

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 0.880, 74.875)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 0.880, 74.875) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 0.944, 55.123)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A9897
RGB	154, 152, 151
RGB Percent	60%, 60%, 59%
CMY	0.3958, 0.4037, 0.4076
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.02, 0.40
HSL	20°, 1%, 60%
HSV	20°, 2%, 60%
XYZ	30.1654, 31.5869, 33.8095
YIQ	152.4840, 1.5130, 0.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

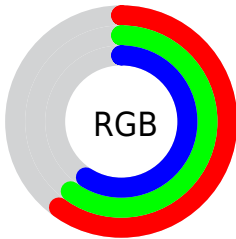
Format	Color
RYB	154, 153, 151
Decimal	10131607
CIELab	63.00, 0.54, 0.77
CIELCh	63, 0.944, 55.123
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3157, 0.3305
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288321687 (0xFF9A9897)
YUV	152.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -2.5476, 3.6746

Details

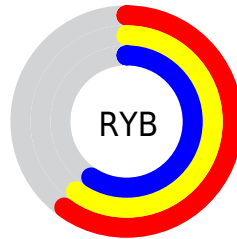
The CIELCh color $63, 0.944, 55.123$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63, 0.943, 236.389$, and the grayscale version is $63, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 0.890, 55.021$, and $43, 1.019, 55.187$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 6.012, 54.827$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66, 3.798, 236.559$.

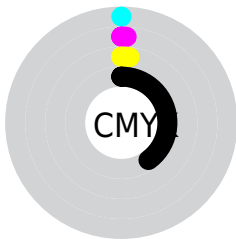
Distribution



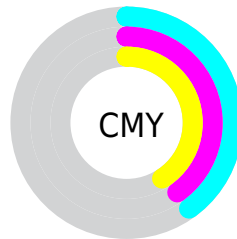
- Red (60%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 0.944, 55.123 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 0.944, 55.123 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 0.944, 55.123

■ 63, 0.944, 55.123

100, 0.944, 55.123

■ 53, 0.944, 55.123

■ 83, 0.944, 55.123

■ 43, 0.944, 55.123

■ 93, 0.944, 55.123

■ 33, 0.944, 55.123

■ 23, 0.944, 55.123

■ 13, 0.944, 55.123

■ 3, 0.944, 55.123

■ 0, 0.944, 55.123

■ 63, 0.944, 55.123

■ 63, 0.944, 55.123

■ 60, 6.012, 54.827

■ 66, 3.798, 236.559

57, 11.442, 54.133

69, 8.250, 237.306

54, 17.268, 53.476

73, 12.447,
238.096

51, 23.515, 52.888

76, 16.419,
238.888

48, 30.186, 52.385

45, 37.242, 51.964

79, 20.194,
239.671

43, 44.561, 51.589

83, 23.797,
240.437

40, 51.848, 51.137

38, 58.472, 50.317

86, 26.157,
237.317

88, 26.266,
222.708

91, 27.906,
209.226

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 0.944, 55.123



63, 0.943, 236.389

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 0.944, 55.123



63, 0.944, 105.123



63, 0.944, 235.123



63, 0.944, 285.123

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 0.944, 55.236



81, 0.599, 54.917



63, 1.622, 335.621



43, 0.343, 54.869



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 0.944, 55.236



80, 1.207, 55.248



63, 1.397, 102.046



32, 0.545, 55.220



33, 58.945, 49.941



2, 2.944, 55.109

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 0.943, 236.389



80, 1.204, 236.378



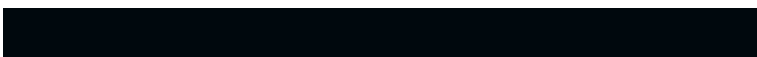
63, 1.416, 282.623



32, 0.544, 236.405



37, 32.832, 260.969



2, 2.948, 237.208

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 0.944, 55.123 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 0.944, 55.123 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

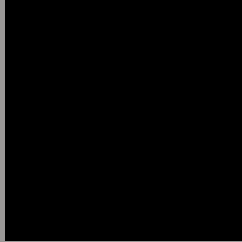
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

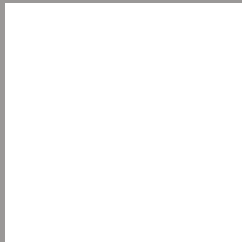
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 0.944, 55.123

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 0.944, 55.123.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 0.944, 55.123.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 0.944, 55.123

Protanopia

63, 1.279, 44.966

Deuteranopia

63, 7.762, 3.462



Tritanopia
63, 7.123, 309.376

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 0.944, 55.123

Protanomaly
63, 1.279, 44.966

Deuteranomaly
63, 5.338, 1.593

Tritanomaly
63, 4.225, 311.677

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 0.944, 55.123

Achromatopsia
63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 0.550, 110.022

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 0.944, 55.123 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 152, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 152, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 152, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 152, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 0.944, 55.123 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 152, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 152, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 152, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 152, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 152, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 152,  
151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 0.944, 55.123 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 152, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
152, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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