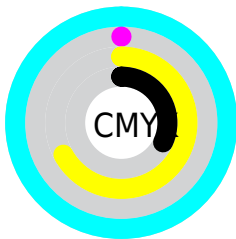
Distribution



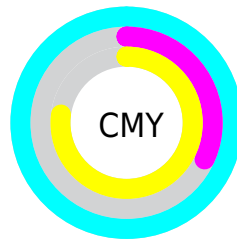
- Red (0%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Black (32%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 77.497, 142.282 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 77.497, 142.282 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 62, 77.497,
142.282


 62, 77.497,
142.282

 100, 77.497,
142.282

 52, 77.497,
142.282

 82, 77.497,
142.282

 42, 77.497,
142.282

 92, 77.497,
142.282

 32, 77.497,
142.282

 22, 77.497,
142.282

 12, 77.497,
142.282

 2, 77.497, 142.282

 0, 77.497, 142.282

■ 62, 77.497,
142.282

■ 62, 77.497,
142.282

■ 62, 77.471,
142.262

■ 62, 72.695,
144.203

■ 63, 67.069,
146.127

■ 63, 60.527,
147.895

■ 64, 53.160,
149.478

■ 64, 45.102,
150.874

■ 65, 36.513,
152.095

■ 67, 27.562,
153.161

■ 68, 18.405,

154.093

■ 69, 9.179, 154.921

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 77.497, 142.282



38, 67.908, 347.182

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 77.497, 142.282



62, 77.497, 192.282



62, 77.497, 322.282



62, 77.497, 12.282

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 77.471, 142.262



84, 33.958, 153.109



65, 76.964, 120.607



44, 23.090, 152.690



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 77.471, 142.262



78, 94.667, 141.883



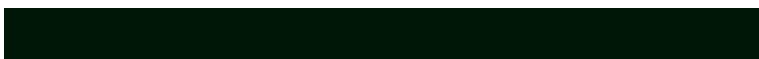
63, 45.572, 172.655



36, 5.190, 154.977



54, 69.327, 142.519



6, 11.448, 153.131

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 67.908, 347.182



50, 81.994, 347.626



36, 70.245, 30.410



34, 5.221, 336.211



33, 61.261, 346.891



2, 10.237, 339.820

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 77.497, 142.282 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 77.497, 142.282 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 77.497, 142.282

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 77.497, 142.282.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 77.497, 142.282.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
62, 77.531, 142.308

Protanopia
62, 52.048, 95.681

Deuteranopia
62, 45.327, 80.210



Tritanopia
62, 27.580, 212.763

Trichromacy



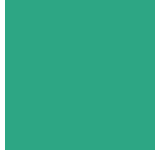
Original Color
62, 77.531, 142.308



Protanomaly
60, 59.025, 126.169



Deuteranomaly
59, 50.057, 122.968



Tritanomaly
61, 41.893, 168.686

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 77.531, 142.308



Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
50, 34.542, 151.364

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 77.497, 142.282 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 174, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 174, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 174, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 174, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 77.497, 142.282 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 174, 58) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 174, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 174, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 174, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 174, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 174, 58)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 77.497, 142.282 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 174, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 174,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor