

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 8.960, 348.107)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(62, 8.960, 348.107) contains.

<b>CIELCh(62, 8.656, 349.123)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(62, 8.656, 349.123)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A49199
RGB	164, 145, 153
RGB Percent	64%, 57%, 60%
CMY	0.3572, 0.4317, 0.4004
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.07, 0.36
HSL	335°, 9%, 61%
HSV	335°, 12%, 64%
XYZ	31.1444, 30.4025, 34.3241
YIQ	151.5930, 8.7560, 6.5160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

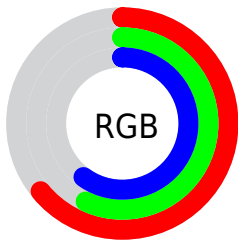
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	164, 145, 153
Decimal	10785177
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	62.00, 8.50, -1.63
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	62, 8.656, 349.123
Yxy	30.4025, 0.3249, 0.3171
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288975257 (0xFFA49199)
YUV	151.5930, 0.6937, 10.8809
Hunter-Lab	55.1385, 4.3315, 1.6885

# Details

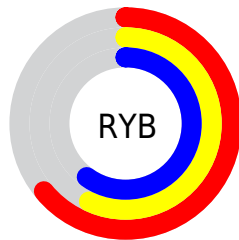
The CIELCh color  $62, 8.656, 349.123$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $66, 8.477, 167.172$ , and the grayscale version is  $63, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $82, 8.495, 350.189$ , and  $42, 8.288, 349.995$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $58, 16.329, 350.154$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $67, 1.172, 347.958$ .

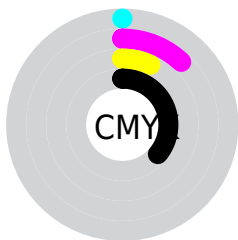
# Distribution



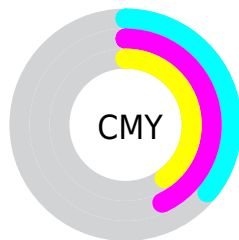
- Red (64%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 8.656, 349.123 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 8.656, 349.123 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



62, 8.656, 349.123

62, 8.656, 349.123

100, 8.656,  
349.123

52, 8.656, 349.123

82, 8.656, 349.123

42, 8.656, 349.123

92, 8.656, 349.123

32, 8.656, 349.123

22, 8.656, 349.123

12, 8.656, 349.123

2, 8.656, 349.123

0, 8.656, 349.123

62, 8.656, 349.123

62, 8.656, 349.123

58, 16.329,

67, 1.172, 347.958

350.154

71, 6.064, 167.535

53, 24.098,  
351.310

76, 13.034,  
166.772

49, 31.800,  
352.650

81, 19.734,  
166.096

45, 39.192,  
354.240

85, 26.174,  
165.478

42, 45.950,  
356.173

90, 32.368,  
164.909

39, 51.699,  
358.576

94, 35.812,  
166.299

37, 56.102, 1.607

94, 33.059,  
173.207

35, 59.001, 5.432

94, 30.795,  
181.206

35, 60.718, 9.131

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 8.656, 349.123



66, 8.477, 167.172

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 8.656, 349.123



62, 8.656, 39.123



62, 8.656, 169.123



62, 8.656, 219.123

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 8.654, 349.128



84, 2.753, 348.236



62, 11.474, 311.840



44, 2.085, 348.338



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 8.654, 349.128



78, 13.047, 349.393



62, 7.063, 25.746



32, 4.195, 348.900



30, 55.572, 8.575



1, 6.283, 350.573





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 8.654, 349.128



78, 13.047, 349.393



66, 6.560, 205.075



32, 4.195, 348.900



30, 55.572, 8.575

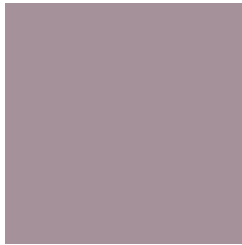


1, 6.283, 350.573



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 8.656, 349.123 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

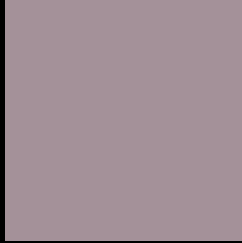
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 62, 8.656, 349.123 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

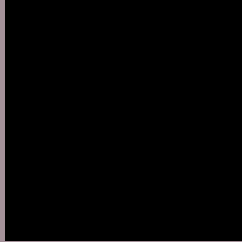
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 62, 8.656, 349.123

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 8.656, 349.123.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 8.656, 349.123.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62, 8.656, 349.123

### Protanopia

62, 3.468, 303.238

### Deuteranopia

62, 8.324, 347.673



**Tritanopia**  
62, 10.266, 339.515



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
62, 8.656, 349.123

**Protanomaly**  
62, 4.586, 332.604

**Deuteranomaly**  
62, 8.324, 347.673

**Tritanomaly**  
62, 9.918, 341.982

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
62, 8.656, 349.123

**Achromatopsia**  
63, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
62, 3.201, 347.957

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 8.656, 349.123 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 145, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 145, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 145, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 145, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 8.656, 349.123 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 145, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 145, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(164, 145, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 145, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 145, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 145,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 8.656, 349.123 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 145, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
145, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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