

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 0.600, 33.978)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 0.600, 33.978) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 0.771, 18.894)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A9898
RGB	154, 152, 152
RGB Percent	60%, 60%, 60%
CMY	0.3961, 0.4040, 0.4040
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.40
HSL	0°, 1%, 60%
HSV	0°, 1%, 60%
XYZ	30.2158, 31.5869, 34.2040
YIQ	152.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	154, 152, 152
Decimal	10131608
CIELab	63.00, 0.73, 0.25
CIElCh	63, 0.771, 18.894
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3147, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288321688 (0xFF9A9898)
YUV	152.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -2.3877, 3.2584

Details

The CIELCh color **63, 0.771, 18.894** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **63, 0.762, 200.044**, and the grayscale version is **63, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 0.729, 18.686**, and **43, 0.831, 19.106** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 6.957, 20.165**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 4.960, 199.188**.

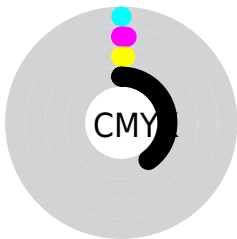
Distribution



- Red (60%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 0.771, 18.894 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 0.771, 18.894 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 0.771, 18.894 ■ 63, 0.771, 18.894

100, 0.771, 18.894 ■ 53, 0.771, 18.894

■ 83, 0.771, 18.894 ■ 43, 0.771, 18.894

■ 93, 0.771, 18.894 ■ 33, 0.771, 18.894

■ 23, 0.771, 18.894

■ 13, 0.771, 18.894

■ 3, 0.771, 18.894

■ 0, 0.771, 18.894

■ 63, 0.771, 18.894 ■ 63, 0.771, 18.894

■ 58, 6.957, 20.165 ■ 68, 4.960, 199.188

54, 13.629, 21.012

72, 10.272,
198.743

50, 20.786, 22.078

77, 15.210,
198.410

46, 28.391, 23.456

42, 36.345, 25.246

82, 19.817,
198.145

39, 44.475, 27.549

86, 24.133,
197.930

36, 52.535, 30.429

34, 60.177, 33.802

91, 28.195,
197.753

32, 66.762, 37.203

94, 30.911,
197.515

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 0.771, 18.894



63, 0.762, 200.044

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 0.771, 18.894



63, 0.771, 68.894



63, 0.771, 198.894



63, 0.771, 248.894

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 0.770, 19.005



81, 0.010, 296.813



63, 1.369, 324.356



43, 0.006, 296.813



91, 0.011, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 0.770, 19.005



80, 1.480, 19.262



63, 0.668, 74.814



32, 0.668, 19.211



28, 66.094, 39.073



1, 3.591, 19.515

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 0.762, 200.044



81, 1.460, 199.788



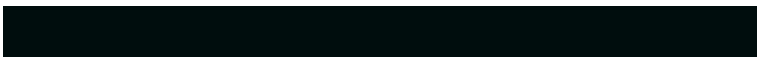
63, 0.678, 256.018



32, 0.660, 199.839



53, 32.059, 196.589



3, 3.590, 199.550

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 0.771, 18.894 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 0.771, 18.894 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

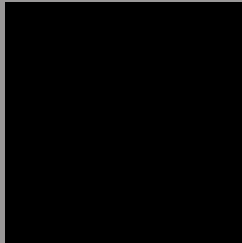
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

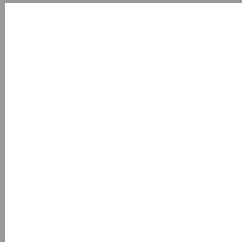
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 0.771, 18.894

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 0.771, 18.894.

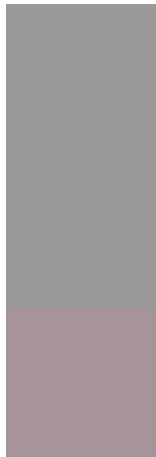


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 0.771, 18.894.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 0.771, 18.894

Protanopia

63, 1.158, 19.125

Deuteranopia

63, 7.927, 359.591



Tritanopia
63, 7.123, 309.376

Trichromacy



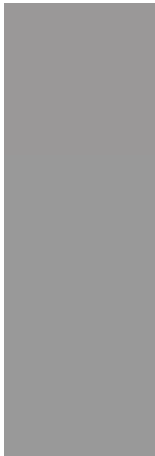
Original Color
63, 0.771, 18.894

Protanomaly
63, 1.158, 19.125

Deuteranomaly
63, 5.533, 356.096

Tritanomaly
63, 4.225, 311.677

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 0.771, 18.894

Achromatopsia
63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 0.008, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 0.771, 18.894 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 152, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 152, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 152, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 152, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 0.771, 18.894 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 152, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 152, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 152, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 152, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 152, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 152,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 0.771, 18.894 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 152, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
152, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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