

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 0.645, 328.869)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 0.645, 328.869) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 0.689, 324.170)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	999899
RGB	153, 152, 153
RGB Percent	60%, 60%, 60%
CMY	0.3995, 0.4034, 0.3995
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	300°, 0%, 60%
HSV	300°, 1%, 60%
XYZ	30.1704, 31.5869, 34.6992
YIQ	152.4130, 0.2750, 0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	153, 152, 153
Decimal	10066073
CIE Lab	63.00, 0.56, -0.40
CIE LCh	63, 0.689, 324.170
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3128, 0.3275
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288256153 (0xFF999899)
YUV	152.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -2.5318, 2.7360

Details

The CIELCh color $63, 0.689, 324.170$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63, 0.673, 144.720$, and the grayscale version is $63, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 0.653, 324.064$, and $43, 0.739, 324.279$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 11.211, 324.991$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67, 9.653, 143.973$.

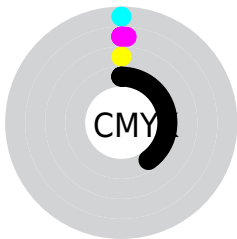
Distribution



- Red (60%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 0.689, 324.170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 0.689, 324.170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 0.689, 324.170

■ 63, 0.689, 324.170

100, 0.689,
324.170

■ 53, 0.689, 324.170

■ 83, 0.689, 324.170

■ 43, 0.689, 324.170

■ 93, 0.689, 324.170

■ 33, 0.689, 324.170

■ 23, 0.689, 324.170

■ 13, 0.689, 324.170

■ 3, 0.689, 324.170

■ 0, 0.689, 324.170

■ 63, 0.689, 324.170

■ 63, 0.689, 324.170

■ 59, 11.211,

■ 67, 9.653, 143.973

324.991

71, 19.742,
143.453

55, 21.811,
325.533

76, 29.544,
142.962

51, 32.324,
326.059

80, 39.044,
142.496

48, 42.518,
326.557

84, 48.239,
142.057

45, 52.089,
327.014

89, 57.135,
141.645

42, 60.672,
327.414

92, 63.343,
141.367

40, 67.874,
327.741

92, 63.343,
141.366

38, 73.357,
327.985

92, 63.343,
141.366

37, 76.931,
328.142

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 0.689, 324.170



63, 0.673, 144.720

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 0.689, 324.170



63, 0.689, 14.170



63, 0.689, 144.170



63, 0.689, 194.170

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 0.687, 324.168



80, 0.010, 296.813



63, 0.556, 289.676



42, 0.006, 296.813



90, 0.011, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 0.687, 324.168



80, 1.301, 324.298



63, 0.488, 342.143



32, 0.594, 324.272



33, 74.069, 328.230



1, 6.386, 324.437

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 0.385, 18.265



80, 0.731, 18.711



63, 0.476, 163.402



32, 0.334, 18.626



28, 66.111, 39.047



1, 3.595, 19.400

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 0.689, 324.170 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 0.689, 324.170 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

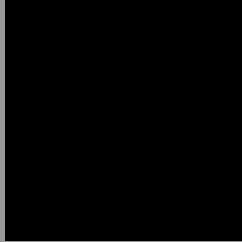
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

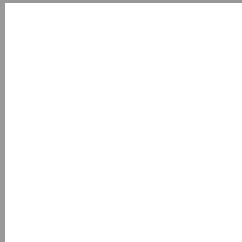
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 0.689, 324.170

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 0.689, 324.170.

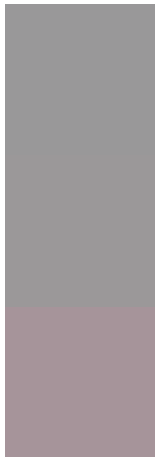


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 0.689, 324.170.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 0.689, 324.170

Protanopia

63, 1.292, 353.565

Deuteranopia

63, 7.771, 354.652



Tritanopia
63, 6.906, 303.440

Trichromacy



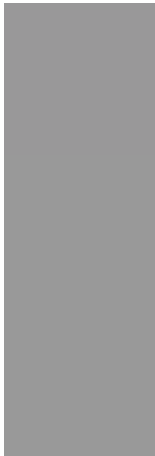
Original Color
63, 0.689, 324.170

Protanomaly
63, 0.961, 343.406

Deuteranomaly
63, 4.823, 352.237

Tritanomaly
63, 4.640, 304.826

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 0.689, 324.170

Achromatopsia
63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 0.008, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 0.689, 324.170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 152, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 152, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 152, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 152, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 0.689, 324.170 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 152, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 152, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 152, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 152, 153); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 152, 153); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 152, 153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 0.689, 324.170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 152, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
152, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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