

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 1.221, 236.227)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 1.221, 236.227) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 1.267, 225.876)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	96999A
RGB	150, 153, 154
RGB Percent	59%, 60%, 60%
CMY	0.4119, 0.4001, 0.3962
CMYK	0.03, 0.01, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	195°, 2%, 60%
HSV	195°, 3%, 60%
XYZ	29.7897, 31.5869, 35.0864
YIQ	152.2170, -2.1090, -0.3250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	150, 152, 154
Decimal	9869722
CIELab	63.00, -0.88, -0.91
CIELCh	63, 1.267, 225.876
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3088, 0.3275
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288059802 (0xFF96999A)
YUV	152.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -3.7409, 2.3276

Details

The CIELCh color $63, 1.267, 225.876$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63, 1.281, 44.889$, and the grayscale version is $63, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 1.201, 225.956$, and $43, 1.358, 225.828$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61, 6.004, 226.080$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65, 3.667, 44.924$.

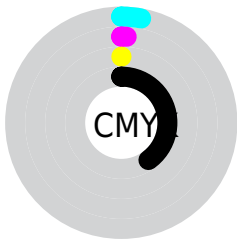
Distribution



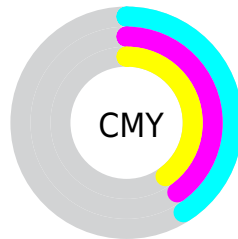
- Red (59%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 1.267, 225.876 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 1.267, 225.876 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 1.267, 225.876

■ 63, 1.267, 225.876

■ 100, 1.267,
225.876

■ 53, 1.267, 225.876

■ 83, 1.267, 225.876

■ 43, 1.267, 225.876

■ 93, 1.267, 225.876

■ 33, 1.267, 225.876

■ 23, 1.267, 225.876

■ 13, 1.267, 225.876

■ 3, 1.267, 225.876

■ 0, 1.267, 225.876

■ 63, 1.267, 225.876

■ 63, 1.267, 225.876

■ 61, 6.004, 226.080

■ 65, 3.667, 44.924

■ 59, 10.489,
226.786

■ 68, 8.752, 44.693

■ 57, 14.661,
227.740

■ 70, 13.947, 44.499

■ 55, 18.456,
228.991

■ 72, 19.220, 44.363

■ 53, 21.812,
230.605

■ 77, 29.896, 44.228

■ 51, 24.679,
232.663

■ 80, 34.196, 44.889

■ 49, 27.034,
235.252

■ 81, 33.695, 48.753

■ 48, 28.889,
238.452

■ 81, 33.356, 52.721

■ 46, 30.311,
242.312

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 1.267, 225.876



63, 1.281, 44.889

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 1.267, 225.876



63, 1.267, 275.876



63, 1.267, 45.876



63, 1.267, 95.876

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 1.267, 225.797



80, 0.605, 226.249



63, 2.309, 151.674



42, 0.343, 226.303



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 1.267, 225.797



79, 1.801, 225.768



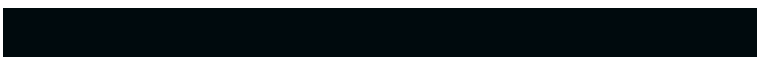
62, 1.692, 276.492



32, 1.094, 225.749



41, 29.131, 244.974



2, 2.970, 226.882

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 2.297, 332.362



79, 3.268, 332.409



63, 1.675, 95.701



32, 1.989, 332.465



31, 61.440, 340.950



1, 5.310, 332.788

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 1.267, 225.876 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 1.267, 225.876 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

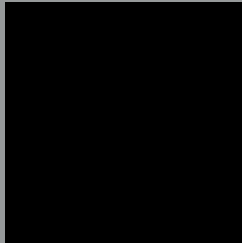
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

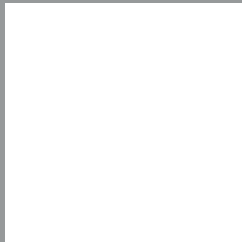
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 1.267, 225.876

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 1.267, 225.876.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 1.267, 225.876.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


63, 1.267, 225.876

Protanopia

63, 1.292, 353.565

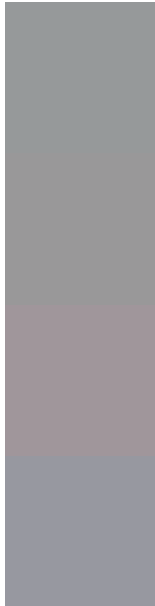
Deuteranopia

63, 8.017, 351.037



Tritanopia
63, 6.723, 290.916

Trichromacy



Original Color

63, 1.267, 225.876

Protanomaly

63, 0.689, 324.170

Deuteranomaly

63, 4.783, 344.083

Tritanomaly

63, 4.489, 285.877

Monochromacy



Original Color

63, 1.267, 225.876

Achromatopsia

63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly

63, 0.679, 256.016

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 1.267, 225.876 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 153, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 153, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 153, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 153, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 1.267, 225.876 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 153, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 153, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 153, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 153, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 153, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 153,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 1.267, 225.876 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 153, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
153, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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