

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 1.462, 255.961)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 1.462, 255.961) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 1.348, 255.952)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97999B
RGB	151, 153, 155
RGB Percent	59%, 60%, 61%
CMY	0.4091, 0.4012, 0.3934
CMYK	0.03, 0.01, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	210°, 2%, 60%
HSV	210°, 3%, 61%
XYZ	29.9360, 31.5869, 35.3929
YIQ	152.6300, -1.8340, 0.1980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

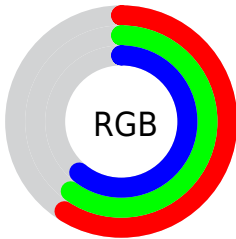
Format	Color
RYB	151, 152, 155
Decimal	9935259
CIELab	63.00, -0.33, -1.31
CIElCh	63, 1.348, 255.952
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3089, 0.3259
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288125339 (0xFF97999B)
YUV	152.6300, 1.1684, -1.4295
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -3.2764, 2.0042

Details

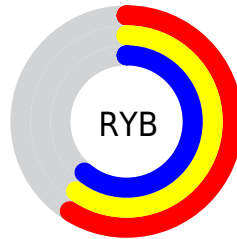
The CIELCh color $63, 1.348, 255.952$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63, 1.344, 74.819$, and the grayscale version is $63, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 1.277, 255.948$, and $43, 1.446, 256.022$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 6.510, 257.033$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66, 3.851, 74.444$.

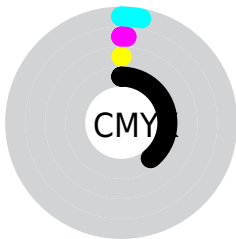
Distribution



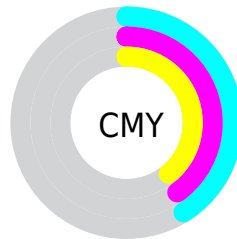
- Red (59%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 1.348, 255.952 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 1.348, 255.952 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 1.348, 255.952

■ 63, 1.348, 255.952

■ 100, 1.348,
255.952

■ 53, 1.348, 255.952

■ 83, 1.348, 255.952

■ 43, 1.348, 255.952

■ 93, 1.348, 255.952

■ 33, 1.348, 255.952

■ 23, 1.348, 255.952

■ 13, 1.348, 255.952

■ 3, 1.348, 255.952

■ 0, 1.348, 255.952

■ 63, 1.348, 255.952

■ 63, 1.348, 255.952

■ 60, 6.510, 257.033

■ 66, 3.851, 74.444

56, 11.618,
258.582

70, 9.066, 73.519

53, 16.652,
260.435

73, 14.282, 72.693

50, 21.595,
262.638

76, 19.487, 71.969

47, 26.440,
265.247

80, 24.668, 71.333

44, 31.194,
268.310

83, 29.818, 70.771

41, 35.888,
271.849

86, 33.894, 72.395

38, 40.579,
275.838

88, 35.350, 79.797

35, 45.340,
280.175

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 1.348, 255.952



63, 1.344, 74.819

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 1.348, 255.952



63, 1.348, 305.952



63, 1.348, 75.952



63, 1.348, 125.952

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 1.347, 255.882



81, 0.651, 256.036



63, 1.924, 162.734



43, 0.373, 256.064



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 1.347, 255.882



80, 1.937, 255.905



62, 2.209, 289.785



32, 1.166, 255.951



30, 45.221, 282.907



2, 3.171, 256.260

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 1.919, 343.646



79, 2.762, 343.711



64, 2.182, 109.240



32, 1.664, 343.787



30, 54.428, 0.902



1, 4.450, 344.066

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 1.348, 255.952 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 1.348, 255.952 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

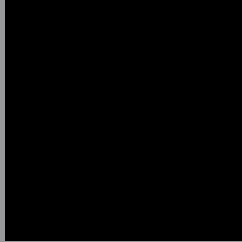
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

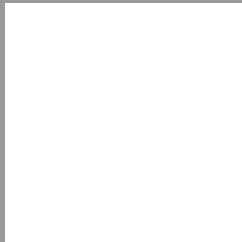
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 1.348, 255.952

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 1.348, 255.952.

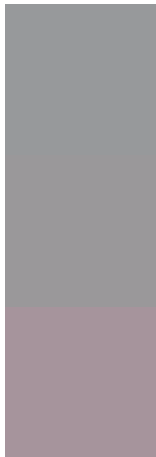


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 1.348, 255.952.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


63, 1.348, 255.952

Protanopia

63, 1.370, 324.357

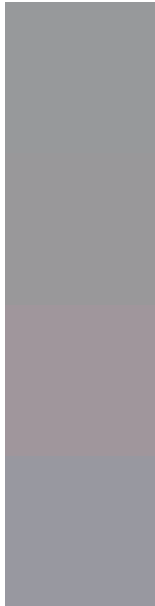
Deuteranopia

63, 8.294, 347.655



Tritanopia
63, 6.739, 294.088

Trichromacy



Original Color

63, 1.348, 255.952

Protanomaly

63, 1.194, 309.042

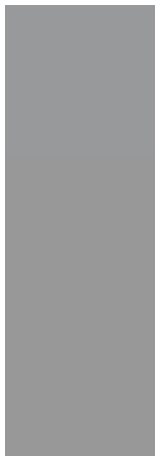
Deuteranomaly

63, 5.128, 339.028

Tritanomaly

63, 4.479, 290.675

Monochromacy



Original Color

63, 1.348, 255.952

Achromatopsia

63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly

63, 0.567, 290.332

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 1.348, 255.952 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 153, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 153, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 153, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 153, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 1.348, 255.952 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 153, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 153, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 153, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 153, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 153, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 153,  
155) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 1.348, 255.952 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 153, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
153, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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