

Converting Colors

CIELCh(62, 87.243, 48.821)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(62, 87.243, 48.821) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| CIELCh(62, 86.630, 48.840) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 11 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 20 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 23 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 25 |

Color

CIELCh(62, 86.630, 48.840)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | FF631C |
| RGB | 255, 99, 28 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 39%, 11% |
| CMY | 0.0000, 0.6126, 0.8907 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.61, 0.89, 0.00 |
| HSL | 19°, 100%, 55% |
| HSV | 19°, 89%, 100% |
| XYZ | 46.2325, 30.4025, 4.5221 |
| YIQ | 137.5500, 115.7670, 10.9910 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

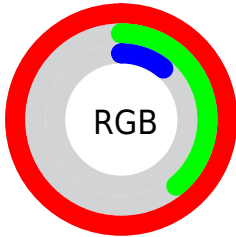
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 255, 131, 28 |
| Decimal | 16737052 |
| CIE Lab | 62.00, 57.02, 65.22 |
| CIE LCh | 62, 86.630, 48.840 |
| Yxy | 30.4025, 0.5697, 0.3746 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294927132 (0xFFFF631C) |
| YUV | 137.5500, -54.0082, 103.0036 |
| Hunter-Lab | 55.1385, 53.1762, 33.7344 |

Details

The CIELCh color **62, 86.630, 48.840** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6600**, and the color name is **brave orange**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **71, 47.251, 253.916**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73, 61.571, 59.432**, and **42, 79.053, 43.958** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59, 93.963, 47.481**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65, 76.092, 49.538**.

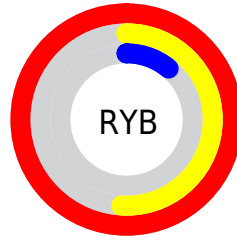
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (39%)

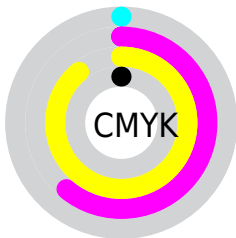
Blue (11%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (11%)

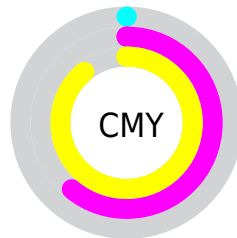


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (89%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (89%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 62, 86.630, 48.840 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 62, 86.630, 48.840 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 62, 86.630, 48.840

 62, 86.630, 48.840

 100, 86.630,
48.840

 52, 86.630, 48.840

 82, 86.630, 48.840

 42, 86.630, 48.840

 92, 86.630, 48.840

 32, 86.630, 48.840

 22, 86.630, 48.840

 12, 86.630, 48.840

 2, 86.630, 48.840

 0, 86.630, 48.840

 62, 86.630, 48.840

 62, 86.630, 48.840

 59, 93.963, 47.481

 65, 76.092, 49.538

59, 94.618, 47.360

69, 64.914, 49.785

73, 53.747, 49.985

77, 43.043, 50.265

81, 32.978, 50.655

86, 23.600, 51.152

91, 14.897, 51.731

96, 6.822, 52.347

100, 0.012,
296.813

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 86.630, 48.840



71, 47.251, 253.916

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 86.630, 48.840



62, 86.630, 98.840



62, 86.630, 228.840



62, 86.630, 278.840

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 86.281, 48.925



87, 21.745, 51.266



58, 91.394, 343.214



45, 14.848, 51.079



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 86.281, 48.925



59, 94.618, 47.360



86, 82.996, 89.225



51, 4.284, 52.321



45, 75.721, 47.945



13, 28.398, 44.760

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 47.251, 253.916



68, 50.477, 259.475



42, 106.680, 300.080



51, 4.074, 233.936



52, 40.284, 258.500



16, 17.496, 251.381

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 86.630, 48.840 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 62, 86.630, 48.840 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 62, 86.630, 48.840

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 86.630, 48.840.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 62, 86.630, 48.840.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

62, 86.212, 48.962

Protanopia

62, 56.417, 95.390

Tritanopia

62, 68.431, 26.011

Trichromacy



Original Color
62, 86.212, 48.962

Protanomaly
60, 61.005, 71.679

Tritanomaly
62, 74.014, 36.799

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 86.212, 48.962

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 30.017, 50.507

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 62, 86.630, 48.840 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 99, 28)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 99, 28)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 99, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 99, 28) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 62, 86.630, 48.840 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 99, 28) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 99, 28) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 99, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 99, 28); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 99, 28);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 99,  
28) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 62, 86.630, 48.840 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 99, 28) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 99,  
28) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor